

**Table 1. Number of public libraries, population of legal service area, unduplicated population of legal service area, and state population estimate,
by state: Fiscal year 2011**

State	Number of public libraries ¹	Population of legal service area ²		Unduplicated population of legal service area ³		State population estimate ⁴	
		Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵	Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵	Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵
Total ⁶	8,956	304,283	100.0	299,887	100.0	308,823	100.0
Alabama	212	4,629	100.0	4,629	100.0	4,709	100.0
Alaska	72	718	100.0	718	100.0	722	100.0
Arizona	90	6,431	100.0	6,415	100.0	6,456	100.0
Arkansas	55	2,772	100.0	2,626	100.0	2,916	100.0
California	182	37,510	100.0	37,333	100.0	37,334	100.0
Colorado	114	5,024	100.0	4,965	100.0	5,051	100.0
Connecticut	183	4,130	100.0	3,382	100.0	3,574	100.0
Delaware	21	898	100.0	898	100.0	898	100.0
District of Columbia	1	618	100.0	618	100.0	618	100.0
Florida	77	19,131	100.0	18,873	100.0	18,905	100.0
Georgia	61	10,263	100.0	10,263	100.0	10,263	100.0
Hawaii	1	1,364	100.0	1,364	100.0	1,364	100.0
Idaho	101	1,385	100.0	1,385	100.0	1,585	100.0
Illinois	621	11,700	100.0	11,700	100.0	12,831	100.0
Indiana	238	5,815	100.0	5,693	100.0	6,080	100.0
Iowa	531	3,030	100.0	3,017	100.0	3,046	100.0
Kansas	311	2,442	100.0	2,442	100.0	2,853	100.0
Kentucky	118	4,339	100.0	4,339	100.0	4,339	100.0
Louisiana	68	4,598	100.0	4,575	100.0	4,575	100.0
Maine	214	1,236	100.0	1,142	100.0	1,328	100.0
Maryland	24	5,634	100.0	5,634	100.0	5,634	100.0
Massachusetts	359	6,583	100.0	6,538	100.0	6,548	100.0
Michigan	389	9,914	100.0	9,813	100.0	9,884	100.0
Minnesota	138	5,793	100.0	5,304	100.0	5,304	100.0
Mississippi	50	2,985	100.0	2,967	100.0	2,967	100.0
Missouri	147	5,460	100.0	5,460	100.0	5,989	100.0
Montana	81	994	100.0	989	100.0	989	100.0
Nebraska	216	1,429	100.0	1,429	100.0	1,826	100.0
Nevada	22	2,725	100.0	2,725	100.0	2,725	100.0
New Hampshire	221	1,426	100.0	990	100.0	1,316	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 1. Number of public libraries, population of legal service area, unduplicated population of legal service area, and state population estimate, by state: Fiscal year 2011—Continued

State	Number of public libraries ¹	Population of legal service area ²		Unduplicated population of legal service area ³		State population estimate ⁴	
		Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵	Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵	Total (in thousands)	Response rate ⁵
New Jersey	281	9,191	100.0	8,616	100.0	8,792	100.0
New Mexico	82	1,595	100.0	1,595	100.0	2,066	100.0
New York	756	19,131	100.0	18,977	100.0	18,977	100.0
North Carolina	77	9,586	100.0	9,586	100.0	9,586	100.0
North Dakota	76	603	100.0	603	100.0	684	100.0
Ohio	251	11,540	100.0	11,446	100.0	11,446	100.0
Oklahoma	117	3,076	100.0	3,076	100.0	3,792	100.0
Oregon	126	3,641	100.0	3,641	100.0	3,837	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	12,451	100.0	12,411	100.0	12,702	100.0
Rhode Island	48	1,432	100.0	1,053	100.0	1,053	100.0
South Carolina	42	4,652	100.0	4,652	100.0	4,652	100.0
South Dakota	103	924	100.0	711	100.0	824	100.0
Tennessee	185	6,314	100.0	6,309	100.0	6,309	100.0
Texas	553	23,233	100.0	23,199	100.0	25,146	100.0
Utah	72	2,790	100.0	2,768	100.0	2,776	100.0
Vermont	159	649	100.0	543	100.0	621	100.0
Virginia	91	7,787	100.0	7,762	100.0	8,097	100.0
Washington	61	6,646	100.0	6,646	100.0	6,768	100.0
West Virginia	97	1,808	100.0	1,808	100.0	1,808	100.0
Wisconsin	382	5,694	100.0	5,694	100.0	5,694	100.0
Wyoming	23	564	100.0	564	100.0	564	100.0
Outlying areas							
Guam	1	159	100.0	159	100.0	159	100.0

¹A public library is an administrative entity, the agency that is legally established under local or state law to provide public library service to the population of a local jurisdiction. The administrative entity may have a single public library service outlet, or it may have more than one outlet. The types of administrative structures for public libraries are reported in Table 2. See Table 3 for additional information on outlet

²The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. The determination of this figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state available from the State Data Center or other state sources.

³This is the total unduplicated population of those areas in the state that receive library services. The determination of this figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state. The population of unserved areas is not included in this figure

⁴This is the most recent total population figure for the state that matches the local population figures that are submitted to IMLS. The state data coordinator for the state library agency is instructed to obtain the figure annually from the State Data Center or other state sources.

⁵Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame

⁶Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition

NOTE: A state's total population of legal service area may be larger than the state's total unduplicated population of legal service area or the state population estimate because some public libraries have overlapping service areas. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 1A. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2011

