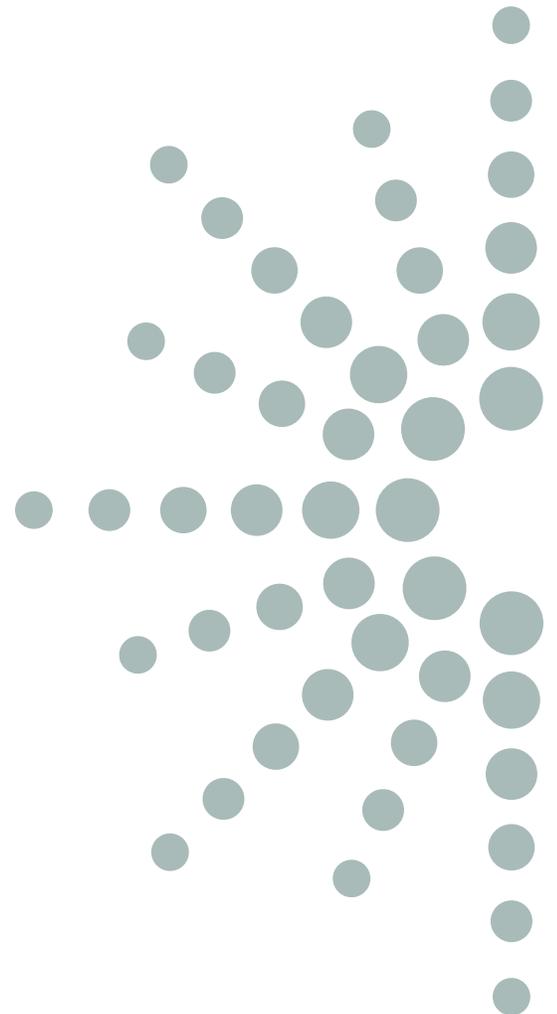


Public Libraries Survey Fiscal Year 2017

Supplementary Tables



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Public Libraries Survey Fiscal Year 2017

Supplementary Tables

June 2019

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I. Introduction

Public libraries provide learning and information resources for individuals, families, businesses, and nonprofits. By offering collections, technology, programming, and community spaces, public libraries enhance civic life and provide valuable contact points to various information resources that individuals may not normally be able to access. Libraries not only serve as places where people can gain assistance with research and information needs from professional staff, but they also serve as collective gathering spaces and important forums of community discourse. Libraries have an intimate relationship with their communities and offer programs that address health, learning, and workforce development needs of residents. The role of the public library has grown over recent years, serving as a cornerstone of community engagement and development.

The Public Libraries Survey (PLS) is a tool that facilitates the examination of when, where, and how public library services are changing and how the public conceptualizes the role of libraries. These data, supplied annually by more than 98 percent of public libraries across the country, provide long-term trend information that researchers, policymakers, and practitioners can use to make strategic data-based decisions about the support and management of public libraries.

In fiscal year (FY) 2017, 9,045 public libraries (Table 1) were active in the United States that met the Federal and State Cooperative System (FSCS) definition of a public library. These public libraries provided access to information and services through 16,557 central and branch libraries and 672 bookmobiles in the United States (Table 3). Approximately 313 million people lived within a public library legal service area (LSA)—approximately 96 percent of the total U.S. population (Table 3).

The 69 tables in this publication are organized as follows:

- Tables S1-S2: Summaries of Public Library Indicators and Collection Materials
- Tables 1-6A: Number and Percentage of Public Libraries by Select Characteristics (12 tables)
- Tables 7-13A: Public Library Revenue and Expenses (14 tables)
- Tables 14-23A: Public Library Services, Resources, and Programs (20 tables)
- Tables 24-25A: Public Library Staffing (4 tables)
- Tables 26-26A: Size of Public Libraries (2 tables)
- Tables 27-41: State Rankings on Key Variables (15 tables)

Tables without the Letter “A” after the number generally report data at the top level for all libraries by state and outlying areas. Tables with the Letter “A” after the number report tabulations based on the population size of the library LSA (except for Table 1A), using the following 11-category scheme:

- 1,000,000 or more people
- 500,000 to 999,999 people
- 250,000 to 499,999 people
- 100,000 to 249,999 people

- 50,000 to 99,999 people
- 25,000 to 49,999 people
- 10,000 to 24,999 people
- 5,000 to 9,999 people
- 2,500 to 4,999 people
- 1,000 to 2,499 people
- Less than 1,000 people

The top “Total” row in all tables includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that were closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS definition of a public library. A public library is established under state laws or regulations to serve a community, district, or region. Under this definition, a public library must, at a minimum, meet the following criteria:

- Contain an organized collection of printed or other library materials, or a combination thereof;
- Have paid staff;
- Have an established schedule in which the services of the staff are available to the public;
- Have the facilities necessary to support such a collection, staff, and schedule; and
- Be supported in whole or in part with public funds.

A community may have one or more public libraries or may be served by a public library system, which may have a central library and multiple branches or bookmobiles. Any reference to a public library in these tables refers to the administrative entity, which may be a single-outlet library or a multiple-branch library system. References to outlets refer to central libraries, branch libraries, and bookmobiles.

II. Methodology

The PLS is a universe survey, meaning information is solicited from all public libraries in the United States. The PLS questionnaire was designed collaboratively by the Institute of Museum and Library Services, State Data Coordinators, and the Library Statistics Working Group.

Data were collected using the PLS Web Portal, an online data collection tool developed by the American Institutes for Research. After the data were collected, data review and imputation were performed. Historically, PLS response rates have been high. Since FY 2010, unit response to the PLS has been over 97 percent.

For a detailed description of the PLS data collection methodology, see the *PLS Data File Documentation and User’s Guide* for the FY 2017 data collection on imls.gov.

III. Public Library Indicators

The annual PLS report is based on 11 main indicators of Public Library Financial Health; Public Library Resources, Services, and Usage; and Public Library Staffing. Table S1 below summarizes these indicators and their location(s) in the Supplementary Tables. Table S2 shows information about the collections at public libraries in the United States and the District of Columbia.

To enable comparability across states, indicators are computed per person based on the unduplicated population but are sometimes reported as per person, per 1,000 people, per 5,000 people, or per 25,000 people to obtain estimates that are cognitively accessible to a general audience.

Table S1. Summary: Public Libraries in the United States, FY 2017

PLS Indicators	Total, FY 2017	FY 2017 Indicator ¹	Supplementary Table Reference(s)
Public Library Financial Health			
1. Total Operating Revenue	\$13.24 billion	\$42.34 per person	Tables 7–8A and 27
2. Total Operating Expenditures	\$12.38 billion	\$39.59 per person	Tables 9–10A and 29
Public Library Resources, Services, and Usage			
3. Collection Materials	1.56 billion	5.00 per person	Tables 19, 19A, 21, 21A, and 35–37
4. Circulation	2.16 billion	6.94 per person	Tables 14, 14A, and 32
5. Library Visits ²	1.32 billion	4.21 per person	Tables 14, 14A, and 31
6. Reference Transactions	239.95 million	0.77 per person	Table 31
7. Programs Offered	5.41 million	17.30 per 1,000 people	Tables 16, 16A, and 38
8. Program Attendance	118.40 million	378.69 per 1,000 people	Tables 17, 17A, and 38
9. Public-Access Internet Computers	300,199	4.80 per 5,000 people	Tables 18, 18A, and 33
10. Public-Access Internet Computer User Sessions	257.95 million	0.83 per person	Tables 18, 18A, and 34
Public Library Staffing			
11. Staffing	142,131 FTE ³	11.36 FTE ³ per 25,000 people	Tables 24, 24A, and 41

¹ State-reported population data may derive from the U.S. Census Bureau (www.census.gov/acs), which does not publish margins of error associated with annual population estimates. Per person estimates in the table use the unduplicated population. Readers should consider this when comparing data across years.

² This is the number of in-person visits to public libraries; the FY 2017 PLS did not count digital visits to libraries.

³ FTE = full-time equivalent.

Table S2. Summary: Collection Materials, FY 2017

Type of Materials	Total, FY 2017	Number of Items per Person	Supplementary Table Reference(s)
Print materials	715.02 million	2.29	Tables 19 and 19A
E-books	463.49 million	1.48	Tables 19 and 19A
Audio: physical	43.57 million	0.14	Tables 21 and 21A
Audio: downloadable	258.58 million	0.83	Tables 21 and 21A
Video: physical	65.90 million	0.21	Tables 21 and 21A
Video: downloadable	16.14 million	0.05	Tables 21 and 21A
TOTAL	1.56 billion	5.00	

Supplementary tables from the FY 2017 Public Libraries Survey provide the following information:

- Tables 1-6A: Number and Percentage of Public Libraries by Select Characteristics
- Tables 7-13A: Public Library Revenue and Expenses
- Tables 14-23A: Public Library Services, Resources, and Programs
- Tables 24-25A: Public Library Staffing
- Tables 26-26A: Size of Public Libraries
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Table 1. Number of public libraries, population of legal service area, unduplicated population of legal service area, and state population estimate, by state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries ¹	Population of legal service area ²	Unduplicated population of legal service area ³	State population estimate ⁴
		Total (in thousands)	Total (in thousands)	Total (in thousands)
Total ⁵	9,045	320,815	312,657	322,199
Alabama	218	4,625	4,625	4,859
Alaska	61	645	645	737
Arizona	90	10,987	6,966	6,966
Arkansas	60	2,925	2,644	2,916
California	184	39,507	39,507	39,524
Colorado	113	5,505	5,450	5,510
Connecticut	181	4,105	3,372	3,576
Delaware	21	952	952	952
District of Columbia	1	694	694	694
Florida	81	20,790	20,441	20,484
Georgia	63	10,508	10,508	10,508
Hawaii	1	1,429	1,429	1,429
Idaho	102	1,424	1,424	1,717
Illinois	622	11,715	11,715	12,802
Indiana	236	6,208	6,100	6,484
Iowa	535	3,086	3,070	3,146
Kansas	319	2,503	2,503	2,907
Kentucky	119	4,437	4,437	4,437
Louisiana	67	4,705	4,684	4,684
Maine	228	1,280	1,158	1,336
Maryland	24	5,980	5,929	5,929
Massachusetts	368	6,783	6,779	6,781
Michigan	397	9,846	9,846	9,962
Minnesota	137	5,863	5,529	5,529
Mississippi	52	3,008	2,970	2,989
Missouri	148	5,493	5,473	6,093
Montana	82	989	989	989
Nebraska	235	1,571	1,571	1,907
Nevada	22	2,952	2,952	2,953
New Hampshire	222	1,437	1,329	1,335

See notes at end of table.

Table 1. Number of public libraries, population of legal service area, unduplicated population of legal service area, and state population estimate, by state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries ¹	Population of legal service area ²	Unduplicated population of legal service area ³	State population estimate ⁴
		Total (In thousands)	Total (In thousands)	Total (In thousands)
New Jersey	286	9,353	8,662	8,792
New Mexico	87	1,496	1,496	2,059
New York	756	19,543	19,378	19,378
North Carolina	81	10,156	10,156	10,156
North Dakota	74	685	685	755
Ohio	251	11,510	11,510	11,510
Oklahoma	119	3,233	3,233	3,924
Oregon	131	3,601	3,556	4,076
Pennsylvania	453	12,427	12,427	12,702
Rhode Island	48	1,425	1,058	1,058
South Carolina	42	4,652	4,652	4,652
South Dakota	111	1,265	787	870
Tennessee	186	6,485	6,485	6,651
Texas	540	25,629	25,559	27,863
Utah	74	3,005	3,005	3,051
Vermont	162	659	578	624
Virginia	92	8,317	8,317	8,412
Washington	62	7,201	7,201	7,310
West Virginia	97	1,853	1,853	1,853
Wisconsin	381	5,783	5,783	5,783
Wyoming	23	586	586	586
Outlying areas				
American Samoa	1	60	60	60
Guam	1	164	164	164
Northern Marianas	1	54	54	54

¹A public library is an administrative entity, the agency that is legally established under local or state law to provide public library service to the population of a local jurisdiction. The administrative entity may have a single public library service outlet, or it may have more than one outlet. The types of administrative structures for public libraries are reported in Table 2. See Table 3 for additional information on outlets.

²The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. The determination of this figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state available from the State Data Center or other state sources.

³This is the total unduplicated population of those areas in the state that receive library services. The determination of this figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state. The population of unserved areas is not included in this figure.

⁴This is the most recent total population figure for the state that matches the local population figures that are submitted to IMLS. The state data coordinator for the state library agency is instructed to obtain the figure annually from the State Data Center or other state sources.

