

**Table 1. Number of public libraries, population of legal service area, unduplicated population of legal service area, and state population estimate, by state: Fiscal year 2012**

State	Number of public libraries <sup>1</sup>	Population of legal service area <sup>2</sup>		Unduplicated population of legal service area <sup>3</sup>		State population estimate <sup>4</sup>	
		Total (in thousands)	Response rate <sup>5</sup>	Total (in thousands)	Response rate <sup>5</sup>	Total (in thousands)	Response rate <sup>5</sup>
Total <sup>6</sup>	9,082	307,041	100.0	302,618	100.0	311,741	100.0
Alabama	219	4,713	100.0	4,713	100.0	4,780	100.0
Alaska	77	645	100.0	645	100.0	732	100.0
Arizona	91	6,483	100.0	6,478	100.0	6,499	100.0
Arkansas	56	2,789	100.0	2,642	100.0	2,916	100.0
California	183	37,678	100.0	37,678	100.0	37,679	100.0
Colorado	115	5,094	100.0	5,059	100.0	5,119	100.0
Connecticut	183	4,130	100.0	3,382	100.0	3,574	100.0
Delaware	21	898	100.0	898	100.0	898	100.0
District of Columbia	1	632	100.0	632	100.0	632	100.0
Florida	79	19,338	100.0	19,031	100.0	19,074	100.0
Georgia	61	10,460	100.0	10,460	100.0	10,460	100.0
Hawaii	1	1,375	100.0	1,375	100.0	1,375	100.0
Idaho	101	1,393	100.0	1,386	100.0	1,596	100.0
Illinois	622	11,700	100.0	11,700	100.0	12,831	100.0
Indiana	237	6,218	100.0	6,100	100.0	6,484	100.0
Iowa	533	3,037	100.0	2,988	100.0	3,074	100.0
Kansas	321	2,466	100.0	2,466	100.0	2,871	100.0
Kentucky	119	4,369	100.0	4,369	100.0	4,369	100.0
Louisiana	68	4,624	100.0	4,602	100.0	4,602	100.0
Maine	229	1,267	100.0	1,138	100.0	1,318	100.0
Maryland	24	5,702	100.0	5,699	100.0	5,699	100.0
Massachusetts	359	6,572	100.0	6,572	100.0	6,585	100.0
Michigan	389	9,882	100.0	9,806	100.0	9,884	100.0
Minnesota	138	5,796	100.0	5,332	100.0	5,332	100.0
Mississippi	51	3,003	100.0	2,985	100.0	2,985	100.0
Missouri	147	5,460	100.0	5,460	100.0	6,022	100.0
Montana	82	994	100.0	989	100.0	989	100.0
Nebraska	265	1,452	100.0	1,452	100.0	1,826	100.0
Nevada	22	2,722	100.0	2,722	100.0	2,722	100.0
New Hampshire	218	1,415	100.0	984	100.0	1,316	100.0

See notes at end of table.

**Table 1. Number of public libraries, population of legal service area, unduplicated population of legal service area, and state population estimate, by state: Fiscal year 2012—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries <sup>1</sup>	Population of legal service area <sup>2</sup>		Unduplicated population of legal service area <sup>3</sup>		State population estimate <sup>4</sup>	
		Total (in thousands)	Response rate <sup>5</sup>	Total (in thousands)	Response rate <sup>5</sup>	Total (in thousands)	Response rate <sup>5</sup>
New Jersey	297	9,418	100.0	8,709	100.0	8,792	100.0
New Mexico	85	1,646	100.0	1,646	100.0	2,079	100.0
New York	756	19,515	100.0	19,378	100.0	19,378	100.0
North Carolina	77	9,669	100.0	9,669	100.0	9,669	100.0
North Dakota	75	621	100.0	620	100.0	700	100.0
Ohio	251	11,547	100.0	11,542	100.0	11,542	100.0
Oklahoma	118	3,083	100.0	3,076	100.0	3,815	100.0
Oregon	128	3,694	100.0	3,694	100.0	3,858	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	12,411	100.0	12,411	100.0	12,702	100.0
Rhode Island	48	1,432	100.0	1,051	100.0	1,051	100.0
South Carolina	42	4,652	100.0	4,652	100.0	4,652	100.0
South Dakota	112	1,191	100.0	753	100.0	833	100.0
Tennessee	185	6,231	100.0	6,231	100.0	6,231	100.0
Texas	551	23,487	100.0	23,392	100.0	25,675	100.0
Utah	72	2,815	100.0	2,815	100.0	2,817	100.0
Vermont	163	666	100.0	593	100.0	621	100.0
Virginia	91	7,875	100.0	7,865	100.0	8,186	100.0
Washington	61	6,697	100.0	6,697	100.0	6,818	100.0
West Virginia	97	1,808	100.0	1,808	100.0	1,808	100.0
Wisconsin	382	5,704	100.0	5,704	100.0	5,704	100.0
Wyoming	23	568	100.0	568	100.0	568	100.0
Outlying areas							
Guam	1	159	100.0	159	100.0	159	100.0

<sup>1</sup>A public library is an administrative entity, the agency that is legally established under local or state law to provide public library service to the population of a local jurisdiction. The administrative entity may have a single public library service outlet, or it may have more than one outlet. The types of administrative structures for public libraries are reported in Table 2. See Table 3 for additional information on outlets.

<sup>2</sup>The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. The determination of this figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state available from the State Data Center or other state sources.

<sup>3</sup>This is the total unduplicated population of those areas in the state that receive library services. The determination of this figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state. The population of unserved areas is not included in this figure.

<sup>4</sup>This is the most recent total population figure for the state that matches the local population figures that are submitted to IMLS. The state data coordinator for the state library agency is instructed to obtain the figure annually from the State Data Center or other state sources.

<sup>5</sup>Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

<sup>6</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: A state's total population of legal service area may be larger than the state's total unduplicated population of legal service area or the state population estimate because some public libraries have overlapping service areas. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 1A. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2012**