State	Number of public libraries	Population of legal service area ¹											Response rate ²
		Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
		Percentage distribution											
Total ³	8,956	10.2	16.1	14.1	16.7	19.5	11.0	6.3	3.9	1.2	0.6	0.3	100.0
Alabama	212	7.1	13.7	14.2	20.3	25.9	9.4	6.1	2.4	0.9	†	†	100.0
Alaska	72	52.8	13.9	12.5	9.7	4.2	4.2	†	1.4	1.4	†	†	100.0
Arizona	90	10.0	13.3	11.1	18.9	14.4	12.2	5.6	10.0	1.1	2.2	1.1	100.0
Arkansas	55	†	7.3	1.8	9.1	18.2	23.6	27.3	10.9	1.8	†	†	100.0
California	182	0.5	1.6	0.5	1.6	12.6	15.9	25.3	26.4	6.0	4.9	4.4	100.0
Colorado	114	11.4	14.9	14.9	17.5	17.5	7.9	5.3	5.3	2.6	2.6	†	100.0
Connecticut	183	0.5	7.1	10.4	22.4	30.1	16.9	9.8	2.7	†	†	†	100.0
Delaware	21	†	†	†	23.8	38.1	14.3	19.0	†	4.8	†	†	100.0
District of Columbia	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	100.0
Florida	77	†	1.3	2.6	2.6	15.6	11.7	18.2	18.2	16.9	7.8	5.2	100.0
Georgia	61	†	†	†	†	9.8	19.7	23.0	31.1	9.8	4.9	1.6	100.0
Hawaii	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	17.8	21.8	15.8	16.8	12.9	7.9	4.0	3.0	†	†	†	100.0
Illinois	621	6.9	22.5	16.3	16.1	20.5	11.4	4.8	1.3	†	†	0.2	100.0
Indiana	238	3.8	17.6	16.0	18.9	20.2	12.6	6.7	3.4	0.4	0.4	†	100.0
Iowa	531	32.4	31.3	15.4	8.9	7.3	2.6	1.7	0.4	†	†	†	100.0
Kansas	311	39.9	29.3	13.2	7.1	6.1	2.3	0.6	1.0	0.6	†	†	100.0
Kentucky	118	†	0.8	1.7	11.9	49.2	22.9	8.5	3.4	0.8	0.8	†	100.0
Louisiana	68	1.5	1.5	1.5	5.9	33.8	22.1	13.2	14.7	5.9	†	†	100.0
Maine	214	10.7	27.1	23.4	26.2	9.8	2.3	0.5	†	†	†	†	100.0
Maryland	24	†	†	†	†	4.2	29.2	16.7	25.0	4.2	20.8	†	100.0
Massachusetts	359	6.1	11.7	12.5	19.8	30.1	12.8	5.6	1.1	†	0.3	†	100.0
Michigan	389	2.1	6.2	18.8	25.7	23.9	12.1	6.2	4.1	0.8	0.3	†	100.0
Minnesota	138	10.1	21.0	18.8	14.5	14.5	5.1	4.3	7.2	3.6	†	0.7	100.0
Mississippi	50	†	†	2.0	10.0	14.0	32.0	28.0	12.0	2.0	†	†	100.0
Missouri	147	4.1	17.0	13.6	19.0	21.1	11.6	7.5	2.7	2.0	1.4	†	100.0
Montana	81	7.4	25.9	21.0	21.0	14.8	2.5	4.9	2.5	†	†	†	100.0
Nebraska	216	49.1	28.7	7.4	7.4	3.7	2.3	0.5	†	0.9	†	†	100.0
Nevada	22	4.5	13.6	18.2	9.1	9.1	13.6	13.6	4.5	9.1	†	4.5	100.0
New Hampshire	221	12.2	28.5	25.8	18.1	10.9	3.6	0.5	0.5	†	†	†	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 1A. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2011—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Population of legal service area ¹											Response rate ²
		Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
		Percentage distribution											
New Jersey	281	†	3.6	7.1	24.9	34.5	15.7	8.9	3.2	1.8	0.4	†	100.0
New Mexico	82	22.0	17.1	17.1	15.9	14.6	6.1	3.7	2.4	†	1.2	†	100.0
New York	756	8.6	19.6	17.7	18.9	19.0	11.1	3.6	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.4	100.0
North Carolina	77	†	†	1.3	2.6	7.8	15.6	31.2	32.5	6.5	2.6	†	100.0
North Dakota	76	32.9	34.2	9.2	5.3	9.2	5.3	2.6	1.3	†	†	†	100.0
Ohio	251	1.2	3.2	10.0	19.9	26.3	19.1	11.2	6.4	1.6	1.2	†	100.0
Oklahoma	117	9.4	29.1	20.5	14.5	15.4	5.1	1.7	1.7	0.9	1.7	†	100.0
Oregon	126	12.7	12.7	9.5	19.0	22.2	10.3	7.1	5.6	†	0.8	†	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	1.1	7.0	12.7	21.1	30.9	17.3	7.0	2.0	0.7	†	0.2	100.0
Rhode Island	48	†	2.1	4.2	18.8	39.6	22.9	8.3	4.2	†	†	†	100.0
South Carolina	42	†	†	†	†	11.9	28.6	23.8	21.4	14.3	†	†	100.0
South Dakota	103	34.0	25.2	15.5	8.7	10.7	1.9	†	3.9	†	†	†	100.0
Tennessee	185	4.9	8.6	6.5	20.5	28.6	17.8	8.6	2.2	1.1	1.1	†	100.0
Texas	553	2.4	12.5	17.7	21.7	20.3	12.8	5.4	4.7	1.1	0.7	0.7	100.0
Utah	72	4.2	12.5	15.3	19.4	20.8	16.7	2.8	5.6	1.4	1.4	†	100.0
Vermont	159	13.8	41.5	24.5	11.9	6.9	1.3	†	†	†	†	†	100.0
Virginia	91	†	2.2	2.2	5.5	22.0	26.4	19.8	14.3	6.6	†	1.1	100.0
Washington	61	13.1	11.5	6.6	9.8	19.7	9.8	4.9	11.5	6.6	4.9	1.6	100.0
West Virginia	97	1.0	4.1	18.6	28.9	27.8	9.3	9.3	1.0	†	†	†	100.0
Wisconsin	382	6.5	18.8	23.6	19.4	19.1	7.6	3.1	1.3	0.3	0.3	†	100.0
Wyoming	23	†	4.3	4.3	21.7	34.8	26.1	8.7	†	†	†	†	100.0
Outlying areas													
Guam	1	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	†	†	100.0

† Not applicable.

¹The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. (See Table 1.)

²Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported population of legal service area, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

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Table 1B. Percentage distribution of population of legal service area of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2011