⁵Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: A state's total population of legal service area may be larger than the state's total unduplicated population of legal service area or the state population estimate because some public libraries have overlapping service areas. Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) and POPU_ST from the Public Library State Summary/State Characteristics Data File (PLS_FY2017_State_pusum17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 1A. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Population of legal service area ¹										
		Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more
		Percentage distribution										
Total ²	9,045	10.3	16.2	14.0	16.5	19.4	10.9	6.4	4.0	1.2	0.6	0.4
Alabama	218	7.3	17.0	10.6	23.4	24.8	7.3	6.4	2.3	0.9	0.0	0.0
Alaska	61	44.3	18.0	13.1	9.8	6.6	4.9	1.6	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0
Arizona	90	10.0	14.4	12.2	15.6	14.4	7.8	6.7	12.2	3.3	0.0	3.3
Arkansas	60	1.7	5.0	3.3	10.0	18.3	25.0	25.0	10.0	1.7	0.0	0.0
California	184	0.5	1.6	0.5	1.6	13.0	14.7	25.5	26.6	6.5	3.8	5.4
Colorado	113	11.5	13.3	15.9	17.7	15.0	9.7	5.3	4.4	4.4	2.7	0.0
Connecticut	181	0.6	7.2	10.5	22.1	30.9	16.0	9.9	2.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delaware	21	0.0	0.0	0.0	23.8	38.1	14.3	19.0	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0
District of Columbia	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Florida	81	1.2	1.2	3.7	3.7	13.6	12.3	17.3	18.5	13.6	9.9	4.9
Georgia	63	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.5	19.0	23.8	33.3	7.9	4.8	1.6
Hawaii	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Idaho	102	19.6	21.6	15.7	15.7	11.8	6.9	5.9	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Illinois	622	6.8	22.3	16.7	16.1	20.3	11.6	4.8	1.3	0.0	0.0	0.2
Indiana	236	3.8	18.6	14.4	16.1	22.0	13.1	6.8	4.2	0.4	0.4	0.0
Iowa	535	30.8	31.0	17.0	8.8	7.7	2.6	1.7	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	319	42.3	28.2	11.6	7.8	5.3	2.5	0.6	0.9	0.6	0.0	0.0
Kentucky	119	0.0	0.8	1.7	12.6	47.1	21.8	10.9	3.4	0.8	0.8	0.0
Louisiana	67	0.0	1.5	3.0	7.5	29.9	23.9	13.4	14.9	6.0	0.0	0.0
Maine	228	11.0	29.4	25.9	21.1	9.6	2.6	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	24	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.2	25.0	12.5	29.2	8.3	16.7	4.2
Massachusetts	368	7.6	12.0	12.5	19.0	28.3	13.9	5.4	1.1	0.0	0.3	0.0
Michigan	397	1.8	6.5	17.9	25.4	24.7	12.3	6.5	4.0	0.5	0.3	0.0
Minnesota	137	10.2	21.9	16.1	16.8	15.3	5.8	2.2	7.3	3.6	0.0	0.7
Mississippi	52	0.0	0.0	1.9	11.5	17.3	32.7	21.2	13.5	1.9	0.0	0.0
Missouri	148	4.1	16.9	13.5	18.9	21.6	11.5	7.4	2.7	2.0	1.4	0.0
Montana	82	7.3	26.8	19.5	23.2	13.4	2.4	4.9	2.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nebraska	235	54.5	23.8	7.7	6.4	3.8	2.1	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0
Nevada	22	9.1	13.6	9.1	9.1	13.6	13.6	13.6	4.5	9.1	0.0	4.5
New Hampshire	222	13.1	25.7	27.0	19.4	10.4	3.6	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 1A. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by population of legal service area and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Population of legal service area ¹										
		Less than 1,000	1,000 to 2,499	2,500 to 4,999	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 249,999	250,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 or more
		Percentage distribution										
New Jersey	286	0.0	4.2	7.7	25.2	32.9	15.7	9.1	3.1	1.7	0.3	0.0
New Mexico	87	23.0	17.2	16.1	19.5	12.6	6.9	3.4	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0
New York	756	8.7	19.0	17.9	18.9	18.9	11.0	3.8	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.4
North Carolina	81	0.0	0.0	1.2	2.5	9.9	16.0	32.1	29.6	6.2	0.0	2.5
North Dakota	74	29.7	33.8	12.2	5.4	6.8	8.1	2.7	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	251	1.2	3.2	9.2	21.1	26.3	18.3	11.6	6.4	1.6	1.2	0.0
Oklahoma	119	10.9	28.6	21.0	14.3	13.4	5.0	2.5	1.7	0.8	1.7	0.0
Oregon	131	14.5	13.0	9.2	19.8	22.9	8.4	6.9	4.6	0.0	0.8	0.0
Pennsylvania	453	1.1	7.1	12.8	20.8	31.8	17.0	6.2	2.4	0.7	0.0	0.2
Rhode Island	48	0.0	2.1	4.2	18.8	39.6	22.9	8.3	4.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	28.6	23.8	21.4	14.3	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	111	27.9	29.7	9.9	10.8	9.0	8.1	0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	186	2.7	10.8	8.1	17.7	30.1	15.6	10.2	2.7	1.1	1.1	0.0
Texas	540	2.2	11.1	16.7	21.5	21.7	12.4	5.9	5.6	1.3	0.9	0.7
Utah	74	2.7	14.9	16.2	16.2	20.3	16.2	5.4	5.4	1.4	1.4	0.0
Vermont	162	14.8	41.4	24.1	11.7	6.8	0.6	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	92	0.0	2.2	2.2	4.3	22.8	28.3	18.5	14.1	6.5	0.0	1.1
Washington	62	12.9	9.7	8.1	11.3	19.4	8.1	6.5	9.7	6.5	6.5	1.6
West Virginia	97	1.0	4.1	18.6	28.9	29.9	8.2	7.2	2.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	381	5.0	21.0	21.8	18.6	20.2	8.1	3.4	1.0	0.5	0.3	0.0
Wyoming	23	0.0	4.3	4.3	26.1	30.4	26.1	8.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Outlying areas												
American Samoa	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guam	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹The number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. The determination of this figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state available from the State Data Center or other state sources.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data element POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) was used to produce this table.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure ¹		
		Single direct service outlet ²	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ³	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ⁴
		Percentage distribution		
Total ⁵	9,045	80.9	17.6	1.5
Alabama	218	89.4	8.7	1.8
Alaska	61	90.2	9.8	0.0
Arizona	90	71.1	20.0	8.9
Arkansas	60	35.0	51.7	13.3
California	184	32.6	60.3	7.1
Colorado	113	67.3	31.0	1.8
Connecticut	181	84.5	15.5	0.0
Delaware	21	81.0	9.5	9.5
District of Columbia	1	0.0	100.0	0.0
Florida	81	35.8	51.9	12.3
Georgia	63	11.1	88.9	0.0
Hawaii	1	0.0	0.0	100.0
Idaho	102	75.5	24.5	0.0
Illinois	622	90.8	9.2	0.0
Indiana	236	67.4	31.8	0.8
Iowa	535	97.9	2.1	0.0
Kansas	319	95.6	4.4	0.0
Kentucky	119	26.1	73.9	0.0
Louisiana	67	13.4	86.6	0.0
Maine	228	99.1	0.9	0.0
Maryland	24	0.0	70.8	29.2
Massachusetts	368	90.2	9.8	0.0
Michigan	397	85.1	13.6	1.3
Minnesota	137	80.3	14.6	5.1
Mississippi	52	25.0	73.1	1.9
Missouri	148	67.6	28.4	4.1
Montana	82	75.6	24.4	0.0
Nebraska	235	95.7	4.3	0.0
Nevada	22	45.5	50.0	4.5
New Hampshire	222	97.7	2.3	0.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 2. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of administrative structure and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure ¹		
		Single direct service outlet ²	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ³	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ⁴
Percentage distribution				
New Jersey	286	86.0	13.6	0.3
New Mexico	87	88.5	10.3	1.1
New York	756	93.0	7.0	0.0
North Carolina	81	16.0	72.8	11.1
North Dakota	74	83.8	16.2	0.0
Ohio	251	57.8	39.0	3.2
Oklahoma	119	92.4	5.9	1.7
Oregon	131	80.2	16.8	3.1
Pennsylvania	453	88.1	11.5	0.4
Rhode Island	48	81.3	18.8	0.0
South Carolina	42	11.9	83.3	4.8
South Dakota	111	91.9	8.1	0.0
Tennessee	186	84.4	15.1	0.5
Texas	540	86.5	12.6	0.9
Utah	74	77.0	23.0	0.0
Vermont	162	96.3	3.7	0.0
Virginia	92	31.5	55.4	13.0
Washington	62	59.7	25.8	14.5
West Virginia	97	71.1	28.9	0.0
Wisconsin	381	94.2	5.5	0.3
Wyoming	23	13.0	87.0	0.0
Outlying areas				
American Samoa	1	0.0	100.0	0.0
Guam	1	0.0	100.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	0.0	0.0	100.0

¹The administrative structure identifies an autonomous library entity (administrative entity) that has its own governance and funding.

²An administrative entity that serves the public directly with one central library, books-by-mail only, or one bookmobile.

³An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only.

⁴An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only. The administrative offices are separate from the direct service outlets and do not provide direct library services.

⁵Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data element C_ADMIN from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) was used to produce this table.

Table 2A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of administrative structure and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of administrative structure ¹		
		Single direct service outlet ²	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is not separate) ³	Multiple direct service outlets (administrative office is separate) ⁴
Percentage distribution				
Total ⁵	9,045	80.9	17.6	1.5
1,000,000 or more	35	0.0	62.9	37.1
500,000 to 999,999	55	0.0	70.9	29.1
250,000 to 499,999	112	1.8	78.6	19.6
100,000 to 249,999	366	11.2	78.4	10.4
50,000 to 99,999	578	35.8	60.4	3.8
25,000 to 49,999	989	63.8	35.1	1.1
10,000 to 24,999	1757	83.1	16.4	0.5
5,000 to 9,999	1494	92.4	7.4	0.2
2,500 to 4,999	1263	97.0	2.9	0.1
1,000 to 2,499	1461	98.8	1.2	0.0
Less than 1,000	935	99.6	0.4	0.0

¹The administrative structure identifies an autonomous library entity (administrative entity) that has its own governance and funding.

²An administrative entity that serves the public directly with one central library, books-by-mail only or one bookmobile.

³An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only.

⁴An administrative entity that serves the public directly with two or more service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail only. The administrative offices are separate from the direct service outlets and do not provide direct library services.

⁵Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements C_ADMIN, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 3. Number of public libraries with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets			
		Branches	Book-mobiles ¹	Stationary outlets			Book-mobiles ¹
				Total ²	Central libraries	Branches	
Total ³	9,045	1,549	540	16,557	8,870	7,687	672
Alabama	218	19	12	290	217	73	15
Alaska	61	6	1	77	61	16	1
Arizona	90	24	8	221	85	136	11
Arkansas	60	40	3	235	54	181	3
California	184	117	35	1,124	165	959	50
Colorado	113	36	10	261	96	165	13
Connecticut	181	27	4	228	181	47	4
Delaware	21	3	2	32	19	13	2
District of Columbia	1	1	0	26	1	25	0
Florida	81	51	15	533	59	474	21
Georgia	63	56	8	396	62	334	9
Hawaii	1	1	1	50	1	49	2
Idaho	102	19	11	147	98	49	12
Illinois	622	45	17	784	622	162	17
Indiana	236	70	22	425	235	190	29
Iowa	535	9	4	559	535	24	4
Kansas	319	12	3	364	318	46	8
Kentucky	119	37	72	203	119	84	74
Louisiana	67	53	22	335	67	268	26
Maine	228	2	1	232	228	4	1
Maryland	24	24	11	190	14	176	20
Massachusetts	368	35	5	459	368	91	7
Michigan	397	58	7	643	394	249	8
Minnesota	137	24	7	356	129	227	8
Mississippi	52	38	3	236	52	184	3
Missouri	148	46	13	363	137	226	24
Montana	82	18	5	117	82	35	6
Nebraska	235	3	8	254	235	19	8
Nevada	22	12	3	84	20	64	3
New Hampshire	222	5	0	227	222	5	0

See notes at end of table.

Table 3. Number of public libraries with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets			
		Branches	Book-mobiles ¹	Stationary outlets			Book-mobiles ¹
				Total ²	Central libraries	Branches	
New Jersey	286	37	12	428	286	142	12
New Mexico	87	10	1	115	87	28	1
New York	756	51	7	1,067	755	312	11
North Carolina	81	65	18	389	70	319	20
North Dakota	74	5	11	81	73	8	12
Ohio	251	101	40	716	239	477	56
Oklahoma	119	9	2	214	119	95	3
Oregon	131	23	6	218	131	87	6
Pennsylvania	453	49	17	621	449	172	23
Rhode Island	48	8	2	71	47	24	2
South Carolina	42	34	31	194	41	153	31
South Dakota	111	6	4	141	111	30	4
Tennessee	186	28	3	284	186	98	3
Texas	540	67	10	863	537	326	11
Utah	74	11	14	126	64	62	15
Vermont	162	3	4	164	161	3	4
Virginia	92	62	19	359	85	274	23
Washington	62	23	12	348	55	293	31
West Virginia	97	26	7	172	97	75	8
Wisconsin	381	20	5	459	378	81	5
Wyoming	23	20	2	76	23	53	2
Outlying areas							
American Samoa	1	1	0	2	1	1	0
Guam	1	1	0	6	1	5	0
Northern Marianas	1	1	0	3	1	2	0

¹A bookmobile is a traveling branch library. It consists of at least one of the following: (1) A truck or van that carries an organized collection of library materials; (2) paid staff; and (3) regularly scheduled hours (bookmobile stops) for being open to the public.

²Total stationary outlets is the sum of central and branch libraries.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. Of the 9,045 public libraries in the 50 States and DC, 7,320 were single-outlet libraries and 1,725 were multiple-outlet libraries. Single-outlet libraries are a central library, bookmobile, or books-by-mail-only outlet. Multiple-outlet libraries have two or more direct service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail-only outlets.

NOTE: Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements CENTLIB, BRANLIB, BKMOB from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 3A. Number of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia with branches and bookmobiles, and number of service outlets, by type of outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Number of libraries with		Number of outlets			
		Branches	Book-mobiles ¹	Stationary outlets			Book-mobiles ¹
				Total ²	Central libraries	Branches	
Total ³	9,045	1,549	540	16,557	8,870	7,687	672
1,000,000 or more	35	35	11	1,361	22	1,339	39
500,000 to 999,999	55	55	27	1,071	41	1,030	60
250,000 to 499,999	112	110	42	1,186	87	1,099	62
100,000 to 249,999	366	317	103	2,024	315	1,709	135
50,000 to 99,999	578	345	116	1,576	550	1,026	127
25,000 to 49,999	989	310	107	1,755	975	780	109
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	235	84	2,230	1,748	482	87
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	91	34	1,638	1,483	155	37
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	34	8	1,299	1,255	44	8
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	14	7	1,477	1,460	17	7
Less than 1,000	935	3	1	940	934	6	1

¹A bookmobile is a traveling branch library. It consists of at least one of the following: (1) A truck or van that carries an organized collection of library materials; (2) paid staff; and (3) regularly scheduled hours (bookmobile stops) for being open to the public.

²Total stationary outlets is the sum of central and branch libraries.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. Of the 9,045 public libraries in the 50 States and DC, 7,320 were single-outlet libraries and 1,725 were multiple-outlet libraries. Single-outlet libraries are a central library, bookmobile, or books-by-mail-only outlet. Multiple-outlet libraries have two or more direct service outlets, including some combination of one central library, branch(es), bookmobile(s), and/or books-by-mail-only outlets.

NOTE: Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements CENTLIB, BRANLIB, BKMOB, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Average weekly public service hours per outlet ¹	Median weekly public service hours per outlet ¹	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ¹				
				Less than 30	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 or more
Percentage distribution								
Total ²	9,045	42.0	44.0	22.1	17.1	26.7	20.6	13.6
Alabama	218	38.6	40.0	22.3	22.0	36.1	14.1	5.6
Alaska	61	32.8	34.5	43.6	16.7	17.9	12.8	9.0
Arizona	90	40.5	41.0	23.5	18.6	27.6	22.2	8.1
Arkansas	60	33.8	34.0	39.7	14.9	23.7	15.5	6.2
California	184	39.4	41.0	24.0	20.2	26.5	22.3	7.0
Colorado	113	45.5	46.0	19.3	13.9	25.5	18.2	23.0
Connecticut	181	45.7	47.0	11.9	16.7	27.8	29.5	14.1
Delaware	21	48.4	49.0	0.0	11.8	50.0	29.4	8.8
District of Columbia	1	48.4	48.0	0.0	0.0	92.3	7.7	0.0
Florida	81	45.9	47.0	10.3	14.5	35.9	27.9	11.4
Georgia	63	40.9	43.0	16.1	23.1	33.3	24.6	3.0
Hawaii	1	35.1	36.0	7.7	78.8	13.5	0.0	0.0
Idaho	102	34.9	33.0	39.2	23.4	14.6	15.2	7.6
Illinois	622	46.8	48.0	16.7	14.9	25.2	16.5	26.7
Indiana	236	46.5	49.0	17.0	14.6	18.8	27.6	22.1
Iowa	535	34.8	33.0	42.3	19.7	19.7	12.9	5.5
Kansas	319	35.5	36.0	40.0	15.9	17.8	17.0	9.2
Kentucky	119	44.5	47.0	23.1	7.6	26.7	22.4	20.2
Louisiana	67	43.3	47.0	25.2	7.8	26.3	18.6	22.2
Maine	228	29.4	28.0	53.3	21.0	17.5	7.0	1.3
Maryland	24	46.6	48.5	16.3	14.9	22.1	15.4	31.3
Massachusetts	368	39.1	41.0	29.1	15.2	29.3	16.9	9.5
Michigan	397	43.4	43.5	16.9	17.0	32.2	21.8	12.1
Minnesota	137	39.2	40.5	23.9	23.1	31.7	14.4	6.9
Mississippi	52	35.5	39.0	34.2	17.3	32.1	12.7	3.8
Missouri	148	45.5	46.0	20.5	14.2	21.5	18.1	25.6
Montana	82	33.3	35.0	37.4	21.1	29.3	8.9	3.3
Nebraska	235	33.0	29.0	50.4	16.7	10.5	11.2	11.2
Nevada	22	36.9	35.0	42.5	14.9	17.2	9.2	16.1
New Hampshire	222	33.7	34.0	39.0	27.8	16.1	13.0	4.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 4. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Average weekly public service hours per outlet ¹	Median weekly public service hours per outlet ¹	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ¹				
				Less than 30	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 or more
				Percentage distribution				
New Jersey	286	52.1	54.0	4.5	10.1	20.2	35.2	30.0
New Mexico	87	43.7	44.0	8.7	14.8	52.2	13.0	11.3
New York	756	44.3	46.0	18.8	15.7	27.8	21.4	16.2
North Carolina	81	45.1	48.0	19.6	8.8	28.6	24.0	19.1
North Dakota	74	31.8	30.0	47.8	20.7	16.3	6.5	8.7
Ohio	251	48.3	50.0	14.5	10.0	23.9	26.5	25.1
Oklahoma	119	45.5	45.0	11.5	18.9	29.0	21.7	18.9
Oregon	131	37.7	41.0	31.7	16.5	22.3	23.7	5.8
Pennsylvania	453	44.9	46.0	9.1	18.7	36.5	26.9	8.8
Rhode Island	48	42.9	44.0	20.5	21.9	17.8	24.7	15.1
South Carolina	42	42.8	46.0	21.6	14.4	23.9	22.1	18.0
South Dakota	111	35.2	34.0	42.1	14.5	18.6	13.8	11.0
Tennessee	186	42.4	42.0	15.2	22.0	31.6	22.3	8.9
Texas	540	42.9	43.0	13.3	24.1	33.4	19.7	9.6
Utah	74	45.1	49.0	16.5	15.0	19.5	36.8	12.0
Vermont	162	31.4	31.0	45.8	28.1	17.0	9.2	0.0
Virginia	92	46.8	50.0	14.7	9.2	23.4	32.3	20.5
Washington	62	43.1	45.0	22.5	16.0	23.9	19.4	18.3
West Virginia	97	40.4	40.0	13.0	28.2	39.0	16.4	3.4
Wisconsin	381	44.8	46.0	15.5	15.9	27.8	25.6	15.1
Wyoming	23	35.0	37.5	37.2	17.9	20.5	17.9	6.4
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	1	30.5	30.5	50.0	0.0	50.0	0.0	0.0
Guam	1	22.2	17.0	83.3	0.0	16.7	0.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	36.0	36.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹These data are derived from the total *public service hours per year* and the total outlets (*central, branch, and bookmobile*) of public libraries.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements HOURS, WKS_OPEN, C_OUT_TY, L_NUM_BM from the Public Library Outlet Data File (PLS_FY2017_Outlet_puout17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 4A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by average number of weekly public service hours per outlet and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Average weekly public service hours per outlet ¹	Median weekly public service hours per outlet ¹	Average number of weekly public service hours per outlet ¹				
				Less than 30	30 to 39	40 to 49	50 to 59	60 or more
Percentage distribution								
Total ²	9,045	42.0	44.0	22.1	17.1	26.7	20.6	13.6
1,000,000 or more	35	47.6	48.0	5.0	13.5	41.8	26.2	13.5
500,000 to 999,999	55	48.4	48.0	8.8	12.4	32.2	24.8	21.8
250,000 to 499,999	112	47.8	50.0	12.5	12.2	24.3	29.9	21.0
100,000 to 249,999	366	43.4	46.0	21.2	16.4	22.3	21.6	18.5
50,000 to 99,999	578	42.9	45.0	23.5	15.2	21.1	20.5	19.7
25,000 to 49,999	989	44.7	48.0	21.4	11.3	20.5	24.6	22.2
10,000 to 24,999	1757	45.3	48.0	16.2	9.7	28.9	29.7	15.6
5,000 to 9,999	1494	42.7	44.0	11.7	20.1	39.7	22.6	6.0
2,500 to 4,999	1263	37.9	39.0	20.2	32.3	35.1	10.3	2.0
1,000 to 2,499	1461	31.2	31.0	43.6	34.0	19.0	2.9	0.4
Less than 1,000	935	22.3	21.0	79.3	15.0	5.1	0.6	0.1