State	Number of public libraries	Population of legal service area <sup>1</sup>											Response rate <sup>2</sup>
		Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
		Percentage distribution											
Total <sup>3</sup>	9,082	10.9	16.2	13.8	16.5	19.3	10.9	6.2	4.0	1.2	0.6	0.3	100.0
Alabama	219	6.8	16.9	11.4	21.0	25.6	9.1	5.5	2.7	0.9	†	†	100.0
Alaska	77	57.1	11.7	11.7	10.4	2.6	3.9	†	1.3	1.3	†	†	100.0
Arizona	91	11.0	13.2	11.0	18.7	14.3	11.0	6.6	9.9	1.1	2.2	1.1	100.0
Arkansas	56	†	7.1	1.8	8.9	19.6	23.2	26.8	10.7	1.8	†	†	100.0
California	183	0.5	1.6	0.5	1.6	12.6	15.8	25.1	26.8	6.6	4.4	4.4	100.0
Colorado	115	11.3	14.8	14.8	18.3	16.5	8.7	5.2	5.2	2.6	2.6	†	100.0
Connecticut	183	0.5	7.1	10.4	22.4	30.1	16.9	9.8	2.7	†	†	†	100.0
Delaware	21	†	†	†	23.8	38.1	14.3	19.0	†	4.8	†	†	100.0
District of Columbia	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	100.0
Florida	79	†	1.3	3.8	3.8	15.2	10.1	17.7	19.0	16.5	7.6	5.1	100.0
Georgia	61	†	†	†	†	9.8	19.7	23.0	31.1	9.8	4.9	1.6	100.0
Hawaii	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	17.8	21.8	15.8	16.8	12.9	7.9	4.0	3.0	†	†	†	100.0
Illinois	622	7.1	22.5	16.4	15.9	20.4	11.4	4.8	1.3	†	†	0.2	100.0
Indiana	237	3.8	18.6	14.8	15.6	22.8	12.7	6.8	4.2	0.4	0.4	†	100.0
Iowa	533	33.2	30.4	15.4	9.0	7.3	2.6	1.7	0.4	†	†	†	100.0
Kansas	321	42.1	28.0	12.5	7.2	5.9	2.2	0.6	0.9	0.6	†	†	100.0
Kentucky	119	†	0.8	1.7	12.6	48.7	22.7	8.4	3.4	0.8	0.8	†	100.0
Louisiana	68	1.5	1.5	2.9	4.4	33.8	22.1	13.2	14.7	5.9	†	†	100.0
Maine	229	10.5	29.3	24.5	24.0	9.2	2.2	0.4	†	†	†	†	100.0
Maryland	24	†	†	†	†	4.2	29.2	12.5	29.2	4.2	20.8	†	100.0
Massachusetts	359	6.4	11.7	13.1	18.9	30.1	12.8	5.6	1.1	†	0.3	†	100.0
Michigan	389	2.1	6.2	19.0	25.2	23.9	12.3	6.2	4.1	0.8	0.3	†	100.0
Minnesota	138	10.1	21.7	18.1	15.9	13.0	5.1	4.3	7.2	3.6	†	0.7	100.0
Mississippi	51	†	†	2.0	9.8	15.7	35.3	23.5	11.8	2.0	†	†	100.0
Missouri	147	4.1	17.0	13.6	19.0	21.1	11.6	7.5	2.7	2.0	1.4	†	100.0
Montana	82	7.3	25.6	20.7	22.0	14.6	2.4	4.9	2.4	†	†	†	100.0
Nebraska	265	57.0	24.9	6.0	6.0	3.0	1.9	0.4	†	0.8	†	†	100.0
Nevada	22	9.1	9.1	13.6	9.1	13.6	13.6	13.6	4.5	9.1	†	4.5	100.0
New Hampshire	218	11.9	29.4	24.8	18.3	11.0	3.7	0.5	0.5	†	†	†	100.0

See notes at end of table.

**Table 1A. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2012—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries	Population of legal service area <sup>1</sup>											Response rate <sup>2</sup>
		Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
		Percentage distribution											
New Jersey	297	†	4.7	8.1	25.6	32.7	15.2	8.8	3.0	1.7	0.3	†	100.0
New Mexico	85	23.5	15.3	17.6	15.3	15.3	5.9	3.5	2.4	†	1.2	†	100.0
New York	756	8.7	19.3	18.0	18.7	18.8	11.0	3.8	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	100.0
North Carolina	77	†	†	1.3	2.6	7.8	15.6	31.2	32.5	6.5	2.6	†	100.0
North Dakota	75	32.0	36.0	8.0	5.3	8.0	6.7	2.7	1.3	†	†	†	100.0
Ohio	251	1.2	3.2	8.8	21.1	26.3	18.7	11.6	6.4	1.6	1.2	†	100.0
Oklahoma	118	8.5	30.5	20.3	14.4	16.1	4.2	1.7	1.7	0.8	1.7	†	100.0
Oregon	128	13.3	12.5	9.4	18.8	22.7	10.2	7.0	5.5	†	0.8	†	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	1.1	7.0	12.9	21.1	30.9	17.1	6.8	2.2	0.7	†	0.2	100.0
Rhode Island	48	†	2.1	4.2	18.8	39.6	22.9	8.3	4.2	†	†	†	100.0
South Carolina	42	†	†	†	†	11.9	28.6	23.8	21.4	14.3	†	†	100.0
South Dakota	112	30.4	27.7	9.8	9.8	13.4	4.5	†	4.5	†	†	†	100.0
Tennessee	185	4.9	9.2	5.4	21.1	28.6	17.3	8.6	3.2	0.5	1.1	†	100.0
Texas	551	2.4	12.3	17.2	22.0	20.3	13.1	5.3	4.7	1.3	0.7	0.7	100.0
Utah	72	4.2	11.1	16.7	20.8	18.1	18.1	2.8	5.6	1.4	1.4	†	100.0
Vermont	163	14.1	42.3	23.9	11.7	6.7	0.6	0.6	†	†	†	†	100.0
Virginia	91	†	2.2	2.2	5.5	22.0	26.4	19.8	14.3	6.6	†	1.1	100.0
Washington	61	13.1	13.1	6.6	9.8	18.0	9.8	4.9	9.8	8.2	4.9	1.6	100.0
West Virginia	97	1.0	4.1	18.6	28.9	27.8	9.3	9.3	1.0	†	†	†	100.0
Wisconsin	382	6.0	20.2	22.8	19.4	18.8	7.6	3.4	1.3	0.3	0.3	†	100.0
Wyoming	23	†	4.3	4.3	21.7	34.8	26.1	8.7	†	†	†	†	100.0
Outlying areas													
Guam	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	†	†	100.0

† Not applicable.

<sup>1</sup>The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. (See Table 1.)

<sup>2</sup>Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported population of legal service area, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

<sup>3</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 1B. Percentage distribution of population of legal service area of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2012**