State	Number of public libraries	Total population (in thousands)	Population of legal service area ¹											Response rate ²
			Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
			Percentage distribution											
Total ³	8,956	304,283	0.2	0.8	1.5	3.5	9.2	11.4	13.0	18.2	12.6	13.6	16.1	100.0
Alabama	212	4,629	0.2	1.1	2.4	6.6	19.3	15.9	20.6	18.9	15.0	†	†	100.0
Alaska	72	718	1.7	2.4	4.5	7.0	5.2	14.2	†	23.8	41.3	†	†	100.0
Arizona	90	6,431	0.1	0.3	0.5	1.9	2.6	6.6	5.7	26.2	6.9	26.7	22.6	100.0
Arkansas	55	2,772	†	0.3	0.1	1.3	7.0	16.9	38.0	25.2	11.2	†	†	100.0
California	182	37,510	#	#	#	0.1	1.0	2.8	8.5	19.8	10.6	17.9	39.4	100.0
Colorado	114	5,024	0.2	0.6	1.2	2.8	6.1	6.4	8.3	21.4	19.0	34.2	†	100.0
Connecticut	183	4,130	#	0.6	1.7	7.6	22.1	24.5	28.3	15.3	†	†	†	100.0
Delaware	21	898	†	†	†	3.8	14.3	9.4	25.5	†	47.0	†	†	100.0
District of Columbia	1	618	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	100.0
Florida	77	19,131	†	#	#	0.1	1.0	1.8	5.4	12.1	23.7	23.1	32.8	100.0
Georgia	61	10,263	†	†	†	†	1.2	4.3	10.5	30.9	20.0	22.9	10.3	100.0
Hawaii	1	1,364	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	1,385	0.8	2.6	3.9	8.3	13.1	21.5	19.7	30.0	†	†	†	100.0
Illinois	621	11,700	0.3	2.1	3.2	6.0	17.6	21.0	17.1	9.8	†	†	23.0	100.0
Indiana	238	5,815	0.1	1.2	2.4	5.8	13.4	16.8	20.3	19.9	5.7	14.3	†	100.0
Iowa	531	3,030	3.2	9.1	9.5	11.2	18.5	15.4	21.7	11.4	†	†	†	100.0
Kansas	311	2,442	2.4	6.1	5.8	6.6	11.7	10.4	5.7	18.4	32.8	†	†	100.0
Kentucky	118	4,339	†	0.1	0.2	2.6	22.3	22.6	16.8	11.5	6.8	17.1	†	100.0
Louisiana	68	4,598	#	#	0.1	0.6	8.9	11.9	12.6	33.4	32.4	†	†	100.0
Maine	214	1,236	1.1	7.8	14.2	31.9	27.9	11.8	5.4	†	†	†	†	100.0
Maryland	24	5,634	†	†	†	†	0.4	4.5	6.3	18.2	4.9	65.8	†	100.0
Massachusetts	359	6,583	0.2	1.0	2.4	7.9	26.1	23.4	21.0	8.4	†	9.4	†	100.0
Michigan	389	9,914	0.1	0.5	2.8	7.4	14.4	16.6	17.7	23.0	10.4	7.2	†	100.0
Minnesota	138	5,793	0.2	0.8	1.6	2.4	5.7	4.2	6.8	27.6	30.8	†	19.9	100.0
Mississippi	50	2,985	†	†	0.1	1.4	3.6	19.1	32.2	34.1	9.5	†	†	100.0
Missouri	147	5,460	0.1	0.8	1.4	3.9	9.2	10.4	14.5	12.6	17.5	29.7	†	100.0
Montana	81	994	0.4	3.5	6.6	12.5	16.1	6.0	29.7	25.2	†	†	†	100.0
Nebraska	216	1,429	4.1	6.6	4.2	8.3	9.4	11.9	3.5	†	52.1	†	†	100.0
Nevada	22	2,725	#	0.2	0.6	0.6	1.2	4.2	6.2	8.0	25.1	†	53.9	100.0
New Hampshire	221	1,426	1.4	7.6	15.4	18.9	25.2	17.7	6.1	7.7	†	†	†	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 1B. Percentage distribution of population of legal service area of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2011—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total population (in thousands)	Population of legal service area ¹											Response rate ²
			Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more	
			Percentage distribution											
New Jersey	281	9,191	†	0.2	0.9	5.6	16.4	16.8	18.6	15.0	20.2	6.3	†	100.0
New Mexico	82	1,595	0.8	1.6	3.1	6.0	11.4	10.2	13.2	13.6	†	40.1	†	100.0
New York	756	19,131	0.2	1.3	2.5	5.1	11.5	15.1	9.8	5.2	2.4	5.0	41.9	100.0
North Carolina	77	9,586	†	†	#	0.2	1.1	5.0	17.6	40.2	16.9	19.1	†	100.0
North Dakota	76	603	2.5	7.4	4.0	4.4	19.6	19.9	24.6	17.5	†	†	†	100.0
Ohio	251	11,540	#	0.1	0.8	3.2	8.8	14.9	16.4	21.5	14.5	19.7	†	100.0
Oklahoma	117	3,076	0.3	1.7	2.7	3.7	9.4	7.6	6.3	13.6	11.7	43.0	†	100.0
Oregon	126	3,641	0.3	0.8	1.1	4.7	13.5	11.3	16.8	31.2	†	20.2	†	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	12,451	#	0.5	1.8	5.5	18.3	22.1	18.4	11.4	9.9	†	12.3	100.0
Rhode Island	48	1,432	†	0.1	0.6	4.8	22.6	24.9	22.1	24.9	†	†	†	100.0
South Carolina	42	4,652	†	†	†	†	1.9	8.6	14.7	31.8	43.0	†	†	100.0
South Dakota	103	924	2.3	4.3	5.8	6.7	20.8	6.7	†	53.3	†	†	†	100.0
Tennessee	185	6,314	0.1	0.5	0.7	4.0	13.7	18.4	17.7	10.3	11.7	23.0	†	100.0
Texas	553	23,233	#	0.5	1.6	3.8	7.8	11.1	8.9	17.2	8.6	11.6	28.9	100.0
Utah	72	2,790	0.1	0.6	1.4	3.7	9.1	14.9	6.5	24.0	11.0	28.7	†	100.0
Vermont	159	649	2.5	15.9	20.4	20.5	27.2	13.4	†	†	†	†	†	100.0
Virginia	91	7,787	†	0.1	0.1	0.5	4.3	11.3	16.9	27.4	26.0	†	13.4	100.0
Washington	61	6,646	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.7	2.8	3.4	3.1	20.1	21.5	27.7	20.2	100.0
West Virginia	97	1,808	#	0.4	4.1	11.1	22.9	16.8	34.6	10.0	†	†	†	100.0
Wisconsin	382	5,694	0.3	2.2	5.7	9.3	21.2	18.0	14.8	13.5	4.5	10.5	†	100.0
Wyoming	23	564	†	0.4	0.9	7.1	22.2	39.7	29.7	†	†	†	†	100.0
Outlying areas														
Guam	1	159	†	†	†	†	†	†	†	100.0	†	†	†	100.0

† Not applicable.

Rounds to zero.

¹The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.

²Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported population of legal service area, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal year 2011

State	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure ¹			Response rate ⁵
		Single direct service outlet ²	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ³	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ⁴	
		Percentage distribution			
Total ⁶	8,956	80.7	17.9	1.4	100.0
Alabama	212	88.2	9.4	2.4	100.0
Alaska	72	91.7	8.3	0	100.0
Arizona	90	71.1	21.1	7.8	100.0
Arkansas	55	36.4	52.7	10.9	100.0
California	182	31.3	61.5	7.1	100.0
Colorado	114	66.7	31.6	1.8	100.0
Connecticut	183	85.2	14.8	0	100.0
Delaware	21	81.0	9.5	9.5	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0	100.0	0	100.0
Florida	77	35.1	53.2	11.7	100.0
Georgia	61	11.5	88.5	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	78.2	21.8	0	100.0
Illinois	621	90.2	9.7	0.2	100.0
Indiana	238	66.0	33.2	0.8	100.0
Iowa	531	98.3	1.7	0	100.0
Kansas	311	95.2	4.8	0	100.0
Kentucky	118	23.7	76.3	0	100.0
Louisiana	68	16.2	83.8	0	100.0
Maine	214	99.1	0.9	0	100.0
Maryland	24	0	70.8	29.2	100.0
Massachusetts	359	89.4	10.6	0	100.0
Michigan	389	83.8	14.9	1.3	100.0
Minnesota	138	80.4	14.5	5.1	100.0
Mississippi	50	22.0	76.0	2.0	100.0
Missouri	147	66.7	29.3	4.1	100.0
Montana	81	77.8	22.2	0	100.0
Nebraska	216	96.3	3.7	0	100.0
Nevada	22	40.9	54.5	4.5	100.0
New Hampshire	221	97.7	2.3	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal year 2011
—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure ¹			Response rate ⁵
		Single direct service outlet ²	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ³	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ⁴	
		Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	281	85.1	14.6	0.4	100.0
New Mexico	82	87.8	12.2	0	100.0
New York	756	93.0	7.0	0	100.0
North Carolina	77	15.6	75.3	9.1	100.0
North Dakota	76	84.2	15.8	0	100.0
Ohio	251	59.4	37.5	3.2	100.0
Oklahoma	117	92.3	6.0	1.7	100.0
Oregon	126	80.2	18.3	1.6	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	87.3	12.3	0.4	100.0
Rhode Island	48	79.2	20.8	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	7.1	85.7	7.1	100.0
South Dakota	103	88.3	10.7	1.0	100.0
Tennessee	185	83.8	15.7	0.5	100.0
Texas	553	87.5	11.9	0.5	100.0
Utah	72	72.2	27.8	0	100.0
Vermont	159	96.2	3.8	0	100.0
Virginia	91	29.7	58.2	12.1	100.0
Washington	61	62.3	24.6	13.1	100.0
West Virginia	97	72.2	27.8	0	100.0
Wisconsin	382	94.5	5.2	0.3	100.0
Wyoming	23	13.0	87.0	0	100.0
Outlying areas					
Guam	1	0	100.0	0	100.0