¹These data are derived from the total *public service hours per year* and the total outlets (*central, branch, and bookmobile*) of public libraries.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements HOURS, WKS_OPEN, C_OUT_TY, L_NUM_BM from the Public Library Outlet Data File (PLS_FY2017_Outlet_puout17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of legal basis and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis ¹							
		Municipal government ²	County/parish ³	City/county ⁴	Multi-jurisdictional ⁵	Nonprofit association or agency libraries ⁶	School district ⁷	Library district ⁸	Other ⁹
Percentage distribution									
Total ¹⁰	9,045	52.9	10.1	1.0	3.3	13.9	1.9	15.4	1.5
Alabama	218	77.1	6.9	0.5	15.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	61	41.0	24.6	0.0	11.5	13.1	0.0	0.0	9.8
Arizona	90	51.1	7.8	10.0	1.1	6.7	0.0	3.3	20.0
Arkansas	60	25.0	43.3	1.7	26.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.3
California	184	64.7	23.9	2.2	2.7	0.0	1.6	4.9	0.0
Colorado	113	34.5	9.7	0.0	6.2	0.0	0.9	48.7	0.0
Connecticut	181	56.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	43.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delaware	21	14.3	28.6	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	52.4	0.0
District of Columbia	1	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	81	40.7	39.5	2.5	14.8	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.0
Georgia	63	0.0	44.4	0.0	55.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Idaho	102	48.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	52.0	0.0
Illinois	622	46.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	53.9	0.0
Indiana	236	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Iowa	535	99.1	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4
Kansas	319	91.2	4.4	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	2.8	0.6
Kentucky	119	0.0	10.9	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	88.2	0.0
Louisiana	67	4.5	89.6	1.5	3.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	0.0
Maine	228	39.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	24	4.2	95.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	368	93.2	0.0	0.0	0.3	6.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
Michigan	397	51.6	4.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	40.3	0.0
Minnesota	137	79.6	10.2	2.9	7.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Mississippi	52	3.8	38.5	23.1	32.7	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Missouri	148	8.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	90.5	0.7
Montana	82	32.9	32.9	15.9	12.2	0.0	0.0	6.1	0.0
Nebraska	235	95.3	4.3	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nevada	22	0.0	54.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.9	4.5
New Hampshire	222	95.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.9	0.0	0.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 5. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of legal basis and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis ¹							
		Municipal government ²	County/parish ³	City/county ⁴	Multi-jurisdictional ⁵	Nonprofit association or agency libraries ⁶	School district ⁷	Library district ⁸	Other ⁹
Percentage distribution									
New Jersey	286	79.7	4.9	0.0	2.1	13.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	87	64.4	1.1	2.3	0.0	10.3	0.0	0.0	21.8
New York	756	26.1	0.8	0.0	0.0	47.0	0.1	25.5	0.5
North Carolina	81	14.8	59.3	3.7	17.3	2.5	0.0	0.0	2.5
North Dakota	74	63.5	10.8	10.8	14.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	251	8.4	23.9	0.0	0.0	7.6	59.0	0.4	0.8
Oklahoma	119	88.2	5.0	0.8	5.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Oregon	131	58.8	8.4	0.0	0.0	3.1	2.3	27.5	0.0
Pennsylvania	453	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	85.7	0.0	0.0	14.1
Rhode Island	48	45.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	54.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	42	2.4	92.9	0.0	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	111	69.4	10.8	0.9	13.5	0.9	0.0	0.0	4.5
Tennessee	186	56.5	40.3	3.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Texas	540	58.1	19.4	2.0	2.2	15.4	0.0	2.6	0.2
Utah	74	63.5	33.8	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Vermont	162	58.0	0.0	0.0	5.6	35.8	0.0	0.6	0.0
Virginia	92	25.0	41.3	0.0	21.7	12.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Washington	62	56.5	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	41.9	0.0
West Virginia	97	47.4	34.0	3.1	15.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	381	89.2	2.1	0.8	6.6	0.0	0.3	0.0	1.0
Wyoming	23	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Outlying areas									
American Samoa	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Guam	1	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹Type of legal basis refers to the type of local government structure within which the library functions.

²An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government for a specific concentration of population in a defined area.

³An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government.

⁴A multi-jurisdictional entity that is operated jointly by a county and a city.

⁵A public library that is operated jointly by two or more units of local government under an intergovernmental agreement.

⁶A public library that is privately controlled but meets the statutory definition of a public library in a given state.

⁷A public library that is under the legal basis of a school district.

⁸A local entity other than a county, municipality, township, or school district that is authorized by state law to establish and operate a public library.

⁹This includes libraries under the legal basis of Native American Tribal Government and combined public/school libraries.

¹⁰Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data element C_LEGBAS from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) was used to produce this table.

Table 5A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of legal basis and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of legal basis ¹							
		Municipal government ²	County/parish ³	City/country ⁴	Multi-jurisdictional ⁵	Nonprofit association or agency libraries ⁶	School district ⁷	Library district ⁸	Other ⁹
Percentage distribution									
Total ¹⁰	9,045	52.9	10.1	1.0	3.3	13.9	1.9	15.4	1.5
1,000,000 or more	35	22.9	42.9	2.9	5.7	8.6	0.0	11.4	5.7
500,000 to 999,999	55	20.0	50.9	7.3	7.3	1.8	0.0	12.7	0.0
250,000 to 499,999	112	20.5	46.4	1.8	14.3	2.7	0.9	13.4	0.0
100,000 to 249,999	366	35.8	30.3	3.0	13.4	4.1	0.8	11.5	1.1
50,000 to 99,999	578	42.0	20.8	2.4	9.2	6.9	2.1	15.6	1.0
25,000 to 49,999	989	39.1	17.5	1.3	5.4	11.7	2.0	21.3	1.6
10,000 to 24,999	1757	46.6	10.8	1.1	1.8	14.5	2.8	21.3	1.3
5,000 to 9,999	1494	51.0	7.0	0.5	1.6	17.8	3.6	17.1	1.4
2,500 to 4,999	1263	57.6	4.3	0.6	1.5	18.5	1.9	13.9	1.7
1,000 to 2,499	1461	64.2	3.4	0.5	1.9	15.8	0.6	12.0	1.5
Less than 1,000	935	78.7	1.4	0.0	2.0	10.2	0.4	5.2	2.0

¹Type of legal basis refers to the type of local government structure within which the library functions.

²An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government for a specific concentration of population in a defined area.

³An organized local government authorized in a state's constitution and statutes and established to provide general government.

⁴A multi-jurisdictional entity that is operated jointly by a county and a city.

⁵A public library that is operated jointly by two or more units of local government under an intergovernmental agreement.

⁶A public library that is privately controlled but meets the statutory definition of a public library in a given state.

⁷A public library that is under the legal basis of a school district.

⁸A local entity other than a county, municipality, township, or school district that is authorized by state law to establish and operate a public library.

⁹This includes libraries under the legal basis of Native American Tribal Government and combined public/school libraries.

¹⁰Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements C_LEGBAS, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship		
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ¹	Member of a federation or cooperative ²	Not a member of a federation or cooperative
Percentage distribution				
Total ³	9,045	1.2	74.9	23.9
Alabama	218	5.5	63.8	30.7
Alaska	61	0.0	0.0	100.0
Arizona	90	4.4	46.7	48.9
Arkansas	60	8.3	0.0	91.7
California	184	0.0	96.2	3.8
Colorado	113	0.0	100.0	0.0
Connecticut	181	0.0	96.7	3.3
Delaware	21	0.0	0.0	100.0
District of Columbia	1	0.0	0.0	100.0
Florida	81	11.1	34.6	54.3
Georgia	63	0.0	0.0	100.0
Hawaii	1	0.0	100.0	0.0
Idaho	102	0.0	56.9	43.1
Illinois	622	0.0	100.0	0.0
Indiana	236	0.0	98.3	1.7
Iowa	535	0.0	100.0	0.0
Kansas	319	1.9	93.7	4.4
Kentucky	119	0.0	0.0	100.0
Louisiana	67	0.0	0.0	100.0
Maine	228	0.9	90.4	8.8
Maryland	24	0.0	58.3	41.7
Massachusetts	368	0.0	100.0	0.0
Michigan	397	0.0	98.2	1.8
Minnesota	137	5.8	89.8	4.4
Mississippi	52	0.0	0.0	100.0
Missouri	148	0.0	54.1	45.9
Montana	82	7.3	92.7	0.0
Nebraska	235	0.0	100.0	0.0
Nevada	22	0.0	59.1	40.9
New Hampshire	222	1.4	10.8	87.8

See notes at end of table.

Table 6. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by type of interlibrary relationship and state: Fiscal year 2017

—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship		
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ¹	Member of a federation or cooperative ²	Not a member of a federation or cooperative
Percentage distribution				
New Jersey	286.0	0.0	97.6	2.4
New Mexico	87.0	0.0	6.9	93.1
New York	756.0	0.7	99.1	0.3
North Carolina	81.0	1.2	0.0	98.8
North Dakota	74.0	4.1	8.1	87.8
Ohio	251.0	0.0	76.9	23.1
Oklahoma	119.0	6.7	0.0	93.3
Oregon	131.0	3.8	74.0	22.1
Pennsylvania	453.0	3.5	68.0	28.5
Rhode Island	48.0	4.2	95.8	0.0
South Carolina	42.0	4.8	0.0	95.2
South Dakota	111.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Tennessee	186.0	0.0	93.0	7.0
Texas	540.0	0.0	95.6	4.4
Utah	74.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Vermont	162.0	0.6	0.6	98.8
Virginia	92.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Washington	62.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
West Virginia	97.0	11.3	51.5	37.1
Wisconsin	381.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Wyoming	23.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Outlying areas				
American Samoa	1.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Guam	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Northern Marianas	1.0	0.0	0.0	100.0

¹The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.

²An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word “system” in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data element C_RELATN from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) was used to produce this table.

Table 6A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of interlibrary relationship and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Type of interlibrary relationship		
		Headquarters of a federation or cooperative ¹	Member of a federation or cooperative ²	Not a member of a federation or cooperative
Percentage distribution				
Total ³	9,045	1.2	74.9	23.9
1,000,000 or more	35	8.6	57.1	34.3
500,000 to 999,999	55	10.9	52.7	36.4
250,000 to 499,999	112	8.0	44.6	47.3
100,000 to 249,999	366	5.7	54.4	39.9
50,000 to 99,999	578	4.2	65.4	30.4
25,000 to 49,999	989	1.5	72.5	26.0
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	1.0	78.1	20.9
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	0.4	80.2	19.4
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	0.4	79.1	20.5
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	0.0	75.8	24.2
Less than 1,000	935	0.2	75.8	24.0

¹The library or entity that provides the physical space and staff who manage, coordinate, or administer the programs of the federation or cooperative.