State	Number of public libraries	Population of legal service area <sup>1</sup>												Response rate <sup>2</sup>
		Total population (in thousands)	Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
			Percentage distribution											
Total <sup>3</sup>	9,082	307,041	0.2	0.8	1.5	3.5	9.1	11.3	12.8	18.5	12.8	13.5	16.1	100.0
Alabama	219	4,713	0.2	1.3	2.1	6.9	19.1	15.4	19.0	21.0	15.0	†	†	100.0
Alaska	77	645	2.2	2.5	5.1	9.5	4.3	14.6	†	15.5	46.3	†	†	100.0
Arizona	91	6,483	0.1	0.3	0.5	1.9	2.7	5.8	6.4	26.2	6.9	26.5	22.6	100.0
Arkansas	56	2,789	†	0.3	0.1	1.3	7.5	16.8	37.8	25.0	11.2	†	†	100.0
California	183	37,678	#	#	#	0.1	1.0	2.8	8.5	20.3	11.6	16.5	39.4	100.0
Colorado	115	5,094	0.2	0.6	1.2	2.9	5.5	6.8	8.3	21.3	19.1	34.3	†	100.0
Connecticut	183	4,130	#	0.6	1.7	7.6	22.1	24.5	28.3	15.3	†	†	†	100.0
Delaware	21	898	†	†	†	3.8	14.3	9.4	25.5	†	47.0	†	†	100.0
District of Columbia	1	632	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	100.0
Florida	79	19,338	†	#	0.1	0.1	1.0	1.6	5.2	12.6	23.6	23.0	32.9	100.0
Georgia	61	10,460	†	†	†	†	1.1	4.3	10.4	31.0	20.1	22.8	10.2	100.0
Hawaii	1	1,375	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	1,393	0.8	2.6	3.9	8.2	13.0	21.6	19.9	30.1	†	†	†	100.0
Illinois	622	11,700	0.3	2.1	3.2	5.9	17.6	21.0	17.1	9.8	†	†	23.0	100.0
Indiana	237	6,218	0.1	1.2	2.1	4.4	13.7	16.5	18.2	23.9	5.7	14.1	†	100.0
Iowa	533	3,037	3.4	9.0	9.5	11.5	18.4	15.2	21.6	11.4	†	†	†	100.0
Kansas	321	2,466	2.6	6.1	5.5	6.8	11.6	10.4	5.8	18.4	32.8	†	†	100.0
Kentucky	119	4,369	†	0.1	0.2	2.8	22.0	22.6	16.8	11.6	6.9	17.1	†	100.0
Louisiana	68	4,624	#	#	0.2	0.5	8.8	11.8	12.6	33.5	32.5	†	†	100.0
Maine	229	1,267	1.1	8.4	15.9	30.8	27.1	11.4	5.2	†	†	†	†	100.0
Maryland	24	5,702	†	†	†	†	0.4	4.5	4.5	19.9	4.9	65.9	†	100.0
Massachusetts	359	6,572	0.2	1.1	2.6	7.6	26.1	23.5	21.1	8.3	†	9.5	†	100.0
Michigan	389	9,882	0.1	0.5	2.9	7.2	14.3	17.0	17.6	23.0	10.2	7.2	†	100.0
Minnesota	138	5,796	0.2	0.8	1.6	2.7	5.3	4.2	6.9	27.5	30.7	†	20.1	100.0
Mississippi	51	3,003	†	†	0.1	1.4	4.2	21.9	28.3	34.5	9.6	†	†	100.0
Missouri	147	5,460	0.1	0.8	1.4	3.9	9.2	10.4	14.5	12.6	17.5	29.7	†	100.0
Montana	82	994	0.4	3.5	6.6	13.2	16.1	6.0	29.0	25.2	†	†	†	100.0
Nebraska	265	1,452	5.1	7.0	4.1	8.1	9.3	11.7	3.5	†	51.3	†	†	100.0
Nevada	22	2,722	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.4	1.6	4.1	6.1	8.2	25.2	†	53.8	100.0
New Hampshire	218	1,415	1.3	7.8	14.8	19.1	25.4	17.9	6.1	7.7	†	†	†	100.0

See notes at end of table.

**Table 1B. Percentage distribution of population of legal service area of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2012—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries	Total population (in thousands)	Population of legal service area <sup>1</sup>											Response rate <sup>2</sup>
			Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
			Percentage distribution											
New Jersey	297	9,418	†	0.2	1.0	6.0	15.9	16.7	18.7	15.1	20.1	6.1	†	100.0
New Mexico	85	1,646	0.8	1.3	3.2	5.5	11.7	10.6	12.9	14.0	†	40.1	†	100.0
New York	756	19,515	0.2	1.3	2.5	5.1	11.2	14.6	9.8	6.2	2.4	4.7	41.9	100.0
North Carolina	77	9,669	†	†	#	0.2	1.0	5.0	17.5	40.1	16.9	19.3	†	100.0
North Dakota	75	621	2.4	7.6	3.5	4.4	16.0	24.6	24.1	17.3	†	†	†	100.0
Ohio	251	11,547	#	0.1	0.7	3.4	8.8	14.5	16.8	21.4	14.5	19.7	†	100.0
Oklahoma	118	3,083	0.2	1.8	2.7	3.7	10.3	6.8	6.3	13.6	11.7	42.9	†	100.0
Oregon	128	3,694	0.3	0.8	1.1	4.7	14.0	11.2	16.6	31.2	†	20.1	†	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	12,411	#	0.5	1.8	5.5	18.4	21.8	17.6	12.3	9.8	†	12.3	100.0
Rhode Island	48	1,432	†	0.1	0.6	4.8	22.6	24.9	22.1	24.9	†	†	†	100.0
South Carolina	42	4,652	†	†	†	†	1.9	8.6	14.7	31.8	43.0	†	†	100.0
South Dakota	112	1,191	1.6	4.3	3.2	6.2	21.7	11.8	†	51.2	†	†	†	100.0
Tennessee	185	6,231	0.1	0.5	0.6	4.2	13.9	18.0	17.2	14.9	7.0	23.5	†	100.0
Texas	551	23,487	#	0.5	1.5	3.8	7.6	11.1	8.3	16.6	9.6	12.0	28.9	100.0
Utah	72	2,815	0.1	0.5	1.5	4.0	7.9	16.0	5.9	24.2	11.1	28.8	†	100.0
Vermont	163	666	2.7	16.3	20.0	20.0	26.5	6.4	8.2	†	†	†	†	100.0
Virginia	91	7,875	†	0.1	0.1	0.5	4.2	11.1	16.9	27.5	26.2	†	13.5	100.0
Washington	61	6,697	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.7	2.6	3.4	3.1	16.4	25.3	27.7	20.4	100.0
West Virginia	97	1,808	#	0.4	4.1	11.1	22.9	16.8	34.6	10.0	†	†	†	100.0
Wisconsin	382	5,704	0.3	2.4	5.5	9.2	20.9	17.6	15.6	13.5	4.5	10.4	†	100.0
Wyoming	23	568	†	0.4	0.8	7.1	22.1	39.8	29.8	†	†	†	†	100.0
Outlying areas														
Guam	1	159	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	†	†	100.0

† Not applicable.

# Rounds to zero.

<sup>1</sup>The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.

<sup>2</sup>Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported population of legal service area, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

<sup>3</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 2. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal year 2012**

State	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure <sup>1</sup>			Response rate <sup>5</sup>
		Single direct service outlet <sup>2</sup>	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) <sup>3</sup>	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) <sup>4</sup>	
		Percentage distribution			
Total <sup>6</sup>	9,082	81.1	17.6	1.4	100.0
Alabama	219	89.0	9.1	1.8	100.0
Alaska	77	92.2	7.8	0	100.0
Arizona	91	71.4	20.9	7.7	100.0
Arkansas	56	39.3	50.0	10.7	100.0
California	183	32.8	60.1	7.1	100.0
Colorado	115	67.8	30.4	1.7	100.0
Connecticut	183	85.2	14.8	0	100.0
Delaware	21	81.0	9.5	9.5	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0	100.0	0	100.0
Florida	79	36.7	51.9	11.4	100.0
Georgia	61	11.5	88.5	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	78.2	21.8	0	100.0
Illinois	622	90.4	9.5	0.2	100.0
Indiana	237	66.2	32.9	0.8	100.0
Iowa	533	98.1	1.9	0	100.0
Kansas	321	95.6	4.4	0	100.0
Kentucky	119	25.2	74.8	0	100.0
Louisiana	68	16.2	83.8	0	100.0
Maine	229	99.1	0.9	0	100.0
Maryland	24	0	70.8	29.2	100.0
Massachusetts	359	89.4	10.6	0	100.0
Michigan	389	84.3	14.4	1.3	100.0
Minnesota	138	80.4	14.5	5.1	100.0
Mississippi	51	23.5	74.5	2.0	100.0
Missouri	147	66.7	29.3	4.1	100.0
Montana	82	78.0	22.0	0	100.0
Nebraska	265	96.6	3.4	0	100.0
Nevada	22	40.9	54.5	4.5	100.0
New Hampshire	218	97.7	2.3	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