¹The administrative structure identifies an autonomous library entity (administrative entity) that has its own governance and funding.

²An administrative entity that serves the public directly with one central library, books-by-mail only, or one bookmobile.

³An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only.

⁴An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only. The administrative offices are separate from the direct service outlets and do not provide direct library services.

⁵Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported administrative structure, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

⁶Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 2A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of administrative structure and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2011

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure ¹		
		Single direct service outlet ²	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ³	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ⁴
		Percentage distribution		
Total ⁵	8,956	80.7	17.9	1.4
1,000,000 or more	28	0	64.3	35.7
500,000 to 999,999	57	0	68.4	31.6
250,000 to 499,999	109	1.8	81.7	16.5
100,000 to 249,999	353	8.8	80.5	10.8
50,000 to 99,999	562	32.4	64.1	3.6
25,000 to 49,999	987	62.9	35.8	1.3
10,000 to 24,999	1,744	82.9	16.8	0.3
5,000 to 9,999	1,493	92.2	7.7	0.1
2,500 to 4,999	1,267	97.2	2.8	0
1,000 to 2,499	1,440	98.8	1.3	0
Less than 1,000	916	99.9	0.1	0

¹The administrative structure identifies an autonomous library entity (administrative entity) that has its own governance and funding.

²An administrative entity that serves the public directly with one central library, books-by-mail only or one bookmobile.

³An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only.

⁴An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only. The administrative offices are separate from the direct service outlets and do not provide direct library services.

⁵Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 2.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 3. Number of public libraries with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2011

State	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets						
		Branches	Book-mobiles	Total ²	Stationary outlets				Bookmobiles ¹	
					Central libraries		Branches		Total	Response rate ³
					Total	Response rate ³	Total	Response rate ³		
Total ⁴	8,956	1,551	581	16,415	8,774	100.0	7,641	100.0	695	100.0
Alabama	212	22	11	289	211	100.0	78	100.0	13	100.0
Alaska	72	6	1	88	72	100.0	16	100.0	1	100.0
Arizona	90	24	9	217	84	100.0	133	100.0	10	100.0
Arkansas	55	35	1	219	53	100.0	166	100.0	1	100.0
California	182	118	40	1,107	166	100.0	941	100.0	58	100.0
Colorado	114	36	11	250	99	100.0	151	100.0	14	100.0
Connecticut	183	26	5	229	183	100.0	46	100.0	5	100.0
Delaware	21	3	2	32	19	100.0	13	100.0	2	100.0
District of Columbia	1	1	0	24	1	100.0	23	100.0	0	100.0
Florida	77	49	19	521	57	100.0	464	100.0	27	100.0
Georgia	61	54	18	400	61	100.0	339	100.0	19	100.0
Hawaii	1	1	1	50	1	100.0	49	100.0	3	100.0
Idaho	101	17	10	141	99	100.0	42	100.0	11	100.0
Illinois	621	46	21	782	621	100.0	161	100.0	23	100.0
Indiana	238	74	24	433	238	100.0	195	100.0	26	100.0
Iowa	531	8	3	553	531	100.0	22	100.0	3	100.0
Kansas	311	13	1	359	311	100.0	48	100.0	3	100.0
Kentucky	118	36	76	202	118	100.0	84	100.0	77	100.0
Louisiana	68	50	24	341	68	100.0	273	100.0	29	100.0
Maine	214	2	0	220	214	100.0	6	100.0	0	100.0
Maryland	24	24	13	185	14	100.0	171	100.0	18	100.0
Massachusetts	359	36	4	453	359	100.0	94	100.0	4	100.0
Michigan	389	61	10	651	385	100.0	266	100.0	10	100.0
Minnesota	138	24	8	358	128	100.0	230	100.0	9	100.0
Mississippi	50	39	1	236	47	100.0	189	100.0	1	100.0
Missouri	147	46	15	358	135	100.0	223	100.0	26	100.0
Montana	81	16	2	111	81	100.0	30	100.0	2	100.0
Nebraska	216	2	7	234	216	100.0	18	100.0	7	100.0
Nevada	22	13	3	88	19	100.0	69	100.0	3	100.0
New Hampshire	221	5	0	226	221	100.0	5	100.0	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 3. Number of public libraries with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2011—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets						
				Stationary outlets				Bookmobiles ¹		
		Branches	Book-mobiles	Total ²	Central libraries		Branches		Total	Response rate ³
					Total	Response rate ³	Total	Response rate ³		
New Jersey	281	36	14	423	281	100.0	142	100.0	14	100.0
New Mexico	82	10	1	107	82	100.0	25	100.0	1	100.0
New York	756	51	3	1,066	755	100.0	311	100.0	6	100.0
North Carolina	77	63	25	385	66	100.0	319	100.0	27	100.0
North Dakota	76	6	11	85	75	100.0	10	100.0	11	100.0
Ohio	251	99	38	715	239	100.0	476	100.0	54	100.0
Oklahoma	117	9	2	208	117	100.0	91	100.0	2	100.0
Oregon	126	23	8	215	121	100.0	94	100.0	8	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	51	22	634	451	100.0	183	100.0	28	100.0
Rhode Island	48	8	2	72	47	100.0	25	100.0	2	100.0
South Carolina	42	34	31	192	42	100.0	150	100.0	31	100.0
South Dakota	103	7	4	124	103	100.0	21	100.0	4	100.0
Tennessee	185	28	3	287	185	100.0	102	100.0	3	100.0
Texas	553	68	7	860	551	100.0	309	100.0	8	100.0
Utah	72	17	16	125	58	100.0	67	100.0	17	100.0
Vermont	159	3	4	161	158	100.0	3	100.0	4	100.0
Virginia	91	63	25	354	80	100.0	274	100.0	30	100.0
Washington	61	22	12	334	52	100.0	282	100.0	26	100.0
West Virginia	97	27	5	175	97	100.0	78	100.0	6	100.0
Wisconsin	382	19	6	460	379	100.0	81	100.0	6	100.0
Wyoming	23	20	2	76	23	100.0	53	100.0	2	100.0
Outlying areas										
Guam	1	1	1	6	1	100.0	5	100.0	1	100.0

¹A bookmobile is a traveling branch library. It consists of at least one of the following: (1) A truck or van that carries an organized collection of library materials; (2) paid staff; and (3) regularly scheduled hours (bookmobile stops) for being open to the public.