²An autonomous library joined by formal or informal agreement(s) with (a) other autonomous libraries in the same state to perform various services cooperatively, such as resource sharing, communications, etc. and (b) libraries that are part of national, multi-state or statewide library federations or cooperatives. This excludes the Online Computer Library Center (OCLC) system; multiple-outlet administrative entities (e.g., libraries with branches that have the word "system" in their legal name) if the entity does not have an agreement with another autonomous library; and libraries that serve as the headquarters of a federation or cooperative.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements C_RELATN, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 7. Total operating revenue of public libraries and percentage distribution of revenue, by source of revenue and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total operating revenue								
		Total	Federal ¹	State	Local	Other ²	Federal	State	Local	Other
		(In thousands)					Percentage distribution			
Total ³	9,045	\$13,236,542	\$46,767	\$882,835	\$11,371,780	\$935,160	0.4	6.7	85.9	7.1
Alabama	218	106,891	822	3,922	92,970	9,177	0.8	3.7	87.0	8.6
Alaska	61	37,968	746	795	35,484	943	2.0	2.1	93.5	2.5
Arizona	90	191,756	1,885	1,360	181,982	6,530	1.0	0.7	94.9	3.4
Arkansas	60	83,910	3	5,094	71,812	7,001	#	6.1	85.6	8.3
California	184	1,556,766	3,451	16,016	1,466,205	71,094	0.2	1.0	94.2	4.6
Colorado	113	346,164	1,062	1,791	318,354	24,958	0.3	0.5	92.0	7.2
Connecticut	181	197,276	370	991	169,808	26,107	0.2	0.5	86.1	13.2
Delaware	21	26,415	26	3,944	20,984	1,461	0.1	14.9	79.4	5.5
District of Columbia	1	58,024	940	0	55,887	1,197	1.6	0.0	96.3	2.1
Florida	81	605,424	1,265	22,486	559,671	22,003	0.2	3.7	92.4	3.6
Georgia	63	200,917	1,365	31,419	156,898	11,234	0.7	15.6	78.1	5.6
Hawaii	1	38,093	1,654	34,092	0	2,347	4.3	89.5	0.0	6.2
Idaho	102	58,541	42	1,943	52,257	4,298	0.1	3.3	89.3	7.3
Illinois	622	840,167	2,632	25,538	772,330	39,667	0.3	3.0	91.9	4.7
Indiana	236	354,219	877	22,259	316,200	14,883	0.2	6.3	89.3	4.2
Iowa	535	131,392	75	2,496	118,700	10,122	0.1	1.9	90.3	7.7
Kansas	319	140,029	63	4,020	124,101	11,845	#	2.9	88.6	8.5
Kentucky	119	189,776	166	6,281	175,851	7,478	0.1	3.3	92.7	3.9
Louisiana	67	262,498	980	4,831	249,656	7,032	0.4	1.8	95.1	2.7
Maine	228	46,778	10	365	34,672	11,731	#	0.8	74.1	25.1
Maryland	24	297,796	3,789	56,309	207,552	30,147	1.3	18.9	69.7	10.1
Massachusetts	368	317,778	491	11,150	275,369	30,768	0.2	3.5	86.7	9.7
Michigan	397	439,913	395	14,320	400,330	24,869	0.1	3.3	91.0	5.7
Minnesota	137	231,197	96	7,920	201,357	21,825	#	3.4	87.1	9.4
Mississippi	52	50,264	677	6,739	37,868	4,980	1.3	13.4	75.3	9.9
Missouri	148	261,839	2,109	2,229	239,802	17,699	0.8	0.9	91.6	6.8
Montana	82	28,950	25	568	27,008	1,348	0.1	2.0	93.3	4.7
Nebraska	235	61,341	68	550	57,694	3,029	0.1	0.9	94.1	4.9
Nevada	22	97,173	1,192	24,567	67,766	3,648	1.2	25.3	69.7	3.8
New Hampshire	222	63,025	#	12	58,599	4,414	#	#	93.0	7.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 7. Total operating revenue of public libraries and percentage distribution of revenue, by source of revenue and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total operating revenue								
		Total	Federal ¹	State	Local	Other ²	Federal	State	Local	Other
		(In thousands)					Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	286	488,715	242	4,134	465,416	18,923	#	0.8	95.2	3.9
New Mexico	87	52,689	1,170	1,829	46,923	2,768	2.2	3.5	89.1	5.3
New York	756	1,426,595	7,246	58,477	1,175,047	185,825	0.5	4.1	82.4	13.0
North Carolina	81	236,263	1,608	14,796	209,514	10,345	0.7	6.3	88.7	4.4
North Dakota	74	20,837	37	1,459	17,920	1,420	0.2	7.0	86.0	6.8
Ohio	251	831,491	540	378,391	369,233	83,326	0.1	45.5	44.4	10.0
Oklahoma	119	127,435	889	1,899	116,516	8,131	0.7	1.5	91.4	6.4
Oregon	131	234,530	428	661	219,672	13,769	0.2	0.3	93.7	5.9
Pennsylvania	453	369,883	1,358	56,892	246,260	65,373	0.4	15.4	66.6	17.7
Rhode Island	48	52,318	516	8,908	35,551	7,342	1.0	17.0	68.0	14.0
South Carolina	42	144,795	226	9,151	131,136	4,281	0.2	6.3	90.6	3.0
South Dakota	111	26,970	317	0	25,713	941	1.2	0.0	95.3	3.5
Tennessee	186	129,398	294	297	121,491	7,316	0.2	0.2	93.9	5.7
Texas	540	557,088	1,200	126	535,257	20,506	0.2	#	96.1	3.7
Utah	74	113,395	276	1,673	106,943	4,503	0.2	1.5	94.3	4.0
Vermont	162	24,573	56	0	20,595	3,922	0.2	0.0	83.8	16.0
Virginia	92	295,619	1,773	15,759	266,373	11,714	0.6	5.3	90.1	4.0
Washington	62	447,306	403	396	425,294	21,213	0.1	0.1	95.1	4.7
West Virginia	97	41,817	427	9,935	28,343	3,112	1.0	23.8	67.8	7.4
Wisconsin	381	254,140	486	4,047	225,066	24,541	0.2	1.6	88.6	9.7
Wyoming	23	38,405	0	#	36,351	2,054	0.0	#	94.7	5.3
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1	408	116	280	0	11	28.5	68.7	0.0	2.8
Guam	1	1,260	0	0	1,246	14	0.0	0.0	98.9	1.1
Northern Marianas	1	758	122	0	636	0	16.1	0.0	83.9	0.0

Rounds to zero.

¹This includes federal funds, such as Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) funds, that are distributed to public libraries through state library agencies. Other federal funds that are used by state library agencies or library cooperatives to provide services that benefit local public libraries are not included in the table because they are not received as income by public libraries.²This includes monetary gifts and donations received in the current year, interest, library fines, fees for library services, or grants.³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTINCM, FEDGVT, STGVT, LOCGVT, OTHINCM from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 7A. Total operating revenue of public libraries and percentage distribution of revenue in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by source of revenue and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Total operating revenue								
		Total	Federal ¹	State	Local	Other ²	Federal	State	Local	Other
		(In thousands)					Percentage distribution			
Total ³	9,045	\$13,236,542	\$46,767	\$882,835	\$11,371,780	\$935,160	0.4	6.7	85.9	7.1
1,000,000 or more	35	2,311,366	13,379	131,261	1,963,760	202,966	0.6	5.7	85.0	8.8
500,000 to 999,999	55	1,900,057	4,322	136,149	1,629,471	130,115	0.2	7.2	85.8	6.8
250,000 to 499,999	112	1,563,570	4,683	111,731	1,367,827	79,329	0.3	7.1	87.5	5.1
100,000 to 249,999	366	2,036,440	7,685	149,596	1,757,574	121,586	0.4	7.3	86.3	6.0
50,000 to 99,999	578	1,642,031	6,289	122,236	1,418,074	95,432	0.4	7.4	86.4	5.8
25,000 to 49,999	989	1,583,276	3,828	100,464	1,375,618	103,365	0.2	6.3	86.9	6.5
10,000 to 24,999	1757	1,336,468	2,399	78,884	1,157,690	97,495	0.2	5.9	86.6	7.3
5,000 to 9,999	1494	493,074	1,413	31,964	411,258	48,440	0.3	6.5	83.4	9.8
2,500 to 4,999	1263	207,312	1,868	11,332	164,029	30,083	0.9	5.5	79.1	14.5
1,000 to 2,499	1461	123,355	599	6,436	96,174	20,146	0.5	5.2	78.0	16.3
Less than 1,000	935	39,592	302	2,783	30,304	6,203	0.8	7.0	76.5	15.7

¹This includes federal funds, such as Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) funds, that are distributed to public libraries through state library agencies. Other federal funds that are used by state library agencies or library cooperatives to provide services that benefit local public libraries are not included in the table because they are not received as income by public libraries.

²This includes monetary gifts and donations received in the current year, interest, library fines, fees for library services, or grants.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTINCM, FEDGVT, STGVT, LOCGVT, OTHINCM, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 8. Total per capita operating revenue of public libraries, by source of revenue and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total per capita ¹ operating revenue				
		Total	Federal ²	State	Local	Other ³
Total ⁴	9,045	\$42.34	\$0.15	\$2.82	\$36.37	\$2.99
Alabama	218	23.11	0.18	0.85	20.10	1.98
Alaska	61	58.85	1.16	1.23	55.00	1.46
Arizona	90	27.53	0.27	0.20	26.12	0.94
Arkansas	60	31.74	#	1.93	27.16	2.65
California	184	39.40	0.09	0.41	37.11	1.80
Colorado	113	63.52	0.19	0.33	58.42	4.58
Connecticut	181	58.50	0.11	0.29	50.35	7.74
Delaware	21	27.75	0.03	4.14	22.04	1.53
District of Columbia	1	83.61	1.35	0.00	80.53	1.72
Florida	81	29.62	0.06	1.10	27.38	1.08
Georgia	63	19.12	0.13	2.99	14.93	1.07
Hawaii	1	26.67	1.16	23.86	0.00	1.64
Idaho	102	41.11	0.03	1.36	36.70	3.02
Illinois	622	71.72	0.22	2.18	65.93	3.39
Indiana	236	58.07	0.14	3.65	51.83	2.44
Iowa	535	42.80	0.02	0.81	38.67	3.30
Kansas	319	55.95	0.03	1.61	49.59	4.73
Kentucky	119	42.77	0.04	1.42	39.63	1.69
Louisiana	67	56.04	0.21	1.03	53.30	1.50
Maine	228	40.39	0.01	0.31	29.94	10.13
Maryland	24	50.23	0.64	9.50	35.01	5.08
Massachusetts	368	46.87	0.07	1.64	40.62	4.54
Michigan	397	44.68	0.04	1.45	40.66	2.53
Minnesota	137	41.82	0.02	1.43	36.42	3.95
Mississippi	52	16.93	0.23	2.27	12.75	1.68
Missouri	148	47.84	0.39	0.41	43.82	3.23
Montana	82	29.29	0.03	0.57	27.32	1.36
Nebraska	235	39.05	0.04	0.35	36.73	1.93
Nevada	22	32.91	0.40	8.32	22.95	1.24
New Hampshire	222	47.43	#	0.01	44.10	3.32

See notes at end of table.

Table 8. Total per capita operating revenue of public libraries, by source of revenue and state: Fiscal year 2017

—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total per capita ¹ operating revenue				
		Total	Federal ²	State	Local	Other ³
New Jersey	286	56.42	0.03	0.48	53.73	2.18
New Mexico	87	35.21	0.78	1.22	31.36	1.85
New York	756	73.62	0.37	3.02	60.64	9.59
North Carolina	81	23.26	0.16	1.46	20.63	1.02
North Dakota	74	30.44	0.05	2.13	26.18	2.07
Ohio	251	72.24	0.05	32.87	32.08	7.24
Oklahoma	119	39.42	0.27	0.59	36.04	2.52
Oregon	131	65.95	0.12	0.19	61.77	3.87
Pennsylvania	453	29.76	0.11	4.58	19.82	5.26
Rhode Island	48	49.46	0.49	8.42	33.61	6.94
South Carolina	42	31.12	0.05	1.97	28.19	0.92
South Dakota	111	34.27	0.40	0.00	32.67	1.20
Tennessee	186	19.95	0.05	0.05	18.73	1.13
Texas	540	21.80	0.05	#	20.94	0.80
Utah	74	37.74	0.09	0.56	35.59	1.50
Vermont	162	42.49	0.10	0.00	35.61	6.78
Virginia	92	35.54	0.21	1.89	32.03	1.41
Washington	62	62.12	0.06	0.06	59.06	2.95
West Virginia	97	22.57	0.23	5.36	15.30	1.68
Wisconsin	381	43.94	0.08	0.70	38.92	4.24
Wyoming	23	65.59	0.00	#	62.09	3.51
Outlying areas						
American Samoa	1	6.77	1.93	4.65	0.00	0.19
Guam	1	7.67	0.00	0.00	7.59	0.08
Northern Marianas	1	14.07	2.26	0.00	11.81	0.00

Rounds to zero.

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²This includes federal funds, such as Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) funds, that are distributed to public libraries through state library agencies. Other federal funds that are used by state library agencies or library cooperatives to provide services that benefit local public libraries are not included in the table because they are not received as income by public libraries.³This includes monetary gifts and donations received in the current year, interest, library fines, fees for library services, or grants.⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTINCM, FEDGVT, STGVT, LOCGVT, OTHINCM, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 8A. Total per capita operating revenue of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by source of revenue and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Total per capita ¹ operating revenue				
		Total	Federal ²	State	Local	Other ³
Total ⁴	9,045	\$42.34	\$0.15	\$2.82	\$36.37	\$2.99
1,000,000 or more	35	38.89	0.23	2.21	33.04	3.41
500,000 to 999,999	55	47.97	0.11	3.44	41.14	3.28
250,000 to 499,999	112	40.44	0.12	2.89	35.37	2.05
100,000 to 249,999	366	36.11	0.14	2.65	31.17	2.16
50,000 to 99,999	578	41.47	0.16	3.09	35.82	2.41
25,000 to 49,999	989	47.08	0.11	2.99	40.90	3.07
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	48.78	0.09	2.88	42.25	3.56
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	46.96	0.13	3.04	39.17	4.61
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	46.11	0.42	2.52	36.48	6.69
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	51.63	0.25	2.69	40.25	8.43
Less than 1,000	935	74.03	0.56	5.20	56.66	11.60

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

²This includes federal funds, such as Library Services and Technology Act (LSTA) funds, that are distributed to public libraries through state library agencies. Other federal funds that are used by state library agencies or library cooperatives to provide services that benefit local public libraries are not included in the table because they are not received as income by public libraries.

³This includes monetary gifts and donations received in the current year, interest, library fines, fees for library services, or grants.

⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTINCM, FEDGVT, STGVT, LOCGVT, OTHINCM, POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 9. Total operating expenditures of public libraries and percentage distribution of expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total operating expenditures			
		Total (In thousands)	Staff	Collections	Other ¹
			Percentage distribution		
Total ²	9,045	\$12,376,559	66.7	11.1	22.2
Alabama	218	100,328	69.7	10.4	19.9
Alaska	61	36,032	65.6	6.6	27.8
Arizona	90	180,628	61.3	15.8	22.9
Arkansas	60	77,695	62.3	12.5	25.2
California	184	1,488,632	63.5	9.0	27.5
Colorado	113	303,199	63.3	13.8	22.9
Connecticut	181	205,020	73.5	9.1	17.4
Delaware	21	26,637	69.5	9.1	21.4
District of Columbia	1	57,529	73.9	7.1	19.0
Florida	81	562,307	59.5	11.8	28.7
Georgia	63	197,787	71.8	9.4	18.8
Hawaii	1	37,943	66.3	10.2	23.5
Idaho	102	54,321	64.3	11.4	24.4
Illinois	622	762,540	65.1	10.8	24.1
Indiana	236	322,589	62.3	13.8	23.9
Iowa	535	125,060	69.8	12.5	17.7
Kansas	319	134,810	59.5	10.8	29.7
Kentucky	119	153,532	64.0	13.5	22.5
Louisiana	67	216,877	61.4	11.6	27.0
Maine	228	47,195	69.7	8.9	21.4
Maryland	24	286,810	72.8	12.3	14.9
Massachusetts	368	321,600	71.7	12.0	16.3
Michigan	397	393,849	62.1	11.7	26.2
Minnesota	137	226,063	63.8	10.8	25.3
Mississippi	52	49,151	67.2	8.7	24.0
Missouri	148	236,739	59.7	15.3	25.0
Montana	82	27,512	70.4	10.4	19.2
Nebraska	235	58,300	67.0	13.4	19.7
Nevada	22	87,861	70.0	13.8	16.3
New Hampshire	222	62,129	74.1	9.8	16.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 9. Total operating expenditures of public libraries and percentage distribution of expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total operating expenditures			
		Total (In thousands)	Staff	Collections	Other ¹
		Percentage distribution			
New Jersey	286	454,456	72.80	8.85	18.35
New Mexico	87	48,502	65.71	16.01	18.28
New York	756	1,300,808	72.53	8.28	19.18
North Carolina	81	226,301	69.61	11.47	18.92
North Dakota	74	19,690	65.04	13.83	21.13
Ohio	251	743,659	63.92	13.67	22.41
Oklahoma	119	122,647	63.30	13.83	22.87
Oregon	131	216,070	65.67	10.11	24.22
Pennsylvania	453	361,523	67.79	9.79	22.42
Rhode Island	48	51,273	73.02	7.07	19.91
South Carolina	42	135,680	68.39	14.18	17.42
South Dakota	111	26,036	68.81	12.79	18.40
Tennessee	186	123,675	68.59	11.58	19.83
Texas	540	541,855	68.81	12.71	18.48
Utah	74	107,892	64.31	13.84	21.85
Vermont	162	26,016	68.81	9.53	21.65
Virginia	92	290,319	70.65	10.71	18.64
Washington	62	431,925	68.60	12.60	18.80
West Virginia	97	36,765	65.95	14.39	19.66
Wisconsin	381	238,694	68.14	10.33	21.53
Wyoming	23	32,100	74.65	7.70	17.66
Outlying areas					
American Samoa	1	354	59.07	4.06	36.87
Guam	1	845	99.32	0.09	0.59
Northern Marianas	1	725	60.46	4.82	34.71