**Table 2. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal year 2012**

—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure <sup>1</sup>			Response rate <sup>5</sup>
		Single direct service outlet <sup>2</sup>	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) <sup>3</sup>	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) <sup>4</sup>	
		Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	297	86.5	13.1	0.3	100.0
New Mexico	85	87.1	12.9	0	100.0
New York	756	93.1	6.9	0	100.0
North Carolina	77	14.3	76.6	9.1	100.0
North Dakota	75	85.3	14.7	0	100.0
Ohio	251	59.4	37.5	3.2	100.0
Oklahoma	118	92.4	5.9	1.7	100.0
Oregon	128	79.7	18.8	1.6	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	87.9	11.6	0.4	100.0
Rhode Island	48	81.3	18.8	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	7.1	85.7	7.1	100.0
South Dakota	112	90.2	8.9	0.9	100.0
Tennessee	185	84.3	15.1	0.5	100.0
Texas	551	87.1	12.3	0.5	100.0
Utah	72	72.2	27.8	0	100.0
Vermont	163	96.3	3.7	0	100.0
Virginia	91	29.7	58.2	12.1	100.0
Washington	61	60.7	26.2	13.1	100.0
West Virginia	97	70.1	29.9	0	100.0
Wisconsin	382	94.2	5.5	0.3	100.0
Wyoming	23	13.0	87.0	0	100.0
Outlying areas					
Guam	1	0	100.0	0	100.0

<sup>1</sup>The administrative structure identifies an autonomous library entity (administrative entity) that has its own governance and funding.

<sup>2</sup>An administrative entity that serves the public directly with one central library, books-by-mail only, or one bookmobile.

<sup>3</sup>An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only.

<sup>4</sup>An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only. The administrative offices are separate from the direct service outlets and do not provide direct library services.

<sup>5</sup>Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported administrative structure, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

<sup>6</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.



**Table 2A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of administrative structure and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2012**

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure <sup>1</sup>		
		Single direct service outlet <sup>2</sup>	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) <sup>3</sup>	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) <sup>4</sup>
		Percentage distribution		
Total <sup>5</sup>	9,082	81.1	17.6	1.4
1,000,000 or more	28	0	64.3	35.7
500,000 to 999,999	56	0	69.6	30.4
250,000 to 499,999	111	1.8	80.2	18.0
100,000 to 249,999	364	10.2	79.1	10.7
50,000 to 99,999	563	33.6	63.1	3.4
25,000 to 49,999	990	64.1	34.7	1.1
10,000 to 24,999	1,750	83.0	16.6	0.3
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	92.3	7.6	0.1
2,500 to 4,999	1,257	97.0	3.0	0
1,000 to 2,499	1,475	98.8	1.2	0
Less than 1,000	987	99.7	0.3	0

<sup>1</sup>The administrative structure identifies an autonomous library entity (administrative entity) that has its own governance and funding.

<sup>2</sup>An administrative entity that serves the public directly with one central library, books-by-mail only or one bookmobile.

<sup>3</sup>An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only.

<sup>4</sup>An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only. The administrative offices are separate from the direct service outlets and do not provide direct library services.

<sup>5</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 2.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 3. Number of public libraries with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2012**

State	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets						
				Stationary outlets				Bookmobiles <sup>1</sup>		
		Branches	Book-mobiles	Total <sup>2</sup>	Central libraries		Branches		Total	Response rate <sup>3</sup>
					Total	Response rate <sup>3</sup>	Total	Response rate <sup>3</sup>		
Total <sup>4</sup>	9,082	1,540	567	16,536	8,895	100.0	7,641	100.0	683	100.0
Alabama	219	21	12	294	218	100.0	76	100.0	15	100.0
Alaska	77	6	1	93	77	100.0	16	100.0	1	100.0
Arizona	91	24	8	219	85	100.0	134	100.0	9	100.0
Arkansas	56	34	1	218	52	100.0	166	100.0	1	100.0
California	183	116	38	1,103	165	100.0	938	100.0	56	100.0
Colorado	115	36	11	251	98	100.0	153	100.0	14	100.0
Connecticut	183	26	5	229	183	100.0	46	100.0	5	100.0
Delaware	21	3	2	32	19	100.0	13	100.0	2	100.0
District of Columbia	1	1	0	25	1	100.0	24	100.0	0	100.0
Florida	79	49	19	527	57	100.0	470	100.0	27	100.0
Georgia	61	54	15	393	61	100.0	332	100.0	16	100.0
Hawaii	1	1	1	50	1	100.0	49	100.0	3	100.0
Idaho	101	17	9	142	98	100.0	44	100.0	10	100.0
Illinois	622	44	22	779	622	100.0	157	100.0	23	100.0
Indiana	237	73	26	434	237	100.0	197	100.0	28	100.0
Iowa	533	9	3	557	533	100.0	24	100.0	3	100.0
Kansas	321	13	1	369	321	100.0	48	100.0	3	100.0
Kentucky	119	36	74	203	119	100.0	84	100.0	75	100.0
Louisiana	68	50	24	338	68	100.0	270	100.0	27	100.0
Maine	229	2	0	235	229	100.0	6	100.0	0	100.0
Maryland	24	24	11	187	14	100.0	173	100.0	18	100.0
Massachusetts	359	36	5	452	359	100.0	93	100.0	5	100.0
Michigan	389	59	9	645	385	100.0	260	100.0	10	100.0
Minnesota	138	24	8	356	128	100.0	228	100.0	9	100.0
Mississippi	51	39	1	236	48	100.0	188	100.0	1	100.0
Missouri	147	46	15	359	135	100.0	224	100.0	26	100.0
Montana	82	16	2	114	82	100.0	32	100.0	2	100.0
Nebraska	265	3	7	284	265	100.0	19	100.0	7	100.0
Nevada	22	13	3	88	19	100.0	69	100.0	3	100.0
New Hampshire	218	5	0	223	218	100.0	5	100.0	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

**Table 3. Number of public libraries with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2012—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets						
				Stationary outlets				Bookmobiles <sup>1</sup>		
		Branches	Bookmobiles	Total <sup>2</sup>	Central libraries		Branches		Total	Response rate <sup>3</sup>
					Total	Response rate <sup>3</sup>	Total	Response rate <sup>3</sup>		
New Jersey	297	37	11	442	297	100.0	145	100.0	11	100.0
New Mexico	85	10	2	111	85	100.0	26	100.0	2	100.0
New York	756	51	3	1,064	755	100.0	309	100.0	6	100.0
North Carolina	77	63	24	384	66	100.0	318	100.0	26	100.0
North Dakota	75	5	11	80	74	100.0	6	100.0	11	100.0
Ohio	251	99	37	712	239	100.0	473	100.0	53	100.0
Oklahoma	118	9	2	212	118	100.0	94	100.0	2	100.0
Oregon	128	24	7	219	123	100.0	96	100.0	7	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	49	22	629	451	100.0	178	100.0	28	100.0
Rhode Island	48	7	2	69	47	100.0	22	100.0	2	100.0
South Carolina	42	34	31	191	40	100.0	151	100.0	31	100.0
South Dakota	112	8	4	146	112	100.0	34	100.0	4	100.0
Tennessee	185	28	3	287	185	100.0	102	100.0	3	100.0
Texas	551	68	8	857	549	100.0	308	100.0	9	100.0
Utah	72	12	16	125	63	100.0	62	100.0	17	100.0
Vermont	163	3	4	165	162	100.0	3	100.0	4	100.0
Virginia	91	63	21	356	81	100.0	275	100.0	24	100.0
Washington	61	23	12	340	52	100.0	288	100.0	29	100.0
West Virginia	97	27	6	175	97	100.0	78	100.0	7	100.0
Wisconsin	382	20	6	461	379	100.0	82	100.0	6	100.0
Wyoming	23	20	2	76	23	100.0	53	100.0	2	100.0
Outlying areas										
Guam	1	1	1	6	1	100.0	5	100.0	1	100.0

<sup>1</sup>A bookmobile is a traveling branch library. It consists of at least one of the following: (1) A truck or van that carries an organized collection of library materials; (2) paid staff; and (3) regularly scheduled hours (bookmobile stops) for being open to the public.