²Total stationary outlets is the sum of central and branch libraries.

³Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported the item, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame.

⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. Of the 8,956 public libraries in the 50 States and DC, 7,227 were single-outlet libraries and 1,729 were multiple-outlet libraries. Single-outlet libraries are a central library, bookmobile, or books-by-mail-only outlet. Multiple-outlet libraries have two or more direct service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail-only outlets.

NOTE: Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 3A. Number of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2011

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets			
				Stationary outlets			Bookmobiles ¹
		Branches	Bookmobiles ¹	Total ²	Central libraries	Branches	
Total ³	8,956	1,551	581	16,415	8,774	7,641	695
1,000,000 or more	28	28	14	1,177	19	1,158	35
500,000 to 999,999	57	57	28	1,137	39	1,098	58
250,000 to 499,999	109	107	42	1,175	85	1,090	60
100,000 to 249,999	353	315	115	2,038	304	1,734	140
50,000 to 99,999	562	350	122	1,618	540	1,078	135
25,000 to 49,999	987	318	119	1,739	967	772	122
10,000 to 24,999	1,744	234	96	2,213	1,726	487	98
5,000 to 9,999	1,493	95	31	1,642	1,484	158	33
2,500 to 4,999	1,267	34	8	1,305	1,258	47	8
1,000 to 2,499	1,440	12	6	1,454	1,437	17	6
Less than 1,000	916	1	0	917	915	2	0

¹A bookmobile is a traveling branch library. It consists of at least one of the following: (1) A truck or van that carries an organized collection of library materials; (2) paid staff; and (3) regularly scheduled hours (bookmobile stops) for being open to the public.

²Total stationary outlets is the sum of central and branch libraries.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. Of the 8,956 public libraries in the 50 States and DC, 7,227 were single-outlet libraries and 1,729 were multiple-outlet libraries. Single-outlet libraries are a central library, bookmobile, or books-by-mail-only outlet. Multiple-outlet libraries have two or more direct service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail-only outlets.

NOTE: The response rates are included in Table 3.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2011

State	Number of public libraries	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ¹								Response rate ²
		Less than 10	10 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 or more	
		Percentage distribution								
Total ³	8,956	1.2	6.6	16.3	22.9	25.7	17.6	8.8	0.8	98.7
Alabama	212	0	5.2	17.9	25.5	36.8	10.4	4.2	0	100.0
Alaska	72	13.9	31.9	11.1	8.3	16.7	11.1	5.6	1.4	100.0
Arizona	90	0	4.4	15.6	28.9	33.3	14.4	3.3	0	91.1
Arkansas	55	0	9.1	9.1	38.2	20.0	14.5	9.1	0	90.9
California	182	0	8.8	20.3	27.5	25.3	13.7	4.4	0	98.9
Colorado	114	0	6.1	11.4	21.9	25.4	21.9	13.2	0	99.1
Connecticut	183	1.1	2.2	10.4	15.8	32.8	29.5	8.2	0	96.7
Delaware	21	0	0	4.8	9.5	61.9	14.3	9.5	0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	0	0	100.0
Florida	77	0	1.3	1.3	26.0	36.4	26.0	9.1	0	93.5
Georgia	61	0	0	14.8	42.6	26.2	16.4	0	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Idaho	101	0	10.9	26.7	29.7	17.8	13.9	1.0	0	99.0
Illinois	621	0.2	2.1	14.8	18.8	17.7	20.0	23.7	2.7	99.5
Indiana	238	0.8	1.7	7.1	22.3	26.1	25.6	15.5	0.8	100.0
Iowa	531	2.1	9.6	33.7	19.8	19.4	9.6	5.3	0.6	97.2
Kansas	311	1.6	22.5	19.6	15.8	17.7	14.1	7.7	1.0	100.0
Kentucky	118	0.8	0.8	5.9	33.9	34.7	12.7	6.8	4.2	100.0
Louisiana	68	0	1.5	19.1	23.5	39.7	14.7	1.5	0	100.0
Maine	214	7.0	19.6	23.4	22.0	19.2	7.9	0.9	0	98.6
Maryland	24	0	0	8.3	25.0	33.3	16.7	16.7	0	100.0
Massachusetts	359	1.1	12.0	15.3	25.3	25.6	13.9	6.7	0	99.2
Michigan	389	0	1.8	12.6	24.7	28.3	23.7	8.2	0.8	99.0
Minnesota	138	1.4	6.5	18.1	31.9	29.7	12.3	0	0	100.0
Mississippi	50	0	8.0	18.0	26.0	36.0	12.0	0	0	100.0
Missouri	147	0	2.7	15.0	18.4	32.7	18.4	11.6	1.4	100.0
Montana	81	0	4.9	21.0	28.4	27.2	14.8	1.2	2.5	100.0
Nebraska	216	7.4	19.9	25.9	19.9	8.8	10.6	6.9	0.5	96.8
Nevada	22	0	9.1	31.8	27.3	22.7	9.1	0	0	100.0
New Hampshire	221	4.5	15.4	22.6	28.5	13.1	12.7	2.7	0.5	96.4

See notes at end of table.

Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2011—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ¹								Response rate ²
		Less than 10	10 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 or more	
Percentage distribution										
New Jersey	281	0	0	2.5	11.4	23.8	41.6	19.6	1.1	94.7
New Mexico	82	1.2	1.2	11.0	28.0	36.6	18.3	3.7	0	98.8
New York	756	0	2.8	24.2	18.7	19.7	17.5	15.3	1.9	99.9
North Carolina	77	0	0	5.2	28.6	42.9	18.2	5.2	0	100.0
North Dakota	76	15.8	23.7	26.3	15.8	13.2	0	5.3	0	86.8
Ohio	251	0	0.8	10.4	18.3	29.5	25.9	13.9	1.2	100.0
Oklahoma	117	0	7.7	13.7	22.2	29.9	18.8	6.8	0.9	100.0
Oregon	126	0	8.8	20.0	18.4	27.2	20.0	5.6	0	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	0	0.9	7.2	26.5	33.8	25.2	5.0	1.3	99.1
Rhode Island	48	0	0	12.5	25.0	25.0	33.3	4.2	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	0	0	19.0	21.4	38.1	16.7	4.8	0	100.0
South Dakota	103	2.9	19.4	19.4	21.4	17.5	13.6	4.9	1.0	99.0
Tennessee	185	0	4.3	12.4	22.2	41.6	13.0	6.5	0	100.0
Texas	553	0.2	4.7	12.3	32.7	33.3	11.2	5.2	0.4	99.8
Utah	72	2.8	13.9	8.3	27.8	16.7	18.1	12.5	0	98.6
Vermont	159	5.7	18.9	33.3	22.0	15.1	3.8	1.3	0	95.6
Virginia	91	0	1.1	5.5	22.0	36.3	25.3	9.9	0	100.0
Washington	61	4.9	9.8	9.8	32.8	24.6	16.4	1.6	0	98.4
West Virginia	97	0	0	2.1	40.2	42.3	11.3	4.1	0	100.0
Wisconsin	382	0	1.8	13.6	18.3	27.5	26.2	12.3	0.3	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	8.7	17.4	30.4	34.8	8.7	0	0	100.0
Outlying areas										
Guam	1	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

¹These data are derived from the total *public service hours per year* and the total outlets (*central, branch, bookmobile, and books-by-mail*) of public libraries.

²Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported public service hours, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 4A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2011

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ¹							
		Less than 10	10 to 19	20 to 29	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 to 69	70 or more
		Percentage distribution							
Total ²	8,956	1.2	6.6	16.3	22.9	25.7	17.6	8.8	0.8
1,000,000 or more	28	0	0	0	32.1	50.0	17.9	0	0
500,000 to 999,999	57	0	1.8	1.8	24.6	35.1	33.3	3.5	0
250,000 to 499,999	109	0	0.9	3.7	17.4	36.7	30.3	11.0	0
100,000 to 249,999	353	0	1.7	6.8	26.9	33.7	18.7	10.5	1.7
50,000 to 99,999	562	0	2.0	8.9	20.1	26.7	20.8	19.0	2.5
25,000 to 49,999	987	0	1.3	7.9	15.5	21.1	26.3	25.1	2.7
10,000 to 24,999	1,744	0.1	1.3	5.0	13.0	30.7	32.8	16.2	0.9
5,000 to 9,999	1,493	0.1	2.5	6.7	25.8	36.8	22.2	5.6	0.3
2,500 to 4,999	1,267	0.6	3.6	17.5	34.5	31.8	10.4	1.4	0.1
1,000 to 2,499	1,440	1.9	9.9	36.5	33.5	15.3	2.7	0.1	0.1
Less than 1,000	916	7.8	33.8	40.2	12.8	4.6	0.5	0.2	0.1

¹These data are derived from the total *public service hours per year* and the total outlets (*central, branch, bookmobile, and books-by-mail*) of public libraries.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. The response rates are included in Table 4.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of legal basis and state: Fiscal year 2011

State	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis ¹								Response rate ¹⁰
		Municipal government ²	County/parish ³	City/county ⁴	Multi-jurisdictional ⁵	Nonprofit association or agency libraries ⁶	School district ⁷	Library district ⁸	Other ⁹	
Percentage distribution										
Total ¹¹	8,956	52.9	10.0	1.0	3.4	13.9	2.0	15.3	1.5	100.0
Alabama	212	75.5	7.5	0.5	16.5	0	0	0	0	100.0
Alaska	72	44.4	20.8	0	9.7	12.5	0	0	12.5	100.0
Arizona	90	52.2	6.7	11.1	0	6.7	1.1	3.3	18.9	100.0
Arkansas	55	27.3	43.6	1.8	27.3	0	0	0	0	100.0
California	182	64.3	24.2	2.2	2.7	0	1.6	4.9	0	100.0
Colorado	114	36.0	9.6	0	6.1	0	0.9	47.4	0	100.0
Connecticut	183	54.6	0	0	0	45.4	0	0	0	100.0
Delaware	21	14.3	28.6	4.8	0	0	0	52.4	0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Florida	77	39.0	41.6	1.3	15.6	0	0	2.6	0	100.0
Georgia	61	0	44.3	0	55.7	0	0	0	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	48.5	0	0	0	0	0	51.5	0	100.0
Illinois	621	48.0	0	0	0	0	0	52.0	0	100.0
Indiana	238	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	0	100.0
Iowa	531	99.1	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0.4	100.0
Kansas	311	91.0	4.5	0	1.0	0	0	2.9	0.6	100.0
Kentucky	118	0	10.2	0	0.8	0	0	89.0	0	100.0
Louisiana	68	5.9	88.2	1.5	2.9	0	1.5	0	0	100.0
Maine	214	41.6	0	0	0	58.4	0	0	0	100.0
Maryland	24	4.2	95.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Massachusetts	359	93.0	0	0	0.3	6.7	0	0	0	100.0
Michigan	389	50.6	4.4	0	0	0	4.6	40.4	0	100.0
Minnesota	138	79.0	9.4	3.6	8.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Mississippi	50	4.0	34.0	26.0	34.0	2.0	0	0	0	100.0
Missouri	147	9.5	0	0	0	0	0	90.5	0	100.0
Montana	81	34.6	34.6	16.0	13.6	0	1.2	0	0	100.0
Nebraska	216	96.8	2.8	0	0.5	0	0	0	0	100.0
Nevada	22	0	54.5	0	0	0	0	40.9	4.5	100.0
New Hampshire	221	95.5	0	0	0	3.2	1.4	0	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of legal basis and state: Fiscal year 2011—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis ¹								Response rate ¹⁰
		Municipal government ²	County/parish ³	City/county ⁴	Multi-jurisdictional ⁵	Nonprofit or agency libraries ⁶	School district ⁷	Library district ⁸	Other ⁹	
Percentage distribution										
New Jersey	281	80.4	5.0	0	2.1	12.5	0	0	0	100.0
New Mexico	82	67.1	1.2	2.4	0	7.3	0	0	22.0	100.0
New York	756	26.1	0.8	0	0	47.0	0.1	25.5	0.5	100.0
North Carolina	77	14.3	59.7	1.3	19.5	2.6	0	0	2.6	100.0
North Dakota	76	64.5	10.5	9.2	15.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
Ohio	251	8.8	23.1	0	0	7.6	59.4	0.4	0.8	100.0
Oklahoma	117	88.0	5.1	0.9	6.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Oregon	126	58.7	10.3	0	0	2.4	2.4	26.2	0	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	0	0	0	0	85.5	0	0	14.5	100.0
Rhode Island	48	50.0	0	0	0	50.0	0	0	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	2.4	92.9	0	4.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
South Dakota	103	71.8	11.7	1.0	12.6	1.0	0	0	1.9	100.0
Tennessee	185	55.7	40.5	3.8	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Texas	553	57.3	19.7	2.0	2.4	15.7	0	2.5	0.4	100.0
Utah	72	62.5	36.1	1.4	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Vermont	159	57.9	0	0	5.7	35.8	0	0.6	0	100.0
Virginia	91	25.3	39.6	1.1	24.2	9.9	0	0	0	100.0
Washington	61	57.4	1.6	0	0	0	0	41.0	0	100.0
West Virginia	97	47.4	34.0	3.1	15.5	0	0	0	0	100.0
Wisconsin	382	89.0	2.1	0.8	6.5	0	0.3	0	1.3	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Outlying areas										
Guam	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

¹Type of legal basis refers to the type of local government structure within which the library functions.

²An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government for a specific concentration of population in a defined area.

³An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government.

⁴A multi-jurisdictional entity that is operated jointly by a county and a city.

⁵A public library that is operated jointly by two or more units of local government under an intergovernmental agreement.

⁶A public library that is privately controlled but meets the statutory definition of a public library in a given state.