¹This includes all expenditures other than those for staff and collection, such as binding, supplies, repair or replacement of existing furnishings and equipment, and costs of computer hardware and software used to support library operations or to link to external networks, including the Internet. Includes expenditures for contracts for services, such as costs of operating and maintaining physical facilities, and fees paid to a consultant, auditor, architect, attorney, etc.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTOPEXP, STAFFEXP, TOTEXPCO, OTHOPEXP from the restricted-use (unsuppressed) Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_repld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 9A. Total operating expenditures of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia and percentage distribution of expenditures, by type of expenditure and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Total operating expenditures			
		Total (In thousands)	Staff	Collections	Other ¹
		Percentage distribution			
Total ²	9,045	\$12,376,559	66.7	11.1	22.2
1,000,000 or more	35	2,204,156	65.8	10.2	24.0
500,000 to 999,999	55	1,782,145	65.4	12.9	21.8
250,000 to 499,999	112	1,481,204	65.4	11.8	22.8
100,000 to 249,999	366	1,904,004	67.1	11.0	21.9
50,000 to 99,999	578	1,515,906	68.5	10.7	20.8
25,000 to 49,999	989	1,463,242	68.7	10.4	21.0
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	1,229,746	68.2	10.5	21.3
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	455,132	66.0	11.0	23.0
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	191,884	64.8	11.7	23.5
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	113,737	61.9	12.3	25.9
Less than 1,000	935	35,403	58.9	13.1	28.0

¹This includes all expenditures other than those for staff and collection, such as binding, supplies, repair or replacement of existing furnishings and equipment, and costs of computer hardware and software used to support library operations or to link to external networks, including the Internet. Includes expenditures for contracts for services, such as costs of operating and maintaining physical facilities, and fees paid to a consultant, auditor, architect, attorney, etc.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTOPEXP, STAFFEXP, TOTEXPCO, OTHOPEXP, POPU_LSA from the restricted-use (unsuppressed) Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_repld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 10. Total per capita operating expenditures of public libraries, by type of expenditure and state:
Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total per capita ¹ operating expenditures			
		Total	Staff	Collections	Other ²
Total ³	9,045	\$39.59	\$26.41	\$4.39	\$8.78
Alabama	218	21.69	15.12	2.25	4.32
Alaska	61	55.85	36.62	3.71	15.52
Arizona	90	25.93	15.90	4.11	5.93
Arkansas	60	29.39	18.30	3.67	7.41
California	184	37.68	23.93	3.40	10.35
Colorado	113	55.64	35.19	7.68	12.76
Connecticut	181	60.79	44.69	5.55	10.56
Delaware	21	27.98	19.45	2.54	5.99
District of Columbia	1	82.90	61.28	5.86	15.76
Florida	81	27.51	16.37	3.25	7.89
Georgia	63	18.82	13.51	1.77	3.54
Hawaii	1	26.56	17.60	2.72	6.24
Idaho	102	38.15	24.51	4.34	9.29
Illinois	622	65.09	42.37	7.06	15.67
Indiana	236	52.88	32.93	7.31	12.64
Iowa	535	40.74	28.43	5.11	7.20
Kansas	319	53.87	32.03	5.83	16.01
Kentucky	119	34.60	22.14	4.68	7.78
Louisiana	67	46.30	28.42	5.38	12.50
Maine	228	40.75	28.40	3.63	8.72
Maryland	24	48.38	35.22	5.94	7.21
Massachusetts	368	47.44	34.03	5.69	7.72
Michigan	397	40.00	24.84	4.66	10.50
Minnesota	137	40.89	26.10	4.43	10.36
Mississippi	52	16.55	11.13	1.45	3.98
Missouri	148	43.26	25.81	6.61	10.83
Montana	82	27.83	19.59	2.90	5.34
Nebraska	235	37.11	24.85	4.97	7.29
Nevada	22	29.76	20.82	4.09	4.84
New Hampshire	222	46.76	34.67	4.59	7.50

See notes at end of table.

Table 10. Total per capita operating expenditures of public libraries, by type of expenditure and state:**Fiscal year 2017—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries	Total per capita ¹ operating expenditures			
		Total	Staff	Collections	Other ²
New Jersey	286	52.47	38.20	4.64	9.63
New Mexico	87	32.41	21.30	5.19	5.92
New York	756	67.13	48.69	5.56	12.88
North Carolina	81	22.28	15.51	2.56	4.22
North Dakota	74	28.76	18.71	3.98	6.08
Ohio	251	64.61	41.30	8.83	14.48
Oklahoma	119	37.94	24.02	5.25	8.68
Oregon	131	60.76	39.90	6.14	14.72
Pennsylvania	453	29.09	19.72	2.85	6.52
Rhode Island	48	48.47	35.39	3.43	9.65
South Carolina	42	29.16	19.95	4.14	5.08
South Dakota	111	33.08	22.76	4.23	6.09
Tennessee	186	19.07	13.08	2.21	3.78
Texas	540	21.20	14.59	2.69	3.92
Utah	74	35.91	23.09	4.97	7.85
Vermont	162	44.98	30.96	4.29	9.74
Virginia	92	34.91	24.66	3.74	6.51
Washington	62	59.98	41.15	7.56	11.28
West Virginia	97	19.84	13.09	2.86	3.90
Wisconsin	381	41.27	28.13	4.26	8.88
Wyoming	23	54.82	40.92	4.22	9.68
Outlying areas					
American Samoa	1	5.87	3.47	0.24	2.16
Guam	1	5.15	5.11	#	0.03
Northern Marianas	1	13.46	8.14	0.65	4.67

Rounds to zero.

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²This includes all expenditures other than those for staff and collection, such as binding, supplies, repair or replacement of existing furnishings and equipment, and costs of computer hardware and software used to support library operations or to link to external networks, including the Internet. Includes expenditures for contracts for services, such as costs of operating and maintaining physical facilities, and fees paid to a consultant, auditor, architect, attorney, etc.³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTOPEXP, STAFFEXP, TOTEXPCO, OTHOPEXP, POPU_UND from the restricted-use (unsuppressed) Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_repld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 10A. Total per capita operating expenditures of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of expenditure and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Total per capita ¹ operating expenditures			
		Total	Staff	Collections	Other ²
Total ³	9,045	\$39.59	\$26.41	\$4.39	\$8.78
1,000,000 or more	35	37.08	24.40	3.79	8.89
500,000 to 999,999	55	44.99	29.42	5.78	9.79
250,000 to 499,999	112	38.31	25.04	4.54	8.73
100,000 to 249,999	366	33.76	22.65	3.71	7.40
50,000 to 99,999	578	38.29	26.21	4.10	7.98
25,000 to 49,999	989	43.51	29.88	4.51	9.12
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	44.88	30.59	4.72	9.57
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	43.35	28.60	4.76	9.98
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	42.68	27.67	4.99	10.02
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	47.60	29.45	5.84	12.31
Less than 1,000	935	66.20	39.00	8.65	18.55

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

²This includes all expenditures other than those for staff and collection, such as binding, supplies, repair or replacement of existing furnishings and equipment, and costs of computer hardware and software used to support library operations or to link to external networks, including the Internet. Includes expenditures for contracts for services, such as costs of operating and maintaining physical facilities, and fees paid to a consultant, auditor, architect, attorney, etc.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTOPEXP, STAFFEXP, TOTEXPCO, OTHOPEXP, POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the restricted-use (unsuppressed) Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_repld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 11. Total collection expenditures of public libraries and percentage distribution of expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total collection expenditures (In thousands)	Percentage of total collection expenditures		
			Print materials expenditures	Electronic materials expenditures ¹	Other materials expenditures ²
Total ³	9,045	\$1,373,683	54.8	27.2	18.0
Alabama	218	10,399	59.6	19.9	20.5
Alaska	61	2,391	72.1	24.6	3.3
Arizona	90	28,618	52.9	28.4	18.7
Arkansas	60	9,712	53.7	27.4	18.9
California	184	134,252	54.6	30.0	15.4
Colorado	113	41,866	41.3	37.7	21.0
Connecticut	181	18,716	61.2	23.6	15.3
Delaware	21	2,416	72.6	6.7	20.7
District of Columbia	1	4,065	70.2	29.3	0.6
Florida	81	66,403	51.8	30.8	17.4
Georgia	63	18,578	61.8	25.7	12.5
Hawaii	1	3,888	67.9	29.0	3.1
Idaho	102	6,186	66.7	22.4	11.0
Illinois	622	82,660	52.8	29.5	17.7
Indiana	236	44,603	51.7	30.6	17.6
Iowa	535	15,683	60.8	19.8	19.4
Kansas	319	14,585	55.4	25.3	19.3
Kentucky	119	20,770	49.6	29.2	21.2
Louisiana	67	25,200	48.8	31.2	20.0
Maine	228	4,205	76.0	10.5	13.5
Maryland	24	35,242	52.6	27.1	20.4
Massachusetts	368	38,552	58.3	23.2	18.5
Michigan	397	45,892	54.2	22.9	22.9
Minnesota	137	24,487	56.9	25.1	18.0
Mississippi	52	4,293	66.1	18.0	15.8
Missouri	148	36,187	49.3	32.8	17.9
Montana	82	2,866	62.6	19.1	18.3
Nebraska	235	7,808	62.0	23.3	14.7
Nevada	22	12,081	41.9	35.4	22.7
New Hampshire	222	6,095	66.6	15.6	17.7

See notes at end of table.

Table 11. Total collection expenditures of public libraries and percentage distribution of expenditures, by type of expenditure and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total collection expenditures (In thousands)	Percentage of total collection expenditures		
			Print materials expenditures	Electronic materials expenditures ¹	Other materials expenditures ²
New Jersey	286	40,198	61.7	20.2	18.1
New Mexico	87	7,764	54.0	27.6	18.3
New York	756	107,759	58.9	27.0	14.2
North Carolina	81	25,955	68.0	21.0	11.0
North Dakota	74	2,724	67.6	21.8	10.6
Ohio	251	101,681	44.6	26.2	29.2
Oklahoma	119	16,957	50.7	30.1	19.2
Oregon	131	21,841	48.9	33.7	17.4
Pennsylvania	453	35,402	58.6	26.2	15.2
Rhode Island	48	3,624	66.2	17.6	16.2
South Carolina	42	19,246	55.6	22.4	22.1
South Dakota	111	3,329	58.5	25.6	15.9
Tennessee	186	14,323	64.7	24.0	11.2
Texas	540	68,850	59.6	26.4	14.1
Utah	74	14,933	56.9	22.7	20.3
Vermont	162	2,480	71.1	12.5	16.4
Virginia	92	31,089	59.9	25.0	15.0
Washington	62	54,409	48.5	34.5	16.9
West Virginia	97	5,291	61.7	23.4	14.9
Wisconsin	381	24,658	63.9	11.9	24.2
Wyoming	23	2,471	62.5	14.2	23.2
Outlying areas					
American Samoa	1	14	19.3	0.0	80.7
Guam	1	1	100.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	35	57.1	14.3	28.6

¹This includes all operating expenditures for electronic (digital) materials. Types of electronic materials include e-books, e-serials (including journals), government documents, databases (including locally mounted, full text or not), electronic files, reference tools, scores, maps, or pictures in electronic or digital format, including materials digitized by the library. Electronic materials can be distributed on magnetic tape, diskettes, computer software, CD-ROM, or other portable digital carrier, and can be accessed via a computer, via access to the Internet, or by using an e-book reader. This includes expenditures for materials held locally and for remote electronic materials for which permanent or temporary access rights have been acquired. It also includes expenditures for database licenses.

²This includes all operating expenditures for other materials, such as microform, audio, video, DVD, and materials in new formats.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTEXPCO, PRMATEXP, ELMATEXP, OTHMATEXP from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 11A. Total collection expenditures of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia and percentage distribution of expenditures, by type of expenditure and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total collection expenditures (In thousands)	Percentage of total collection expenditures		
			Print materials expenditures	Electronic materials expenditures ¹	Other materials expenditures ²
Total ³	9,045	1,373,683	54.8	27.2	18.0
1,000,000 or more	35	225,557	54.1	32.0	13.9
500,000 to 999,999	55	229,139	48.2	34.0	17.8
250,000 to 499,999	112	175,411	50.9	29.5	19.6
100,000 to 249,999	366	209,372	53.4	27.2	19.4
50,000 to 99,999	578	162,236	55.0	26.3	18.8
25,000 to 49,999	989	151,676	57.8	23.2	19.0
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	129,252	61.2	20.1	18.7
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	50,020	66.8	13.8	19.4
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	22,436	70.9	10.3	18.8
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	13,957	73.2	8.7	18.1
Less than 1,000	935	4,628	72.8	10.4	16.8

¹Electronic materials expenditures include all operating expenditures for electronic (digital) materials. Types of electronic materials include e-books, e-sericals (including journals), government documents, databases (including locally mounted, full text or not), electronic files, reference tools, scores, maps, or pictures in electronic or digital format, including materials digitized by the library. Electronic materials can be distributed on magnetic tape, diskettes, computer software, CD-ROM, or other portable digital carrier, and can be accessed via a computer, via access to the Internet, or by using an e-book reader. This includes expenditures for materials held locally and for remote electronic materials for which permanent or temporary access rights have been acquired. It also includes expenditures for database licenses.