<sup>2</sup>Total stationary outlets is the sum of central and branch libraries.

<sup>3</sup>Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

<sup>4</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. Of the 9,082 public libraries in the 50 States and DC, 7,321 were single-outlet libraries and 1,720 were multiple-outlet libraries. Single-outlet libraries are a central library, bookmobile, or books-by-mail-only outlet. Multiple-outlet libraries have two or more direct service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail-only outlets.

NOTE: Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 3A. Number of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2012**

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets			
		Branches	Book-mobiles <sup>1</sup>	Stationary outlets			Book-mobiles <sup>1</sup>
				Total <sup>2</sup>	Central libraries	Branches	
Total <sup>3</sup>	9,082	1,540	567	16,536	8,895	7,641	683
1,000,000 or more	28	28	14	1,177	18	1,159	39
500,000 to 999,999	56	56	27	1,132	39	1,093	58
250,000 to 499,999	111	109	40	1,216	86	1,130	57
100,000 to 249,999	364	317	110	2,033	308	1,725	136
50,000 to 99,999	563	348	121	1,598	538	1,060	132
25,000 to 49,999	990	307	114	1,728	973	755	116
10,000 to 24,999	1,750	233	91	2,231	1,736	495	93
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	91	35	1,646	1,491	155	37
2,500 to 4,999	1,257	35	9	1,295	1,248	47	9
1,000 to 2,499	1,475	13	6	1,489	1,473	16	6
Less than 1,000	987	3	0	991	985	6	0

<sup>1</sup>A bookmobile is a traveling branch library. It consists of at least one of the following: (1) A truck or van that carries an organized collection of library materials; (2) paid staff; and (3) regularly scheduled hours (bookmobile stops) for being open to the public.

<sup>2</sup>Total stationary outlets is the sum of central and branch libraries.

<sup>3</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. Of the 9,082 public libraries in the 50 States and DC, 7,321 were single-outlet libraries and 1,720 were multiple-outlet libraries. Single-outlet libraries are a central library, bookmobile, or books-by-mail-only outlet. Multiple-outlet libraries have two or more direct service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail-only outlets.

NOTE: The response rates are included in Table 3.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2012**

State	Number of public libraries	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet <sup>1</sup>								Response rate <sup>2</sup>
		Less than 10	10 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 or more	
Percentage distribution										
Total <sup>3</sup>	9,082	1.6	6.6	16.4	22.9	25.7	17.4	8.7	0.9	98.3
Alabama	219	0	4.6	20.1	24.2	36.5	9.6	5.0	0	100.0
Alaska	77	11.7	31.2	14.3	9.1	15.6	13.0	3.9	1.3	100.0
Arizona	91	0	3.3	16.5	28.6	35.2	13.2	3.3	0	90.1
Arkansas	56	0	3.6	14.3	33.9	21.4	12.5	12.5	1.8	87.5
California	183	0	7.7	21.9	24.6	27.3	12.6	6.0	0	98.9
Colorado	115	0.9	6.1	12.2	20.0	25.2	21.7	13.9	0	99.1
Connecticut	183	1.6	2.2	12.0	14.2	35.0	27.3	7.1	0.5	98.4
Delaware	21	0	0	0	9.5	57.1	19.0	14.3	0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0	0	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	100.0
Florida	79	0	1.3	1.3	29.1	35.4	25.3	7.6	0	86.1
Georgia	61	0	1.6	14.8	37.7	36.1	9.8	0	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Idaho	101	0	10.9	28.7	28.7	15.8	13.9	2.0	0	100.0
Illinois	622	0.3	2.3	15.1	19.3	16.9	19.8	23.2	3.2	97.3
Indiana	237	0.8	1.7	7.2	22.4	27.8	24.5	14.8	0.8	100.0
Iowa	533	2.6	8.1	34.3	20.6	18.9	9.8	5.3	0.4	97.7
Kansas	321	2.5	24.0	18.1	15.9	18.4	13.7	6.2	1.2	99.1
Kentucky	119	0.8	1.7	6.7	32.8	34.5	12.6	6.7	4.2	100.0
Louisiana	68	0	1.5	20.6	26.5	32.4	17.6	1.5	0	100.0
Maine	229	8.3	20.1	25.3	21.4	16.2	7.0	1.7	0	97.8
Maryland	24	0	0	4.2	29.2	41.7	16.7	8.3	0	100.0
Massachusetts	359	1.4	11.7	14.8	23.7	27.6	14.2	6.7	0	98.6
Michigan	389	0	1.5	12.6	25.4	28.3	24.2	7.2	0.8	99.2
Minnesota	138	1.4	5.1	17.4	34.1	30.4	10.1	1.4	0	99.3
Mississippi	51	0	2.0	25.5	27.5	37.3	7.8	0	0	100.0
Missouri	147	0	2.0	15.0	19.0	32.7	19.0	10.2	2.0	100.0
Montana	82	0	6.1	18.3	29.3	29.3	13.4	1.2	2.4	100.0
Nebraska	265	14.0	22.6	23.8	17.0	9.1	7.9	5.3	0.4	89.4
Nevada	22	0	9.1	31.8	22.7	27.3	9.1	0	0	100.0
New Hampshire	218	4.6	15.6	20.2	31.7	12.8	11.9	3.2	0	99.1

See notes at end of table.

**Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2012—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet <sup>1</sup>								Response rate <sup>2</sup>
		Less than 10	10 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 or more	
Percentage distribution										
New Jersey	297	0	0	5.1	10.8	23.9	41.4	17.5	1.3	89.6
New Mexico	85	0	2.4	12.9	30.6	32.9	16.5	4.7	0	97.6
New York	756	0	2.9	23.9	18.0	20.2	17.9	15.1	2.0	100.0
North Carolina	77	0	0	7.8	27.3	45.5	14.3	5.2	0	100.0
North Dakota	75	8.0	21.3	26.7	22.7	14.7	1.3	5.3	0	100.0
Ohio	251	0	0	6.8	16.7	29.5	29.1	16.3	1.6	100.0
Oklahoma	118	0	8.5	12.7	22.0	30.5	18.6	6.8	0.8	100.0
Oregon	128	0.8	11.0	18.9	17.3	26.8	19.7	5.5	0	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	0.2	0.9	6.8	26.8	34.0	24.8	5.9	0.7	99.1
Rhode Island	48	0	0	12.5	20.8	27.1	35.4	4.2	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	0	2.4	16.7	31.0	28.6	19.0	2.4	0	100.0
South Dakota	112	4.5	20.5	17.0	21.4	20.5	8.0	8.0	0	99.1
Tennessee	185	0	3.2	11.9	24.3	41.6	12.4	5.9	0.5	100.0
Texas	551	0	4.9	12.0	33.4	32.5	11.3	5.4	0.5	100.0
Utah	72	2.8	13.9	8.3	26.4	18.1	18.1	12.5	0	97.2
Vermont	163	6.7	16.6	34.4	23.9	11.7	6.1	0.6	0	96.9
Virginia	91	0	1.1	4.4	20.9	35.2	28.6	8.8	1.1	100.0
Washington	61	3.3	14.8	11.5	31.1	24.6	13.1	1.6	0	100.0
West Virginia	97	0	0	2.1	44.3	40.2	9.3	4.1	0	100.0
Wisconsin	382	0	1.0	12.8	18.6	27.2	27.5	12.6	0.3	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	8.7	21.7	26.1	34.8	8.7	0	0	100.0
Outlying areas										
Guam	1	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

<sup>1</sup>These data are derived from the total *public service hours per year* and the total outlets (*central, branch, bookmobile, and books-by-mail*) of public libraries.