⁷A public library that is under the legal basis of a school district.

⁸A local entity other than a county, municipality, township, or school district that is authorized by state law to establish and operate a public library.

⁹This includes libraries under the legal basis of Native American Tribal Government and combined public/school libraries.

¹⁰Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported type of legal basis, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

¹¹Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 5A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of legal basis and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2011

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis ¹							
		Municipal government ²	County/parish ³	City/county ⁴	Multi-jurisdictional ⁵	Nonprofit association or agency libraries ⁶	School district ⁷	Library district ⁸	Other ⁹
		Percentage distribution							
Total ¹⁰	8,956	52.9	10.0	1.0	3.4	13.9	2.0	15.3	1.5
1,000,000 or more	28	25.0	42.9	0	7.1	10.7	0	10.7	3.6
500,000 to 999,999	57	19.3	50.9	8.8	5.3	1.8	0	12.3	1.8
250,000 to 499,999	109	17.4	46.8	2.8	17.4	2.8	0.9	11.9	0
100,000 to 249,999	353	36.3	30.9	2.3	13.9	3.7	0.8	11.3	0.8
50,000 to 99,999	562	40.7	20.6	2.8	9.6	7.5	2.0	15.5	1.2
25,000 to 49,999	987	39.0	17.6	1.3	4.9	12.2	2.2	21.3	1.5
10,000 to 24,999	1,744	47.0	10.8	1.1	2.1	14.0	2.9	20.9	1.3
5,000 to 9,999	1,493	50.8	6.9	0.6	1.7	18.2	3.8	16.9	1.2
2,500 to 4,999	1,267	57.5	4.7	0.6	1.3	17.9	2.0	14.0	2.0
1,000 to 2,499	1,440	65.1	3.4	0.5	1.7	15.6	0.6	11.9	1.2
Less than 1,000	916	78.2	1.0	0	2.5	10.3	0.5	4.9	2.6

¹Type of legal basis refers to the type of local government structure within which the library functions.

²An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government for a specific concentration of population in a defined area.

³An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government.

⁴A multi-jurisdictional entity that is operated jointly by a county and a city.

⁵A public library that is operated jointly by two or more units of local government under an intergovernmental agreement.

⁶A public library that is privately controlled but meets the statutory definition of a public library in a given state.

⁷A public library that is under the legal basis of a school district.

⁸A local entity other than a county, municipality, township, or school district that is authorized by state law to establish and operate a public library.

⁹This includes libraries under the legal basis of Native American Tribal Government and combined public/school libraries.

¹⁰Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 5. Data were not imputed for outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of geographic service area and state: Fiscal year 2011

State	Number of public libraries	Type of geographic service area ¹											Response rate ²
		Municipal government		County/parish		Metropolitan area		Multicounty		School district		Other	
		Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly		
Percentage distribution													
Total ³	8,956	35.6	15.4	12.5	5.5	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.4	4.8	0.5	23.6	100.0
Alabama	212	71.2	5.2	12.7	9.0	0	0	0.5	0.9	0	0	0.5	100.0
Alaska	72	75.0	4.2	19.4	0	1.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Arizona	90	11.1	44.4	5.6	8.9	6.7	0	0	1.1	0	1.1	21.1	100.0
Arkansas	55	20.0	7.3	40.0	1.8	1.8	0	25.5	1.8	0	0	1.8	100.0
California	182	60.4	7.1	15.9	13.2	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0.5	1.1	0	100.0
Colorado	114	33.3	1.8	21.1	7.9	0	0	0	0.9	28.1	2.6	4.4	100.0
Connecticut	183	89.6	10.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Delaware	21	90.5	4.8	4.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Florida	77	37.7	1.3	39.0	9.1	0	0	13.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Georgia	61	0	0	45.9	0	0	0	54.1	0	0	0	0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0	100.0
Idaho	101	43.6	0	10.9	0	0	0	0	1.0	13.9	5.0	25.7	100.0
Illinois	621	48.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	52.0	100.0
Indiana	238	14.7	0.8	9.7	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69.7	100.0
Iowa	531	0.2	99.2	0	0.4	0	0	0	0	0	0.2	0	100.0
Kansas	311	91.3	0	4.5	3.2	0	0	0	0	0.3	0	0.6	100.0
Kentucky	118	0	0	99.2	0	0	0	0.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
Louisiana	68	5.9	0	89.7	0	0	0	1.5	0	0	0	2.9	100.0
Maine	214	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Maryland	24	0	4.2	95.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Massachusetts	359	11.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	88.9	100.0
Michigan	389	24.4	1.3	2.8	2.8	0	0.3	0.3	0	6.4	3.1	58.6	100.0
Minnesota	138	71.7	8.7	11.6	0	0	0	5.1	0.7	0	0	2.2	100.0
Mississippi	50	0	4.0	62.0	0	0	0	32.0	2.0	0	0	0	100.0
Missouri	147	36.1	19.7	26.5	7.5	0	0.7	2.0	6.8	0.7	0	0	100.0
Montana	81	29.6	8.6	42.0	19.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Nebraska	216	88.0	8.8	2.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.5	100.0
Nevada	22	0	0	54.5	0	0	0	4.5	0	0	0	40.9	100.0
New Hampshire	221	98.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1.4	0	0	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of geographic service area and state: Fiscal year 2011—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of geographic service area ¹											Response rate ²
		Municipal government		County/parish		Metropolitan area		Multicounty		School district		Other	
		Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly		
Percentage distribution													
New Jersey	281	95.0	0	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
New Mexico	82	63.4	1.2	6.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29.3	100.0
New York	756	4.6	0	1.1	0	0	0	0.1	0	23.5	0.1	70.5	100.0
North Carolina	77	13.0	0	54.5	14.3	0	0	14.3	3.9	0	0	0	100.0
North Dakota	76	72.4	0	19.7	0	0	0	6.6	0	0	1.3	0	100.0
Ohio	251	8.4	0.8	22.7	0.4	0	0	0.4	0	57.4	2.4	7.6	100.0
Oklahoma	117	88.0	0	6.8	0	0	0	5.1	0	0	0	0	100.0
Oregon	126	68.3	0.8	17.5	0.8	0	0.8	0	0	4.0	0	7.9	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	1.3	3.1	2.6	1.1	0	0	0	0	1.1	0.7	90.1	100.0
Rhode Island	48	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	2.4	0	92.9	0	0	0	4.8	0	0	0	0	100.0
South Dakota	103	39.8	17.5	14.6	8.7	0	1.9	0	1.9	1.9	11.7	1.9	100.0
Tennessee	185	30.3	21.6	34.1	14.1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Texas	553	35.4	0.2	21.5	38.7	0	0	0.4	0	2.9	0	0.9	100.0
Utah	72	62.5	0	16.7	20.8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Vermont	159	83.0	16.4	0.6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Virginia	91	25.3	0	41.8	7.7	1.1	1.1	9.9	13.2	0	0	0	100.0
Washington	61	55.7	1.6	6.6	19.7	0	0	0	8.2	1.6	1.6	4.9	100.0
West Virginia	97	0	3.1	37.1	58.8	0	0	1.0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Wisconsin	382	0.8	94.8	2.1	2.1	0	0	0	0	0	0.3	0	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	0	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0
Outlying areas													
Guam	1	100.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	100.0

¹The types of geographic service areas (Municipal government, County/parish, Metropolitan area, etc.) are from U.S. Census Bureau geography. Public libraries identified the geographic service area type that either exactly or most nearly described the geographic area for which the public library was established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives income, and any areas under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.

²Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported geographic service area, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rate below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed. Data was not imputed for outlying areas.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

**Table 6A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of geographic service area and population of legal service area:
Fiscal year 2011**

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of geographic service area ¹										Other
		Municipal government		County/parish		Metropolitan area		Multicounty		School district		
		Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	Exactly	Most nearly	
Percentage distribution												
Total ²	8,956	35.6	15.4	12.5	5.5	0.1	0.1	1.4	0.4	4.8	0.5	23.6
1,000,000 or more	28	21.4	0	25.0	39.3	3.6	0	3.6	0	0	0	7.1
500,000 to 999,999	57	15.8	3.5	49.1	22.8	0	0	3.5	3.5	0	0	1.8
250,000 to 499,999	109	13.8	2.8	48.6	14.7	0.9	0	10.1	1.8	0.9	0	6.4
100,000 to 249,999	353	28.9	4.0	33.1	11.0	0	0.6	9.9	3.7	2.0	0.8	5.9
50,000 to 99,999	562	33.1	6.9	26.0	7.1	0.4	0.2	6.8	1.8	4.1	0.5	13.2
25,000 to 49,999	987	30.4	7.8	22.5	6.0	0.4	0.2	2.9	0.6	7.7	0.5	21.0
10,000 to 24,999	1,744	31.1	10.7	16.2	5.3	0	0	0.5	0.3	7.1	0.5	28.3
5,000 to 9,999	1,493	31.8	15.2	9.2	6.6	0	0.1	0	0.1	6.9	0.7	29.3
2,500 to 4,999	1,267	33.9	20.4	4.7	6.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	4.1	0.2	30.4
1,000 to 2,499	1,440	43.8	22.5	3.8	2.9	0.1	0	0	0	2.0	0.6	24.4
Less than 1,000	916	53.6	27.4	1.3	0.9	0	0	0.1	0	1.5	0.7	14.5

¹The types of geographic service areas (Municipal government, County/parish, Metropolitan area, etc.) are from U.S. Census Bureau geography. Public libraries identified the geographic service area type that either exactly or most nearly described the geographic area for which the public library was established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives income, and any areas under contract for which the library is the primary service provider.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 6. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 7. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal year 2011

State	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship			Response rate ³
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ¹	Member of a federation or cooperative ²	Not a member of a federation or cooperative	
		Percentage distribution			
Total ⁴	8,956	1.2	74.6	24.1	100.0
Alabama	212	6.6	63.7	29.7	100.0
Alaska	72	0	0	100.0	100.0
Arizona	90	3.3	43.3	53.3	100.0
Arkansas	55	10.9	0	89.1	100.0
California	182	0	96.7	3.3	100.0
Colorado	114	0	100.0	0	100.0
Connecticut	183	0	98.9	1.1	100.0
Delaware	21	0	0	100.0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0	0	100.0	100.0
Florida	77	10.4	36.4	53.2	100.0
Georgia	61	0	0	100.0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0	100.0	0	100.0
Idaho	101	0	56.4	43.6	100.0
Illinois	621	0.2	99.8	0	100.0
Indiana	238	0	98.3	1.7	100.0
Iowa	531	0	99.8	0.2	100.0
Kansas	311	1.9	93.9	4.2	100.0
Kentucky	118	0	0	100.0	100.0
Louisiana	68	0	0	100.0	100.0
Maine	214	0.9	93.0	6.1	100.0
Maryland	24	0	58.3	41.7	100.0
Massachusetts	359	0	100.0	0	100.0
Michigan	389	0	98.2	1.8	100.0
Minnesota	138	6.5	89.9	3.6	100.0
Mississippi	50	0	0	100.0	100.0
Missouri	147	0	40.8	59.2	100.0
Montana	81	7.4	92.6	0	100.0
Nebraska	216	0	100.0	0	100.0
Nevada	22	0	59.1	40.9	100.0
New Hampshire	221	0.5	5.0	94.6	100.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 7. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal year 2011

—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship			Response rate ³
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ¹	Member of a federation or cooperative ²	Not a member of a federation or cooperative	
		Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	281	0	97.9	2.1	100.0
New Mexico	82	0	7.3	92.7	100.0
New York	756	0.7	99.1	0.3	100.0
North Carolina	77	1.3	0	98.7	100.0
North Dakota	76	2.6	0	97.4	100.0
Ohio	251	0	73.7	26.3	100.0
Oklahoma	117	6.8	0	93.2	100.0
Oregon	126	4.0	74.6	21.4	100.0
Pennsylvania	456	3.7	67.5	28.7	100.0
Rhode Island	48	4.2	95.8	0	100.0
South Carolina	42	4.8	0	95.2	100.0
South Dakota	103	1.0	0	99.0	100.0
Tennessee	185	0	93.0	7.0	100.0
Texas	553	0	96.6	3.4	100.0
Utah	72	0	0	100.0	100.0
Vermont	159	0.6	0.6	98.7	100.0
Virginia	91	0	0	100.0	100.0
Washington	61	0	0	100.0	100.0
West Virginia	97	11.3	51.5	37.1	100.0
Wisconsin	382	0	100.0	0	100.0
Wyoming	23	0	100.0	0	100.0
Outlying areas					
Guam	1	0	0	100.0	100.0

¹The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.

²An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word "system" in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.

³Response rate is calculated as the number of libraries that reported interlibrary relationship, divided by the total number of libraries in the survey frame. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas (American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and Virgin Islands). Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.

Table 7A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of interlibrary relationship and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2011

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship		
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ¹	Member of a federation or cooperative ²	Not a member of a federation or cooperative
Percentage distribution				
Total ³	8,956	1.2	74.6	24.1
1,000,000 or more	28	14.3	57.1	28.6
500,000 to 999,999	57	8.8	49.1	42.1
250,000 to 499,999	109	8.3	44.0	47.7
100,000 to 249,999	353	5.9	53.0	41.1
50,000 to 99,999	562	4.6	64.4	31.0
25,000 to 49,999	987	1.4	73.3	25.3
10,000 to 24,999	1,744	1.1	77.4	21.5
5,000 to 9,999	1,493	0.3	80.2	19.4
2,500 to 4,999	1,267	0.4	79.3	20.3
1,000 to 2,499	1,440	0.1	75.9	24.0
Less than 1,000	916	0.2	73.7	26.1

¹The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.

²An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word "system" in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. The response rates are included in Table 7. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas.

SOURCE: Institute of Museum and Library Services, Public Libraries Survey, Fiscal Year 2011. Data users who create their own estimates using data from this report should cite the Institute of Museum and Library Services as the source of the original data only. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in Appendix B of the report for the Public Libraries Survey.