²This includes all operating expenditures for other materials, such as microform, audio, video, DVD, and materials in new formats.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTEXPCO, PRMATEXP, ELMATEXP, OTHMATEX, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 12. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by total operating expenditures and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total operating expenditures								
		Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$199,999	\$200,000 to \$399,999	\$400,000 to \$699,999	\$700,000 to \$999,999	\$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999	\$5,000,000 or more
		Percentage distribution								
Total ¹	9,045	1.6	15.5	14.2	15.2	14.4	10.9	6.5	16.9	4.7
Alabama	218	0.9	26.6	16.1	21.1	15.6	7.3	5.0	5.5	1.8
Alaska	61	3.3	37.7	4.9	9.8	14.8	13.1	6.6	6.6	3.3
Arizona	90	0.0	7.8	17.8	17.8	13.3	12.2	4.4	17.8	8.9
Arkansas	60	0.0	5.0	6.7	6.7	20.0	16.7	8.3	33.3	3.3
California	184	0.0	0.5	0.5	0.5	5.4	7.1	6.0	50.0	29.9
Colorado	113	0.0	11.5	10.6	13.3	19.5	8.0	7.1	19.5	10.6
Connecticut	181	0.0	1.1	7.2	11.0	17.7	18.8	12.7	28.2	3.3
Delaware	21	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	47.6	19.0	9.5	14.3	4.8
District of Columbia	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Florida	81	0.0	1.2	3.7	2.5	6.2	9.9	11.1	37.0	28.4
Georgia	63	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.9	11.1	9.5	57.1	14.3
Hawaii	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Idaho	102	1.0	23.5	20.6	14.7	12.7	10.8	2.9	12.7	1.0
Illinois	622	0.8	14.1	16.6	15.9	12.1	9.5	5.0	20.4	5.6
Indiana	236	0.4	3.8	10.2	16.9	16.5	11.0	11.0	25.0	5.1
Iowa	535	3.4	40.6	22.2	15.0	8.2	4.3	2.1	3.6	0.7
Kansas	319	7.8	38.6	16.3	15.7	9.1	5.3	2.8	3.1	1.3
Kentucky	119	0.0	2.5	2.5	5.9	19.3	27.7	16.0	22.7	3.4
Louisiana	67	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5	10.4	22.4	11.9	34.3	17.9
Maine	228	5.7	36.8	18.4	13.6	9.6	9.6	3.5	2.2	0.4
Maryland	24	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12.5	41.7	45.8
Massachusetts	368	1.1	8.4	10.3	7.6	14.4	22.3	10.3	24.2	1.4
Michigan	397	0.0	6.0	12.8	20.4	20.4	12.6	7.8	15.9	4.0
Minnesota	137	0.7	10.2	16.1	21.9	16.8	7.3	8.0	12.4	6.6
Mississippi	52	0.0	0.0	3.8	17.3	17.3	21.2	15.4	23.1	1.9
Missouri	148	1.4	14.9	12.2	18.9	18.2	12.2	5.4	12.2	4.7
Montana	82	1.2	15.9	20.7	25.6	23.2	4.9	0.0	8.5	0.0
Nebraska	235	7.2	46.0	19.6	8.9	6.8	6.4	1.3	3.0	0.9
Nevada	22	0.0	0.0	13.6	13.6	13.6	18.2	0.0	27.3	13.6
New Hampshire	222	3.6	23.0	16.7	22.1	16.2	7.7	3.2	7.7	0.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 12. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by total operating expenditures and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total operating expenditures								
		Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$199,999	\$200,000 to \$399,999	\$400,000 to \$699,999	\$700,000 to \$999,999	\$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999	\$5,000,000 or more
		Percentage distribution								
New Jersey	286	4.5	1.0	2.1	5.6	16.1	16.4	16.1	33.2	4.9
New Mexico	87	1.1	11.5	27.6	21.8	14.9	8.0	5.7	8.0	1.1
New York	756	0.1	12.6	18.4	16.8	12.2	10.6	4.6	20.5	4.2
North Carolina	81	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.9	18.5	11.1	56.8	8.6
North Dakota	74	14.9	41.9	14.9	9.5	5.4	4.1	2.7	6.8	0.0
Ohio	251	0.0	0.0	2.8	4.8	17.1	16.7	13.1	34.3	11.2
Oklahoma	119	0.0	25.2	23.5	18.5	14.3	6.7	1.7	6.7	3.4
Oregon	131	0.8	13.7	15.3	7.6	13.7	15.3	9.2	17.6	6.9
Pennsylvania	453	0.0	7.9	17.2	23.2	21.6	11.9	6.6	9.7	1.8
Rhode Island	48	0.0	0.0	4.2	10.4	22.9	14.6	12.5	31.3	4.2
South Carolina	42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	11.9	21.4	9.5	40.5	16.7
South Dakota	111	8.1	35.1	22.5	14.4	8.1	5.4	2.7	2.7	0.9
Tennessee	186	2.2	22.0	15.6	22.0	18.3	6.5	4.3	7.0	2.2
Texas	540	0.2	13.5	13.5	24.4	16.7	11.5	4.3	13.1	2.8
Utah	74	0.0	9.5	14.9	21.6	16.2	10.8	6.8	14.9	5.4
Vermont	162	2.5	28.4	31.5	16.7	10.5	7.4	1.9	1.2	0.0
Virginia	92	0.0	1.1	1.1	3.3	15.2	13.0	10.9	39.1	16.3
Washington	62	0.0	17.7	6.5	0.0	11.3	6.5	8.1	25.8	24.2
West Virginia	97	0.0	12.4	27.8	21.6	19.6	5.2	5.2	7.2	1.0
Wisconsin	381	0.0	8.9	17.3	24.4	18.4	8.7	9.7	11.5	1.0
Wyoming	23	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	30.4	17.4	4.3	47.8	0.0
Outlying areas										
American Samoa	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guam	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0

¹Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data element TOTOPEXP from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) was used to produce this table.

Table 12A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by total operating expenditures and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Total operating expenditures								
		Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$199,999	\$200,000 to \$399,999	\$400,000 to \$699,999	\$700,000 to \$999,999	\$1,000,000 to \$4,999,999	\$5,000,000 or more
		Percentage distribution								
Total ¹	9,045	1.6	15.5	14.2	15.2	14.4	10.9	6.5	16.9	4.7
1,000,000 or more	35	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
500,000 to 999,999	55	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
250,000 to 499,999	112	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.3	85.7
100,000 to 249,999	366	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.5	0.3	0.5	1.6	57.4	39.1
50,000 to 99,999	578	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	2.1	5.5	9.9	70.6	11.2
25,000 to 49,999	989	0.1	0.1	1.0	1.1	8.1	16.4	16.4	54.3	2.5
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	0.2	0.7	1.7	10.8	24.4	27.3	16.6	18.2	0.2
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	0.3	3.6	10.4	26.8	35.5	16.7	4.2	2.3	0.0
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	0.5	12.3	27.4	39.0	16.4	3.6	0.6	0.2	0.0
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	1.9	35.9	41.5	17.0	2.6	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.0
Less than 1,000	935	10.8	70.4	14.8	3.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0

¹Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Missing data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTOPEXP, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 13. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by total per capita operating expenditures and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total per capita ¹ operating expenditures									
		\$0 to \$.99	\$1 to \$2.99	\$3 to \$4.99	\$5 to \$6.99	\$7 to \$8.99	\$9 to \$11.99	\$12 to \$14.99	\$15 to \$19.99	\$20 to \$29.99	\$30 or more
Percentage distribution											
Total ²	9,045	0.2	0.3	0.9	1.3	2.1	4.2	5.0	8.6	18.4	58.9
Alabama	218	0.5	2.8	6.0	8.7	5.0	8.7	6.9	12.4	20.2	28.9
Alaska	61	1.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	9.8	86.9
Arizona	90	0.0	0.0	4.4	1.1	2.2	5.6	7.8	11.1	21.1	46.7
Arkansas	60	0.0	1.7	3.3	0.0	3.3	6.7	10.0	23.3	31.7	20.0
California	184	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.6	3.8	3.3	5.4	12.5	16.3	56.5
Colorado	113	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.8	4.4	8.8	82.3
Connecticut	181	0.0	0.0	1.7	0.0	2.2	2.8	1.1	3.9	7.2	81.2
Delaware	21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	9.5	19.0	33.3	33.3
District of Columbia	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Florida	81	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	7.4	9.9	17.3	34.6	29.6
Georgia	63	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	11.1	22.2	36.5	25.4	3.2
Hawaii	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Idaho	102	0.0	1.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	2.9	0.0	4.9	23.5	66.7
Illinois	622	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.8	7.2	15.8	73.6
Indiana	236	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.8	0.8	2.1	8.1	87.7
Iowa	535	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	1.7	2.4	5.8	20.2	69.2
Kansas	319	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.6	2.2	13.8	83.1
Kentucky	119	0.0	0.8	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7	10.1	19.3	61.3
Louisiana	67	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	0.0	1.5	3.0	3.0	22.4	68.7
Maine	228	0.4	1.3	3.9	3.1	5.3	7.5	7.5	10.1	18.9	42.1
Maryland	24	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.3	91.7
Massachusetts	368	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	3.3	14.1	79.3
Michigan	397	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.5	4.8	5.5	10.1	25.9	52.4
Minnesota	137	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	1.5	2.2	3.6	20.4	71.5
Mississippi	52	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.8	5.8	19.2	21.2	30.8	17.3	1.9
Missouri	148	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	2.7	6.8	12.2	18.2	24.3	35.1
Montana	82	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	1.2	15.9	37.8	42.7
Nebraska	235	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.9	2.6	3.0	8.1	85.1
Nevada	22	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	9.1	4.5	4.5	27.3	54.5
New Hampshire	222	0.9	0.9	1.4	1.8	1.8	3.2	3.6	3.2	17.6	65.8

See notes at end of table.

Table 13. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by total per capita operating expenditures and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total per capita ¹ operating expenditures									
		\$0 to \$0.99	\$1 to \$2.99	\$3 to \$4.99	\$5 to \$6.99	\$7 to \$8.99	\$9 to \$11.99	\$12 to \$14.99	\$15 to \$19.99	\$20 to \$29.99	\$30 or more
Percentage distribution											
New Jersey	286	4.5	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.7	0.7	2.8	11.2	79.0
New Mexico	87	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	3.4	1.1	5.7	17.2	71.3
New York	756	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.5	1.9	2.9	7.7	16.7	69.8
North Carolina	81	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.7	8.6	19.8	19.8	30.9	17.3
North Dakota	74	0.0	1.4	1.4	5.4	4.1	5.4	8.1	14.9	32.4	27.0
Ohio	251	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	6.4	92.0
Oklahoma	119	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	1.7	12.6	32.8	49.6
Oregon	131	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.8	16.0	75.6
Pennsylvania	453	0.0	0.0	1.1	2.2	5.7	12.6	16.1	19.0	20.5	22.7
Rhode Island	48	0.0	4.2	2.1	2.1	0.0	0.0	6.3	2.1	16.7	66.7
South Carolina	42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.1	11.9	31.0	33.3	16.7
South Dakota	111	1.8	4.5	2.7	4.5	3.6	2.7	3.6	7.2	13.5	55.9
Tennessee	186	0.0	1.6	8.1	13.4	19.4	18.8	11.3	9.1	11.3	7.0
Texas	540	0.0	0.6	1.7	3.9	5.4	10.0	10.9	15.7	26.5	25.4
Utah	74	0.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	0.0	2.7	5.4	17.6	21.6	51.4
Vermont	162	0.6	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.6	3.1	3.7	6.8	22.8	59.9
Virginia	92	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	6.5	17.4	31.5	43.5
Washington	62	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.6	3.2	6.5	11.3	77.4
West Virginia	97	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	7.2	32.0	25.8	11.3	10.3	12.4
Wisconsin	381	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	2.6	20.7	74.8
Wyoming	23	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	21.7	78.3
Outlying areas											
American Samoa	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guam	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹In Tables 13 and 13a, per capita is based on the population of legal service areas. This is the number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. The determination of this population figure is the responsibility of the state library agency. There may be overlaps in population of legal service areas served by individual libraries, resulting in the same population being counted twice. This population figure should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in each state available from the State Data Center. Per capita calculations in all other tables are based on the unduplicated population of legal service areas.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTOPEXP, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 13A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by total per capita operating expenditures and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Total per capita ¹ operating expenditures									
		\$0 to \$.99	\$1 to \$2.99	\$3 to \$4.99	\$5 to \$6.99	\$7 to \$8.99	\$9 to \$11.99	\$12 to \$14.99	\$15 to \$19.99	\$20 to \$29.99	\$30 or more
Percentage distribution											
Total ²	9,045	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.3	2.0	4.0	4.9	8.5	17.8	60.1
1,000,000 or more	35	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	5.7	5.7	31.4	54.3
500,000 to 999,999	55	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	3.6	7.3	20.0	67.3
250,000 to 499,999	112	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	3.6	7.1	12.5	25.9	50.0
100,000 to 249,999	366	0.5	0.8	0.0	1.1	2.7	5.7	8.5	13.9	21.0	45.6
50,000 to 99,999	578	0.2	0.5	1.0	1.6	2.2	4.7	9.2	9.9	19.7	51.0
25,000 to 49,999	989	0.2	0.3	1.4	1.6	2.6	4.4	4.3	10.7	17.5	56.8
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.7	2.4	4.9	6.3	8.0	16.7	58.9
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	0.3	0.3	1.0	1.7	2.3	5.1	5.0	8.1	18.5	57.7
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	0.2	0.4	0.7	1.7	2.1	4.4	4.4	9.1	19.0	58.1
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.6	1.3	2.8	3.2	7.7	19.5	63.8
Less than 1,000	935	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.5	1.2	2.1	4.6	11.2	79.3

¹In Tables 13 and 13a, per capita is based on the population of legal service areas. This is the number of people in the geographic area for which a public library has been established to offer services and from which (or on behalf of which) the library derives revenue, plus any areas served under contract for which the library is the primary service provider. The determination of this population figure is the responsibility of the state library agency. There may be overlaps in population of legal service areas served by individual libraries, resulting in the same population being counted twice. This population figure should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in each state available from the State Data Center. Per capita calculations in all other tables are based on the unduplicated population of legal service areas.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Missing data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTOPEXP, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 14. Number of public library services and library services per capita, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Library visits		Total circulation ¹		Children's circulation		Registered users	
		Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Total (In thous.)	Percentage of total circulation ³	Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²
Total ⁴	9,045	1,317,654	4.21	2,163,539	6.94	766,459	35.36	172,188	0.55
Alabama	218	14,578	3.15	19,919	4.31	6,766	33.97	2,620	0.57
Alaska	61	3,364	5.21	4,680	7.26	1,490	31.82	363	0.56
Arizona	90	24,589	3.53	45,352	6.59	12,427	27.28	3,239	0.46
Arkansas	60	10,358	3.92	13,900	5.29	3,919	28.05	1,666	0.63
California	184	151,059	3.82	208,171	5.27	85,182	40.91	22,814	0.58
Colorado	113	31,976	5.87	62,439	11.46	21,350	34.19	3,625	0.67
Connecticut	181	20,036	5.94	24,804	7.62	9,132	35.34	1,464	0.43
Delaware	21	4,118	4.33	5,546	5.83	1,775	32.01	388	0.41
District of Columbia	1	3,593	5.18	4,293	6.19	1,519	35.39	430	0.62
Florida	81	66,753	3.27	99,660	4.89	31,821	31.86	11,641	0.57
Georgia	63	28,816	2.74	35,453	3.37	15,921	44.91	4,268	0.41
Hawaii	1	4,135	2.89	5,906	4.13	2,359	39.94	917	0.64
Idaho	102	8,029	5.64	15,618	10.97	6,557	41.99	886	0.62
Illinois	622	66,175	5.65	107,710	9.27	41,948	38.78	4,995	0.43
Indiana	236	31,849	5.22	70,761	11.61	21,293	30.08	3,225	0.53
Iowa	535	17,233	5.61	25,213	8.25	9,060	35.79	2,033	0.66
Kansas	319	13,734	5.49	24,534	9.80	9,574	39.02	1,679	0.67
Kentucky	119	17,909	4.04	29,539	6.66	9,271	31.39	2,690	0.61
Louisiana	67	17,211	3.67	21,469	4.58	4,739	22.07	2,502	0.53
Maine	228	6,673	5.76	8,467	7.31	3,109	36.72	662	0.57
Maryland	24	26,090	4.40	56,357	9.51	23,038	40.88	3,630	0.61
Massachusetts	368	40,456	5.97	54,673	8.07	20,050	36.67	3,353	0.49
Michigan	397	46,053	4.68	77,583	7.90	25,017	32.16	4,731	0.48
Minnesota	137	23,357	4.22	48,990	8.87	19,489	39.73	3,859	0.70
Mississippi	52	8,582	2.89	7,189	2.42	2,314	32.18	1,784	0.60
Missouri	148	26,129	4.77	51,981	9.50	17,157	33.01	3,228	0.59
Montana	82	4,215	4.26	5,973	6.04	1,998	33.45	432	0.44
Nebraska	235	7,726	4.92	12,395	7.91	5,783	46.58	1,091	0.69
Nevada	22	9,685	3.28	18,414	6.24	6,038	32.79	1,296	0.44
New Hampshire	222	7,016	5.28	10,425	7.88	3,613	34.56	791	0.60

See notes at end of table.