<sup>2</sup>Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported public service hours, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

<sup>3</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 4A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2012**

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet <sup>1</sup>							
		Less than 10	10 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 or more
Percentage distribution									
Total <sup>2</sup>	9,082	1.6	6.6	16.4	22.9	25.7	17.4	8.7	0.9
1,000,000 or more	28	0	0	0	32.1	53.6	14.3	0	0
500,000 to 999,999	56	0	1.8	1.8	19.6	44.6	28.6	3.6	0
250,000 to 499,999	111	0	0.9	3.6	19.8	37.8	27.0	10.8	0
100,000 to 249,999	364	0	2.5	7.4	25.0	32.7	19.0	11.3	2.2
50,000 to 99,999	563	0	1.2	9.1	19.2	27.5	21.1	18.7	3.2
25,000 to 49,999	990	0	1.1	7.9	14.7	20.9	27.3	25.5	2.6
10,000 to 24,999	1,750	0.1	1.0	4.5	14.1	31.2	31.9	16.3	0.9
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	0.2	2.2	7.3	25.7	36.6	22.5	5.0	0.5
2,500 to 4,999	1,257	0.6	3.2	18.0	34.2	32.2	10.3	1.4	0.2
1,000 to 2,499	1,475	1.8	10.0	36.3	33.7	15.5	2.5	0.1	0.1
Less than 1,000	987	10.2	34.0	37.9	13.2	3.9	0.6	0.2	0

<sup>1</sup>These data are derived from the total *public service hours per year* and the total outlets (*central, branch, bookmobile, and books-by-mail*) of public libraries.

<sup>2</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. The response rates are included in Table 4.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of legal basis and state: Fiscal year 2012**

State	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis <sup>1</sup>								Response rate <sup>10</sup>
		Municipal government <sup>2</sup>	County/parish <sup>3</sup>	City/city <sup>4</sup>	Multi-jurisdictional <sup>5</sup>	Nonprofit association or agency libraries <sup>6</sup>	School district <sup>7</sup>	Library district <sup>8</sup>	Other <sup>9</sup>	
		Percentage distribution								
Total <sup>11</sup>	9,082	53.2	10.0	1.0	3.3	14.0	2.0	15.0	1.5	100.0
Alabama	219	76.3	7.3	0.5	16.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Alaska	77	41.6	19.5	0	9.1	20.8	0	0	9.1	100.0
Arizona	91	51.6	7.7	11.0	0	6.6	0	3.3	19.8	100.0
Arkansas	56	26.8	42.9	1.8	26.8	0	0	0	1.8	100.0
California	183	64.5	24.0	2.2	2.7	0	1.6	4.9	0	100.0
Colorado	115	35.7	10.4	0	6.1	0	0.9	47.0	0	100.0
Connecticut	183	54.6	0	0	0	45.4	0	0	0	100.0
Delaware	21	14.3	28.6	4.8	0	0	0	52.4	0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Florida	79	40.5	40.5	1.3	15.2	0	0	2.5	0	100.0
Georgia	61	0	44.3	0	55.7	0	0	0	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	48.5	0	0	0	0	0	51.5	0	100.0
Illinois	622	48.1	0	0	0	0	0	51.9	0	100.0
Indiana	237	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	0	100.0
Iowa	533	99.1	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0.4	100.0
Kansas	321	91.3	4.4	0	0.9	0	0	2.8	0.6	100.0
Kentucky	119	0	10.9	0	0.8	0	0	88.2	0	100.0
Louisiana	68	5.9	88.2	1.5	2.9	0	1.5	0	0	100.0
Maine	229	39.7	0	0	0	60.3	0	0	0	100.0
Maryland	24	4.2	95.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Massachusetts	359	93.0	0	0	0.3	6.7	0	0	0	100.0
Michigan	389	50.1	4.4	0	0	0	4.6	40.9	0	100.0
Minnesota	138	79.0	9.4	3.6	8.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Mississippi	51	3.9	35.3	25.5	33.3	2.0	0	0	0	100.0
Missouri	147	9.5	0	0	0	0	0	90.5	0	100.0
Montana	82	35.4	34.1	15.9	13.4	0	1.2	0	0	100.0
Nebraska	265	95.8	3.8	0	0.4	0	0	0	0	100.0
Nevada	22	0	54.5	0	0	0	0	40.9	4.5	100.0
New Hampshire	218	96.3	0	0	0	2.8	0.9	0	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.



**Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of legal basis and state: Fiscal year 2012—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis <sup>1</sup>								Response rate <sup>10</sup>
		Municipal government <sup>2</sup>	County/parish <sup>3</sup>	City/city <sup>4</sup>	Multi-jurisdictional <sup>5</sup>	Nonprofit association or agency libraries <sup>6</sup>	School district <sup>7</sup>	Library district <sup>8</sup>	Other <sup>9</sup>	
		Percentage distribution								
New Jersey	297	77.4	4.7	0	2.0	15.8	0	0	0	100.0
New Mexico	85	65.9	1.2	2.4	0	8.2	0	0	22.4	100.0
New York	756	26.1	0.8	0	0	47.0	0.1	25.5	0.5	100.0
North Carolina	77	14.3	59.7	1.3	19.5	2.6	0	0	2.6	100.0
North Dakota	75	64.0	10.7	9.3	16.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Ohio	251	8.8	23.1	0	0	7.6	59.4	0.4	0.8	100.0
Oklahoma	118	88.1	5.1	0.8	5.9	0	0	0	0	100.0
Oregon	128	65.6	10.2	0	0	2.3	3.1	18.8	0	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	0	0	0	0	85.5	0	0	14.5	100.0
Rhode Island	48	50.0	0	0	0	50.0	0	0	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	2.4	92.9	0	4.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
South Dakota	112	69.6	10.7	0.9	13.4	0.9	0	0	4.5	100.0
Tennessee	185	56.2	40.5	3.2	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Texas	551	57.5	19.8	2.0	2.4	15.6	0	2.5	0.2	100.0
Utah	72	62.5	36.1	1.4	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Vermont	163	58.3	0	0	5.5	35.6	0	0.6	0	100.0
Virginia	91	25.3	39.6	1.1	24.2	9.9	0	0	0	100.0
Washington	61	57.4	1.6	0	0	0	0	41.0	0	100.0
West Virginia	97	47.4	34.0	3.1	15.5	0	0	0	0	100.0
Wisconsin	382	89.0	2.1	0.8	6.5	0	0.3	0	1.3	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Outlying areas										
Guam	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

<sup>1</sup>Type of legal basis refers to the type of local government structure within which the library functions.

<sup>2</sup>An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government for a specific concentration of population in a defined area.

<sup>3</sup>An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government.

<sup>4</sup>A multi-jurisdictional entity that is operated jointly by a county and a city.

<sup>5</sup>A public library that is operated jointly by two or more units of local government under an intergovernmental agreement.

<sup>6</sup>A public library that is privately controlled but meets the statutory definition of a public library in a given state.

<sup>7</sup>A public library that is under the legal basis of a school district.

<sup>8</sup>A local entity other than a county, municipality, township, or school district that is authorized by state law to establish and operate a public library.

<sup>9</sup>This includes libraries under the legal basis of Native American Tribal Government and combined public/school libraries.

<sup>10</sup>Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported type of legal basis, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

<sup>11</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 5A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of legal basis and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2012**

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis <sup>1</sup>							
		Municipal government <sup>2</sup>	County/parish <sup>3</sup>	City/county <sup>4</sup>	Multi-jurisdictional <sup>5</sup>	Nonprofit association or agency libraries <sup>6</sup>	School district <sup>7</sup>	Library district <sup>8</sup>	Other <sup>9</sup>
Percentage distribution									
Total <sup>10</sup>	9,082	53.2	10.0	1.0	3.3	14.0	2.0	15.0	1.5
1,000,000 or more	28	25.0	42.9	0	7.1	10.7	0	10.7	3.6
500,000 to 999,999	56	19.6	50.0	8.9	5.4	1.8	0	12.5	1.8
250,000 to 499,999	111	18.0	46.8	1.8	17.1	2.7	0.9	12.6	0
100,000 to 249,999	364	36.0	31.0	2.2	13.7	3.8	0.8	11.5	0.8
50,000 to 99,999	563	41.2	20.1	2.8	9.4	7.5	2.0	15.8	1.2
25,000 to 49,999	990	39.4	17.7	1.3	5.2	11.9	2.2	20.8	1.5
10,000 to 24,999	1,750	46.8	10.9	1.1	1.9	13.9	2.9	20.9	1.5
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	50.6	6.9	0.5	1.7	19.0	3.7	16.4	1.3
2,500 to 4,999	1,257	57.4	4.6	0.6	1.4	18.4	1.8	13.8	1.9
1,000 to 2,499	1,475	64.9	3.5	0.5	1.9	15.7	0.7	11.7	1.2
Less than 1,000	987	79.0	1.2	0	2.1	10.3	0.5	4.6	2.2

<sup>1</sup>Type of legal basis refers to the type of local government structure within which the library functions.

<sup>2</sup>An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government for a specific concentration of population in a defined area.

<sup>3</sup>An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government.

<sup>4</sup>A multi-jurisdictional entity that is operated jointly by a county and a city.

<sup>5</sup>A public library that is operated jointly by two or more units of local government under an intergovernmental agreement.

<sup>6</sup>A public library that is privately controlled but meets the statutory definition of a public library in a given state.

<sup>7</sup>A public library that is under the legal basis of a school district.

<sup>8</sup>A local entity other than a county, municipality, township, or school district that is authorized by state law to establish and operate a public library.

<sup>9</sup>This includes libraries under the legal basis of Native American Tribal Government and combined public/school libraries.

<sup>10</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 5. Data were not imputed for outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of geographic service area and state: Fiscal year 2012**

State	Number of public libraries	Type of geographic service area <sup>1</sup>											Response rate <sup>2</sup>
		Municipal government		County/parish		Metropolitan area		Multicounty		School district		Other	
		Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly		
Percentage distribution													
Total <sup>3</sup>	9,082	35.8	15.7	12.4	5.5	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.5	4.7	0.6	23.3	100.0
Alabama	219	72.1	5.0	12.3	8.7	0	0	0.5	0.9	0	0	0.5	100.0
Alaska	77	76.6	3.9	18.2	0	1.3	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Arizona	91	11.0	44.0	5.5	9.9	6.6	0	0	1.1	0	0	22.0	100.0
Arkansas	56	23.2	1.8	42.9	0	1.8	0	25.0	1.8	0	0	3.6	100.0
California	183	60.7	7.1	15.8	13.1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0.5	1.1	0	100.0
Colorado	115	33.0	1.7	21.7	7.8	0	0	0	0.9	27.8	2.6	4.3	100.0
Connecticut	183	89.6	10.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Delaware	21	90.5	4.8	4.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Florida	79	39.2	1.3	38.0	8.9	0	0	12.7	0	0	0	0	100.0
Georgia	61	0	0	45.9	0	0	0	54.1	0	0	0	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	43.6	0	10.9	0	0	0	0	1.0	13.9	5.0	25.7	100.0
Illinois	622	48.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51.9	100.0
Indiana	237	14.3	0.8	9.7	5.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	70.0	100.0
Iowa	533	0	99.4	0	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Kansas	321	91.6	0	4.4	3.1	0	0	0	0	0.3	0	0.6	100.0
Kentucky	119	0	0	99.2	0	0	0	0.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
Louisiana	68	5.9	0	89.7	0	0	0	1.5	0	0	0	2.9	100.0
Maine	229	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Maryland	24	0	4.2	95.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Massachusetts	359	11.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	88.9	100.0
Michigan	389	24.4	1.3	2.8	2.8	0	0.3	0.3	0	6.4	3.1	58.6	100.0
Minnesota	138	71.7	8.7	11.6	0	0	0	5.1	0.7	0	0	2.2	100.0
Mississippi	51	0	3.9	62.7	0	0	0	31.4	2.0	0	0	0	100.0
Missouri	147	36.1	19.7	26.5	7.5	0	0.7	2.0	6.8	0.7	0	0	100.0
Montana	82	29.3	9.8	41.5	19.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Nebraska	265	88.3	7.9	3.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.4	100.0
Nevada	22	0	0	54.5	0	0	0	4.5	0	0	0	40.9	100.0
New Hampshire	218	99.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.9	0	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

**Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of geographic service area and state: Fiscal year 2012—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries	Type of geographic service area <sup>1</sup>											Response rate <sup>2</sup>
		Municipal government		County/parish		Metropolitan area		Multicounty		School district		Other	
		Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly		
Percentage distribution													
New Jersey	297	95.3	0	4.7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
New Mexico	85	62.4	1.2	5.9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30.6	100.0
New York	756	4.6	0	1.1	0	0	0	0.1	0	23.5	0.1	70.5	100.0
North Carolina	77	13.0	0	54.5	14.3	0	0	14.3	3.9	0	0	0	100.0
North Dakota	75	72.0	0	20.0	0	0	0	6.7	0	0	1.3	0	100.0
Ohio	251	8.4	0.8	22.7	0.8	0	0	0.4	0	57.0	2.4	7.6	100.0
Oklahoma	118	88.1	0	6.8	0	0	0	5.1	0	0	0	0	100.0
Oregon	128	46.9	20.3	18.8	0.8	0	0.8	0	0	3.1	0.8	8.6	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	1.3	3.1	2.6	1.1	0	0	0	0	1.1	0.7	90.1	100.0
Rhode Island	48	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	2.4	0	92.9	0	0	0	4.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
South Dakota	112	38.4	17.9	13.4	8.0	0	1.8	0	2.7	1.8	12.5	3.6	100.0
Tennessee	185	30.3	21.6	34.1	13.5	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Texas	551	35.6	0.2	21.4	38.7	0	0	0.4	0	2.9	0	0.9	100.0
Utah	72	62.5	0	16.7	20.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Vermont	163	84.0	15.3	0	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Virginia	91	25.3	0	41.8	7.7	1.1	1.1	9.9	13.2	0	0	0	100.0
Washington	61	55.7	1.6	6.6	19.7	0	0	0	8.2	1.6	1.6	4.9	100.0
West Virginia	97	0	3.1	37.1	58.8	0	0	1.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Wisconsin	382	0.8	94.8	2.1	2.1	0	0	0	0	0	0.3	0	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Outlying areas													
Guam	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

<sup>1</sup>The types of geographic service areas (Municipal government, County/parish, Metropolitan area, etc.) are from U.S. Census Bureau geography. Public libraries identified the geographic service area type that either exactly or most nearly

described the geographic area for which the public library was established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives income, and any areas under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.

<sup>2</sup>Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported geographic service area, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rate below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed. Data was not imputed for outlying areas.

<sup>3</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 6A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of geographic service area and population of legal service area:  
Fiscal year 2012**

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of geographic service area <sup>1</sup>										Other
		Municipal government		County/parish		Metropolitan area		Multicounty		School district		
		Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	
Percentage distribution												
Total <sup>2</sup>	9,082	35.8	15.7	12.4	5.5	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.5	4.7	0.6	23.3
1,000,000 or more	28	21.4	0	25.0	39.3	3.6	0	3.6	0	0	0	7.1
500,000 to 999,999	56	16.1	3.6	50.0	21.4	0	0	3.6	3.6	0	0	1.8
250,000 to 499,999	111	13.5	2.7	47.7	15.3	0.9	0	9.9	2.7	0.9	0	6.3
100,000 to 249,999	364	28.6	4.1	33.2	11.0	0	0.5	9.6	3.6	1.9	0.8	6.6
50,000 to 99,999	563	33.2	7.3	25.2	7.6	0.5	0.2	6.7	1.6	4.1	0.5	13.0
25,000 to 49,999	990	29.3	8.6	22.0	6.4	0.3	0.2	3.0	0.6	7.8	0.6	21.2
10,000 to 24,999	1,750	30.5	10.9	16.6	5.3	0	0	0.5	0.3	6.9	0.5	28.6
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	32.3	15.5	9.1	6.7	0.1	0.1	0	0.2	6.9	0.7	28.5
2,500 to 4,999	1,257	33.6	20.8	4.9	5.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	3.9	0.2	30.7
1,000 to 2,499	1,475	43.9	22.7	3.7	2.9	0.1	0	0	0	2.0	0.9	23.9
Less than 1,000	987	56.1	26.2	1.4	0.5	0	0	0.1	0	1.4	0.3	13.9

<sup>1</sup>The types of geographic service areas (Municipal government, County/parish, Metropolitan area, etc.) are from U.S. Census Bureau geography. Public libraries identified the geographic service area type that either exactly or most nearly described the geographic area for which the public library was established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives income, and any areas under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.

<sup>2</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 6. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 7. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal year 2012**

State	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship			Response rate <sup>3</sup>
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative <sup>1</sup>	Member of a federation or cooperative <sup>2</sup>	Not a member of a federation or cooperative	
		Percentage distribution			
Total <sup>4</sup>	9,082	1.2	74.7	24.1	100.0
Alabama	219	6.4	63.5	30.1	100.0
Alaska	77	0	0	100.0	100.0
Arizona	91	4.4	44.0	51.6	100.0
Arkansas	56	8.9	0	91.1	100.0
California	183	0	96.7	3.3	100.0
Colorado	115	0	100.0	0	100.0
Connecticut	183	0	96.7	3.3	100.0
Delaware	21	0	0	100.0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0	0	100.0	100.0
Florida	79	10.1	35.4	54.4	100.0
Georgia	61	0	0	100.0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	100.0	0	100.0
Idaho	101	0	56.4	43.6	100.0
Illinois	622	0	99.8	0.2	100.0
Indiana	237	0	98.3	1.7	100.0
Iowa	533	0	100.0	0	100.0
Kansas	321	1.9	93.8	4.4	100.0
Kentucky	119	0	0	100.0	100.0
Louisiana	68	0	0	100.0	100.0
Maine	229	0.9	89.5	9.6	100.0
Maryland	24	0	58.3	41.7	100.0
Massachusetts	359	0	100.0	0	100.0
Michigan	389	0	98.2	1.8	100.0
Minnesota	138	6.5	89.9	3.6	100.0
Mississippi	51	2.0	0	98.0	100.0
Missouri	147	0	53.7	46.3	100.0
Montana	82	7.3	92.7	0	100.0
Nebraska	265	0	100.0	0	100.0
Nevada	22	0	59.1	40.9	100.0
New Hampshire	218	0.5	4.6	95.0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

**Table 7. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal year 2012**

—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship			Response rate <sup>3</sup>
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative <sup>1</sup>	Member of a federation or cooperative <sup>2</sup>	Not a member of a federation or cooperative	
		Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	297	0	96.0	4.0	100.0
New Mexico	85	0	7.1	92.9	100.0
New York	756	0.7	99.1	0.3	100.0
North Carolina	77	1.3	0	98.7	100.0
North Dakota	75	2.7	0	97.3	100.0
Ohio	251	0	74.1	25.9	100.0
Oklahoma	118	6.8	0	93.2	100.0
Oregon	128	4.7	73.4	21.9	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	3.7	67.5	28.7	100.0
Rhode Island	48	4.2	95.8	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	4.8	0	95.2	100.0
South Dakota	112	0.9	0	99.1	100.0
Tennessee	185	0	92.4	7.6	100.0
Texas	551	0	96.2	3.8	100.0
Utah	72	0	0	100.0	100.0
Vermont	163	0.6	0.6	98.8	100.0
Virginia	91	0	0	100.0	100.0
Washington	61	0	0	100.0	100.0
West Virginia	97	11.3	51.5	37.1	100.0
Wisconsin	382	0	100.0	0	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	100.0	0	100.0
Outlying areas					
Guam	1	0	0	100.0	100.0

<sup>1</sup>The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.

<sup>2</sup>An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word “system” in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.

<sup>3</sup>Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported interlibrary relationship, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For

item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

<sup>4</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 7A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of interlibrary relationship and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2012**

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship		
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative <sup>1</sup>	Member of a federation or cooperative <sup>2</sup>	Not a member of a federation or cooperative
		Percentage distribution		
Total <sup>3</sup>	9,082	1.2	74.7	24.1
1,000,000 or more	28	10.7	64.3	25.0
500,000 to 999,999	56	8.9	48.2	42.9
250,000 to 499,999	111	8.1	44.1	47.7
100,000 to 249,999	364	6.3	53.3	40.4
50,000 to 99,999	563	4.3	65.0	30.7
25,000 to 49,999	990	1.4	72.9	25.7
10,000 to 24,999	1,750	1.2	77.4	21.4
5,000 to 9,999	1,501	0.3	80.1	19.6
2,500 to 4,999	1,257	0.5	79.7	19.8
1,000 to 2,499	1,475	0	74.9	25.1
Less than 1,000	987	0.2	75.0	24.8

<sup>1</sup>The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.

<sup>2</sup>An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word "system" in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.

<sup>3</sup>Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 7. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2012. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.