Table 14. Number of public library services and library services per capita, by type of service and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Library visits		Total circulation ¹		Children's circulation		Registered users	
		Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Total (In thous.)	Percentage of total circulation ³	Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²
New Jersey	286	41,874	4.83	51,596	5.98	20,391	39.35	4,134	0.48
New Mexico	87	7,019	4.69	9,321	6.23	2,658	28.52	1,105	0.74
New York	756	100,012	5.16	127,223	6.57	41,037	32.26	10,397	0.54
North Carolina	81	32,621	3.21	49,231	4.85	21,643	43.96	5,647	0.56
North Dakota	74	2,159	3.15	3,592	5.25	1,342	37.28	272	0.40
Ohio	251	71,896	6.25	170,443	14.85	52,515	30.73	8,440	0.73
Oklahoma	119	13,491	4.17	23,661	7.32	6,686	28.26	1,988	0.62
Oregon	131	20,260	5.70	54,031	15.19	12,182	22.55	2,085	0.59
Pennsylvania	453	42,252	3.40	61,830	4.99	22,272	35.92	5,329	0.43
Rhode Island	48	5,669	5.36	6,049	5.72	1,847	30.54	443	0.42
South Carolina	42	14,568	3.13	23,924	5.14	8,705	36.38	2,559	0.55
South Dakota	111	3,700	4.70	5,929	7.58	2,422	40.46	371	0.47
Tennessee	186	19,397	2.99	26,992	4.16	9,394	34.80	3,270	0.50
Texas	540	70,302	2.75	117,268	4.59	46,981	40.04	14,256	0.56
Utah	74	15,327	5.10	33,801	11.36	15,072	44.24	1,747	0.58
Vermont	162	3,585	6.20	3,932	7.41	1,732	40.30	311	0.54
Virginia	92	34,563	4.16	65,985	7.93	24,967	37.84	4,885	0.59
Washington	62	37,988	5.28	84,405	11.72	26,610	31.53	4,056	0.56
West Virginia	97	5,231	2.82	6,510	3.51	2,030	31.19	946	0.51
Wisconsin	381	30,877	5.34	55,712	9.63	20,416	36.65	3,281	0.57
Wyoming	23	3,367	5.75	4,691	8.01	1,846	39.36	363	0.62
Outlying areas									
American Samoa	1	68	1.13	18	0.30	11	63.24	15	0.25
Guam	1	82	0.50	40	0.24	22	54.70	66	0.40
Northern Marianas	1	104	1.93	41	0.75	32	78.75	44	0.81

¹The data element definition for total circulation (TOTCIR) changed in FY 2016. Missing data for changed data elements are not imputed until data have been collected systematically for at least three years; therefore, missing data were not imputed in FY 2017. Total circulation in thousands and per capita exclude records with missing data.

²Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Ratio excludes libraries where total circulation was missing. See footnote 1.

⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements VISITS, TOTCIR, KIDCIRCL, REGBOR, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 14A. Number of public library services and library services per capita in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of service and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Library visits		Total circulation ¹		Children's circulation		Registered users	
		Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Total (In thous.)	Percentage of total circulation ³	Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²
Total ⁴	9,045	1,317,654	4.21	2,163,539	6.94	766,459	35.36	172,188	0.55
1,000,000 or more	35	207,447	3.49	329,835	5.55	123,186	37.35	31,525	0.53
500,000 to 999,999	55	160,922	4.06	339,681	8.58	106,064	31.22	22,499	0.57
250,000 to 499,999	112	150,635	3.90	286,006	7.40	96,910	33.88	21,138	0.55
100,000 to 249,999	366	204,106	3.62	360,256	6.40	134,248	37.26	29,817	0.53
50,000 to 99,999	578	171,981	4.34	270,650	6.85	99,149	36.57	21,122	0.53
25,000 to 49,999	989	159,972	4.76	244,151	7.28	89,364	36.52	18,288	0.54
10,000 to 24,999	1757	154,489	5.64	201,731	7.41	72,974	35.90	15,883	0.58
5,000 to 9,999	1494	62,893	5.99	75,484	7.27	26,070	34.18	6,560	0.62
2,500 to 4,999	1263	26,077	5.80	32,754	7.39	10,907	32.90	2,952	0.66
1,000 to 2,499	1461	15,068	6.31	18,358	7.85	6,106	32.70	1,845	0.77
Less than 1,000	935	4,066	7.60	4,632	9.10	1,482	30.66	561	1.05

¹The data element definition for total circulation (TOTCIR) changed in FY 2016. Missing data for changed data elements are not imputed until data have been collected systematically for at least three years; therefore, missing data were not imputed in FY 2017. Total circulation in thousands and per capita exclude records with missing data.

²Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Ratio excludes libraries where total circulation was missing. See footnote 1.

⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements VISITS, TOTCIR, KIDCIRCL, REGBOR, POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 15. Number of interlibrary loans provided to and received from per 1,000 population, by state:
Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Interlibrary loans provided to		Interlibrary loans received from	
		Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ¹	Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ¹
Total ²	9,045	64,205	205.35	63,947	204.53
Alabama	218	385	83.18	418	90.42
Alaska	61	9	14.57	10	15.09
Arizona	90	508	72.88	486	69.73
Arkansas	60	28	10.54	27	10.21
California	184	3,464	87.68	3,069	77.68
Colorado	113	1,305	239.48	1,202	220.54
Connecticut	181	682	202.31	592	175.48
Delaware	21	708	743.30	798	837.66
District of Columbia	1	0	0.00	#	0.19
Florida	81	111	5.41	128	6.24
Georgia	63	19	1.77	14	1.29
Hawaii	1	#	0.18	#	0.02
Idaho	102	141	99.16	138	96.68
Illinois	622	5,377	459.02	5,624	480.10
Indiana	236	624	102.35	634	103.97
Iowa	535	327	106.41	338	110.15
Kansas	319	827	330.62	849	339.19
Kentucky	119	44	9.84	54	12.07
Louisiana	67	81	17.31	94	19.99
Maine	228	527	455.14	568	490.39
Maryland	24	436	73.49	440	74.22
Massachusetts	368	6,203	914.95	6,240	920.41
Michigan	397	2,707	274.97	2,799	284.25
Minnesota	137	1,214	219.64	1,229	222.23
Mississippi	52	13	4.53	19	6.46
Missouri	148	441	80.56	456	83.36
Montana	82	265	268.08	257	259.81
Nebraska	235	28	17.56	30	19.03
Nevada	22	152	51.57	109	36.87
New Hampshire	222	299	224.76	291	219.13

See notes at end of table.

Table 15. Number of interlibrary loans provided to and received from per 1,000 population, by state:**Fiscal year 2017—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries	Interlibrary loans provided to		Interlibrary loans received from	
		Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ¹	Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ¹
New Jersey	286	2,187	252.45	2,257	260.53
New Mexico	87	13	8.67	20	13.17
New York	756	7,428	383.32	7,264	374.88
North Carolina	81	485	47.76	398	39.15
North Dakota	74	55	80.65	41	60.25
Ohio	251	10,495	911.74	10,312	895.88
Oklahoma	119	39	12.03	76	23.54
Oregon	131	71	19.98	82	23.17
Pennsylvania	453	4,728	380.45	4,716	379.46
Rhode Island	48	990	935.58	997	942.30
South Carolina	42	242	51.93	272	58.40
South Dakota	111	29	36.35	32	41.05
Tennessee	186	113	17.46	120	18.44
Texas	540	576	22.54	659	25.80
Utah	74	54	18.03	64	21.22
Vermont	162	97	167.20	59	101.74
Virginia	92	129	15.50	135	16.20
Washington	62	679	94.32	667	92.67
West Virginia	97	108	58.12	106	57.15
Wisconsin	381	8,724	1508.41	8,730	1509.59
Wyoming	23	40	68.60	31	52.66
Outlying areas					
American Samoa	1	0	0.00	0	0.00
Guam	1	#	0.10	#	0.01
Northern Marianas	1	0	0.00	0	0.00

Rounds to zero.

¹Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements LOANTO, LOANFM, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 15A. Number of interlibrary loans provided to and received from per 1,000 population in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Interlibrary loans provided to		Interlibrary loans received from	
		Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ¹	Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ¹
Total ²	9,045	64,205	205.35	63,947	204.53
1,000,000 or more	35	586	9.86	684	11.50
500,000 to 999,999	55	1,819	45.92	2,548	64.32
250,000 to 499,999	112	3,961	102.44	3,881	100.38
100,000 to 249,999	366	6,038	107.07	6,317	112.02
50,000 to 99,999	578	9,960	251.55	9,604	242.55
25,000 to 49,999	989	13,897	413.19	14,327	425.98
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	15,696	572.84	15,405	562.23
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	7,378	702.68	6,653	633.60
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	3,087	686.59	2,907	646.46
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	1,439	602.23	1,316	550.73
Less than 1,000	935	344	643.29	306	571.62

¹Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements LOANTO, LOANFM, POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 16. Total, children's, and young adults' programs offered in public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total programs ¹		Children's programs			Young adults' programs		
		Total	Per 1,000 population ²	Total	Per 1,000 population ²	Percentage of total programs	Total	Per 1,000 population ²	Percentage of total programs
Total ³	9,045	5,408,208	17.30	2,967,391	9.49	54.87	529,888	1.69	9.80
Alabama	218	51,353	11.10	25,095	5.43	48.87	6,647	1.44	12.94
Alaska	61	12,823	19.87	8,243	12.78	64.28	1,452	2.25	11.32
Arizona	90	85,156	12.22	44,026	6.32	51.70	9,453	1.36	11.10
Arkansas	60	46,138	17.45	26,202	9.91	56.79	7,295	2.76	15.81
California	184	404,614	10.24	242,357	6.13	59.90	40,791	1.03	10.08
Colorado	113	124,131	22.78	78,441	14.39	63.19	10,775	1.98	8.68
Connecticut	181	106,985	31.72	56,632	16.79	52.93	8,813	2.61	8.24
Delaware	21	19,298	20.27	8,004	8.41	41.48	1,979	2.08	10.25
District of Columbia	1	12,703	18.30	7,832	11.29	61.65	691	1.00	5.44
Florida	81	247,424	12.10	108,606	5.31	43.89	21,962	1.07	8.88
Georgia	63	98,060	9.33	49,431	4.70	50.41	8,155	0.78	8.32
Hawaii	1	11,182	7.83	8,074	5.65	72.21	1,486	1.04	13.29
Idaho	102	38,482	27.02	25,082	17.61	65.18	3,419	2.40	8.88
Illinois	622	234,361	20.01	138,304	11.81	59.01	24,490	2.09	10.45
Indiana	236	147,537	24.19	84,383	13.83	57.19	14,296	2.34	9.69
Iowa	535	94,181	30.68	60,232	19.62	63.95	8,150	2.65	8.65
Kansas	319	64,851	25.91	41,744	16.68	64.37	7,830	3.13	12.07
Kentucky	119	102,739	23.16	52,716	11.88	51.31	8,824	1.99	8.59
Louisiana	67	92,201	19.68	48,064	10.26	52.13	13,489	2.88	14.63
Maine	228	46,805	40.41	25,208	21.76	53.86	3,681	3.18	7.86
Maryland	24	88,428	14.91	55,697	9.39	62.99	8,332	1.41	9.42
Massachusetts	368	159,787	23.57	83,773	12.36	52.43	15,179	2.24	9.50
Michigan	397	156,788	15.92	81,287	8.26	51.85	14,301	1.45	9.12
Minnesota	137	69,786	12.62	42,840	7.75	61.39	7,221	1.31	10.35
Mississippi	52	27,489	9.26	14,645	4.93	53.28	2,211	0.74	8.04
Missouri	148	107,197	19.59	59,183	10.81	55.21	7,389	1.35	6.89
Montana	82	19,363	19.59	11,278	11.41	58.25	2,042	2.07	10.55
Nebraska	235	35,212	22.41	22,978	14.63	65.26	3,700	2.36	10.51
Nevada	22	33,217	11.25	15,569	5.27	46.87	5,995	2.03	18.05
New Hampshire	222	54,553	41.06	29,931	22.53	54.87	3,291	2.48	6.03

See notes at end of table.

Table 16. Total, children's, and young adults' programs offered in public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total programs ¹		Children's programs			Young adults' programs		
		Total	Per 1,000 population ²	Total	Per 1,000 population ²	Percentage of total programs	Total	Per 1,000 population ²	Percentage of total programs
New Jersey	286	204,787	23.64	99,062	11.44	48.37	19,130	2.21	9.34
New Mexico	87	24,190	16.17	14,497	9.69	59.93	3,570	2.39	14.76
New York	756	640,908	33.07	270,054	13.94	42.14	67,178	3.47	10.48
North Carolina	81	146,960	14.47	95,352	9.39	64.88	11,968	1.18	8.14
North Dakota	74	9,545	13.94	6,270	9.16	65.69	1,161	1.70	12.16
Ohio	251	293,693	25.52	186,845	16.23	63.62	29,393	2.55	10.01
Oklahoma	119	45,239	13.99	23,166	7.17	51.21	6,219	1.92	13.75
Oregon	131	72,431	20.37	49,761	13.99	68.70	7,318	2.06	10.10
Pennsylvania	453	243,986	19.63	144,403	11.62	59.18	21,691	1.75	8.89
Rhode Island	48	30,214	28.56	13,595	12.85	45.00	3,232	3.06	10.70
South Carolina	42	60,834	13.08	28,383	6.10	46.66	4,863	1.05	7.99
South Dakota	111	16,523	20.99	11,771	14.96	71.24	1,642	2.09	9.94
Tennessee	186	73,529	11.34	35,992	5.55	48.95	12,099	1.87	16.45
Texas	540	297,504	11.64	156,448	6.12	52.59	28,471	1.11	9.57
Utah	74	41,637	13.86	25,919	8.63	62.25	4,653	1.55	11.18
Vermont	162	28,993	50.13	16,500	28.53	56.91	1,936	3.35	6.68
Virginia	92	120,641	14.50	69,355	8.34	57.49	9,239	1.11	7.66
Washington	62	103,352	14.35	65,453	9.09	63.33	9,144	1.27	8.85
West Virginia	97	27,666	14.93	17,631	9.51	63.73	2,862	1.54	10.34
Wisconsin	381	114,920	19.87	68,818	11.90	59.88	8,850	1.53	7.70
Wyoming	23	17,812	30.42	12,259	20.94	68.82	1,930	3.30	10.84
Outlying areas									
American Samoa	1	282	4.68	282	4.68	100.00	0	0.00	0.00
Guam	1	1,363	8.30	702	4.27	51.50	258	1.57	18.93
Northern Marianas	1	30	0.56	20	0.37	66.67	10	0.19	33.33

¹Total programs does not equal the sum of children's programs and young adults' programs. Instead, total programs may include other state-specific program data not collected or reported by the Public Libraries Survey.

²Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTPRO, KIDPRO, YAPRO, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 16A. Total, children's, and young adults' programs offered in public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Total programs ¹		Children's programs			Young adults' programs		
		Total	Per 1,000 population ²	Total	Per 1,000 population ²	Percentage of total programs	Total	Per 1,000 population ²	Percentage of total programs
Total ³	9,045	5,408,208	17.30	2,967,391	9.49	54.87	529,888	1.69	9.80
1,000,000 or more	35	799,716	13.45	389,415	6.55	48.69	84,584	1.42	10.58
500,000 to 999,999	55	520,405	13.14	277,241	7.00	53.27	52,455	1.32	10.08
250,000 to 499,999	112	505,397	13.07	295,314	7.64	58.43	54,222	1.40	10.73
100,000 to 249,999	366	746,483	13.24	431,305	7.65	57.78	69,817	1.24	9.35
50,000 to 99,999	578	606,486	15.32	335,799	8.48	55.37	57,374	1.45	9.46
25,000 to 49,999	989	662,759	19.71	363,404	10.81	54.83	67,302	2.00	10.15
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	779,297	28.44	433,731	15.83	55.66	77,336	2.82	9.92
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	393,918	37.52	218,248	20.79	55.40	36,319	3.46	9.22
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	201,756	44.87	114,098	25.38	56.55	15,110	3.36	7.49
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	142,614	59.69	80,374	33.64	56.36	10,748	4.50	7.54
Less than 1,000	935	49,377	92.33	28,462	53.22	57.64	4,621	8.64	9.36

¹Total programs does not equal the sum of children's programs and young adults' programs. Instead, total programs may include other state-specific program data not collected or reported by the Public Libraries Survey.

²Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTPRO, KIDPRO, YAPRO, POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 17. Total, children's, and young adults' program attendance in public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total program attendance ¹		Children's program attendance		Young adults' program attendance	
		Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ²	Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ²	Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ²
Total ³	9,045	118,399	378.69	79,094	252.98	8,167	26.12
Alabama	218	1,273	275.31	808	174.65	116	25.17
Alaska	61	260	403.30	189	292.80	20	31.12
Arizona	90	1,708	245.25	1,143	164.06	139	19.99
Arkansas	60	1,137	429.88	672	254.01	113	42.71
California	184	10,250	259.44	7,688	194.60	609	15.41
Colorado	113	2,850	522.94	2,041	374.60	158	28.95
Connecticut	181	2,112	626.34	1,294	383.84	106	31.58
Delaware	21	347	363.94	202	211.68	32	33.95
District of Columbia	1	361	520.60	271	390.26	9	12.85
Florida	81	5,120	250.46	3,012	147.37	358	17.51
Georgia	63	2,858	272.01	1,892	180.01	230	21.88
Hawaii	1	290	202.82	215	150.79	43	30.27
Idaho	102	967	679.13	726	510.12	52	36.86
Illinois	622	5,212	444.95	3,589	306.36	365	31.19
Indiana	236	3,435	563.08	2,212	362.69	230	37.72
Iowa	535	1,940	632.10	1,487	484.39	114	37.09
Kansas	319	1,354	540.90	987	394.48	108	43.14
Kentucky	119	2,570	579.20	1,277	287.88	164	36.87
Louisiana	67	2,045	436.60	1,164	248.42	235	50.18
Maine	228	702	606.32	408	352.42	45	38.51
Maryland	24	2,389	402.91	1,790	301.97	211	35.59
Massachusetts	368	3,014	444.54	2,003	295.41	179	26.34
Michigan	397	3,633	368.96	2,353	238.99	231	23.42
Minnesota	137	1,641	296.78	1,228	222.13	96	17.29
Mississippi	52	707	238.02	448	151.02	40	13.30
Missouri	148	2,557	467.30	1,861	340.10	137	25.09
Montana	82	354	358.58	227	229.17	20	20.07
Nebraska	235	858	546.33	671	427.35	53	33.66
Nevada	22	676	228.83	401	135.77	57	19.19
New Hampshire	222	823	619.65	523	393.63	34	25.52

See notes at end of table.

Table 17. Total, children's, and young adults' program attendance in public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total program attendance ¹		Children's program attendance		Young adults' program attendance	
		Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ²	Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ²	Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ²
New Jersey	286	3,617	417.54	2,153	248.61	246	28.35
New Mexico	87	492	328.85	345	230.71	33	21.97
New York	756	11,122	573.94	5,762	297.33	901	46.50
North Carolina	81	3,040	299.31	2,409	237.15	153	15.04
North Dakota	74	228	332.86	169	247.17	20	29.85
Ohio	251	6,820	592.52	5,027	436.72	531	46.16
Oklahoma	119	1,260	389.77	859	265.78	102	31.61
Oregon	131	1,718	483.06	1,355	381.15	101	28.39
Pennsylvania	453	4,777	384.38	3,315	266.76	290	23.33
Rhode Island	48	504	476.14	232	218.86	35	33.33
South Carolina	42	1,284	276.08	869	186.76	121	25.98
South Dakota	111	317	403.02	251	318.31	24	30.52
Tennessee	186	1,602	247.08	1,107	170.67	157	24.15
Texas	540	6,974	272.84	4,957	193.95	462	18.08
Utah	74	1,929	642.04	922	306.84	88	29.27
Vermont	162	439	759.71	286	494.62	22	37.45
Virginia	92	2,872	345.32	1,932	232.27	183	22.05
Washington	62	2,411	334.87	1,767	245.37	200	27.77
West Virginia	97	484	260.94	359	193.70	36	19.53
Wisconsin	381	2,690	465.06	1,948	336.91	135	23.32
Wyoming	23	376	642.91	287	490.80	25	42.38
Outlying areas							
American Samoa	1	6	92.24	6	92.24	0	0.00
Guam	1	14	83.60	12	72.98	1	5.51
Northern Marianas	1	6	105.08	5	87.13	1	17.95

¹Total program attendance does not equal the sum of children's program attendance and young adults' program attendance. Instead, total program attendance may include other state-specific program data not collected or reported by the Public Libraries Survey.

²Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTATTEN, KIDATTEN, YAATTEN, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 17A. Total, children's, and young adults' program attendance in public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Total program attendance ¹		Children's program attendance		Young adults' program attendance	
		Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ²	Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ²	Total (In thous.)	Per 1,000 population ²
Total ³	9,045	118,399	378.69	79,094	252.98	8,167	26.12
1,000,000 or more	35	16,279	273.88	10,233	172.15	1,245	20.95
500,000 to 999,999	55	12,624	318.69	8,798	222.09	912	23.01
250,000 to 499,999	112	12,656	327.29	8,904	230.26	1,133	29.29
100,000 to 249,999	366	17,934	318.04	12,410	220.08	1,144	20.28
50,000 to 99,999	578	15,075	380.73	10,032	253.37	1,005	25.39
25,000 to 49,999	989	15,828	470.62	10,156	301.98	1,015	30.18
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	15,642	570.86	10,526	384.16	1,036	37.83
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	6,645	632.86	4,362	415.46	387	36.83
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	3,068	682.35	2,024	450.24	148	33.02
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	2,022	846.05	1,273	532.75	105	43.84
Less than 1,000	935	627	1,171.86	376	703.85	38	70.21

¹Total program attendance does not equal the sum of children's program attendance and young adults' program attendance. Instead, total program attendance may include other state-specific program data not collected or reported by the Public Libraries Survey.

²Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error.

Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTATTEN, KIDATTEN, YAATTEN, POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 18. Number of public-access Internet computers in public libraries and user sessions of Internet computers, by state:

Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Number of public-access Internet computers			Public-access Internet computer user sessions		
		Total	Average per stationary outlet ¹	Per 5,000 population ²	Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Per computer
Total ³	9,045	300,199	18.13	4.80	257,953	0.83	859.27
Alabama	218	5,046	17.40	5.46	3,730	0.81	739.12
Alaska	61	904	11.74	7.01	604	0.94	668.05
Arizona	90	7,364	33.32	5.29	5,577	0.80	757.38
Arkansas	60	2,811	11.96	5.32	1,527	0.58	543.20
California	184	23,489	20.90	2.97	27,220	0.69	1,158.84
Colorado	113	6,413	24.57	5.88	6,491	1.19	1,012.11
Connecticut	181	4,270	18.73	6.33	3,893	1.15	911.76
Delaware	21	1,046	32.69	5.49	569	0.60	544.42
District of Columbia	1	1,000	38.46	7.20	906	1.31	905.95
Florida	81	16,813	31.54	4.11	12,530	0.61	745.25
Georgia	63	9,533	24.07	4.54	12,184	1.16	1,278.13
Hawaii	1	564	11.28	1.97	820	0.57	1,454.31
Idaho	102	1,976	13.44	6.94	1,589	1.12	804.12
Illinois	622	15,834	20.20	6.76	11,618	0.99	733.74
Indiana	236	8,389	19.74	6.88	6,035	0.99	719.40
Iowa	535	5,061	9.05	8.24	2,799	0.91	553.10
Kansas	319	3,657	10.05	7.31	2,553	1.02	698.22
Kentucky	119	4,995	24.61	5.63	4,215	0.95	843.77
Louisiana	67	5,677	16.95	6.06	4,941	1.05	870.36
Maine	228	1,837	7.92	7.93	914	0.79	497.66
Maryland	24	5,191	27.32	4.38	5,609	0.95	1,080.59
Massachusetts	368	6,585	14.35	4.86	5,767	0.85	875.82
Michigan	397	12,205	18.98	6.20	8,841	0.90	724.36
Minnesota	137	5,707	16.03	5.16	4,507	0.82	789.71
Mississippi	52	2,783	11.79	4.69	2,187	0.74	785.75
Missouri	148	4,890	13.47	4.47	4,891	0.89	1,000.22
Montana	82	1,295	11.07	6.55	1,154	1.17	890.85
Nebraska	235	2,899	11.41	9.23	1,783	1.14	615.06
Nevada	22	1,375	16.37	2.33	2,656	0.90	1,931.85
New Hampshire	222	1,527	6.73	5.75	713	0.54	466.82

See notes at end of table.

Table 18. Number of public-access Internet computers in public libraries and user sessions of Internet computers, by state:**Fiscal year 2017—Continued**

State	Number of public libraries	Number of public-access Internet computers			Public-access Internet computer user sessions		
		Total	Average per stationary outlet ¹	Per 5,000 population ²	Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Per computer
New Jersey	286	8,398	19.62	4.85	8,105	0.94	965.14
New Mexico	87	1,748	15.20	5.84	1,751	1.17	1,001.84
New York	756	20,973	19.66	5.41	17,701	0.91	843.97
North Carolina	81	7,611	19.57	3.75	5,939	0.58	780.28
North Dakota	74	765	9.44	5.59	495	0.72	647.61
Ohio	251	14,305	19.98	6.21	15,131	1.31	1,057.75
Oklahoma	119	3,211	15.00	4.97	3,388	1.05	1,055.11
Oregon	131	3,017	13.84	4.24	3,143	0.88	1,041.86
Pennsylvania	453	8,127	13.09	3.27	6,073	0.49	747.21
Rhode Island	48	1,480	20.85	7.00	972	0.92	656.95
South Carolina	42	4,274	22.03	4.59	3,508	0.75	820.88
South Dakota	111	1,118	7.93	7.10	1,011	1.28	904.64
Tennessee	186	5,649	19.89	4.36	4,483	0.69	793.63
Texas	540	21,710	25.16	4.25	13,754	0.54	633.52
Utah	74	2,244	17.81	3.73	2,452	0.82	1,092.48
Vermont	162	1,092	6.66	9.44	558	0.96	511.02
Virginia	92	7,737	21.55	4.65	6,893	0.83	890.94
Washington	62	6,996	20.10	4.86	7,476	1.04	1,068.65
West Virginia	97	1,383	8.04	3.73	818	0.44	591.42
Wisconsin	381	6,312	13.75	5.46	4,816	0.83	763.02
Wyoming	23	913	12.01	7.80	661	1.13	723.50
Outlying areas							
American Samoa	1	20	10.00	1.66	7	0.11	344.45
Guam	1	81	13.50	2.47	18	0.11	226.86
Northern Marianas	1	42	14.00	3.90	14	0.27	339.98

¹The average per stationary outlet was calculated by dividing the total number of public-access Internet computers in central and branch outlets by the total number of such outlets. See Table 3 for number of service outlets.

²Per 5,000 population and per capita are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements GPTERMS, PITUSR, CENTLIB, BRANLIB, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 18A. Number of public-access Internet computers in public libraries and user sessions of Internet computers in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Number of public-access Internet computers			Public-access Internet computer user sessions		
		Total	Average per stationary outlet ¹	Per 5,000 population ²	Total (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Per computer
Total ³	9,045	300,199	18.13	4.80	257,953	0.83	859.27
1,000,000 or more	35	45,374	33.34	3.82	45,685	0.77	1,006.85
500,000 to 999,999	55	31,429	29.35	3.97	36,104	0.91	1,148.76
250,000 to 499,999	112	29,999	25.29	3.88	30,550	0.79	1,018.37
100,000 to 249,999	366	45,953	22.70	4.07	42,501	0.75	924.88
50,000 to 99,999	578	34,766	22.06	4.39	31,411	0.79	903.50
25,000 to 49,999	989	32,987	18.80	4.90	26,521	0.79	803.98
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	35,228	15.80	6.43	24,927	0.91	707.58
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	20,129	12.29	9.59	11,164	1.06	554.60
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	10,596	8.16	11.78	4,856	1.08	458.31
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	9,380	6.35	19.63	3,169	1.33	337.85
Less than 1,000	935	4,358	4.64	40.74	1,065	1.99	244.41

¹The average per stationary outlet was calculated by dividing the total number of public-access Internet computers in central and branch outlets by the total number of such outlets. See Table 3 for the number of service outlets.

²Per 5,000 population and per capita are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements GPTERMS, PITUSR, POPU_LSA, CENTLIB, BRANLIB, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 19. Number of public library print materials, e-books, and print serial subscriptions per capita, by type of material and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Print materials ¹		E-books		Current print serial subscriptions
		Number (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Number
Total ³	9,045	715,019	2.29	463,489	1.48	1,574,249
Alabama	218	8,808	1.90	4,460	0.96	8,541
Alaska	61	2,083	3.23	1,056	1.64	4,192
Arizona	90	7,586	1.10	4,378	0.63	17,410
Arkansas	60	6,079	2.31	1,426	0.54	9,287
California	184	62,110	1.57	13,595	0.34	86,709
Colorado	113	9,517	1.75	2,815	0.52	21,368
Connecticut	181	12,942	3.98	2,026	0.60	18,803
Delaware	21	1,434	1.51	497	0.52	3,638
District of Columbia	1	1,049	1.51	29	0.04	2,702
Florida	81	28,148	1.38	5,202	0.25	42,637
Georgia	63	16,219	1.54	772	0.07	13,270
Hawaii	1	2,922	2.05	82	0.06	2,666
Idaho	102	4,221	2.97	515	0.36	5,024
Illinois	622	39,946	3.41	21,831	1.86	91,278
Indiana	236	21,370	3.51	8,637	1.42	43,309
Iowa	535	11,698	3.83	14,590	4.75	26,081
Kansas	319	8,780	3.51	32,882	13.14	13,232
Kentucky	119	8,919	2.01	12,955	2.92	14,797
Louisiana	67	11,737	2.51	3,164	0.68	22,113
Maine	228	5,921	5.14	2,091	1.80	8,820
Maryland	24	10,729	1.81	1,550	0.26	19,004
Massachusetts	368	29,788	4.39	18,452	2.72	42,614
Michigan	397	27,948	2.85	8,404	0.85	45,422
Minnesota	137	13,773	2.50	5,230	0.95	24,942
Mississippi	52	5,484	1.85	626	0.21	4,721
Missouri	148	15,700	2.87	4,119	0.75	25,572
Montana	82	2,505	2.53	1,432	1.45	3,751
Nebraska	235	5,475	3.49	4,423	2.82	9,927
Nevada	22	3,915	1.33	655	0.22	5,572
New Hampshire	222	5,660	4.29	4,774	3.59	10,177

See notes at end of table.

Table 19. Number of public library print materials, e-books, and print serial subscriptions per capita, by type of material and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Print materials ¹		E-books		Current print serial subscriptions
		Number (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Number
New Jersey	286	25,712	3.03	6,243	0.72	313,484
New Mexico	87	4,083	2.73	685	0.46	6,402
New York	756	68,129	3.52	28,446	1.47	134,686
North Carolina	81	15,527	1.53	6,418	0.63	20,284
North Dakota	74	2,188	3.20	885	1.29	3,497
Ohio	251	39,581	3.44	81,436	7.07	89,994
Oklahoma	119	6,423	1.99	3,456	1.07	73,086
Oregon	131	8,940	2.51	7,071	1.99	13,576
Pennsylvania	453	24,238	1.95	26,462	2.13	47,058
Rhode Island	48	3,461	3.27	2,594	2.45	4,721
South Carolina	42	8,637	1.87	1,722	0.37	25,944
South Dakota	111	2,752	3.52	1,244	1.58	3,966
Tennessee	186	11,262	1.74	21,178	3.27	31,640
Texas	540	38,322	1.50	10,300	0.40	40,793
Utah	74	6,404	2.15	1,647	0.55	9,406
Vermont	162	2,613	4.80	226	0.39	4,894
Virginia	92	16,308	1.96	9,780	1.18	20,884
Washington	62	12,696	1.76	3,852	0.53	37,531
West Virginia	97	4,947	2.67	3,799	2.05	5,512
Wisconsin	381	18,084	3.13	62,895	10.88	35,965
Wyoming	23	2,246	3.84	482	0.82	3,347
Outlying areas						
American Samoa	1	43	0.72	1	0.02	63
Guam	1	273	1.66	#	#	0
Northern Marianas	1	92	1.71	5	0.09	70

[#] Rounds to zero.

¹These materials include books in print. The data element definition for print materials (BKVOL) changed in FY 2016. Missing data for changed data elements are not imputed until data have been collected systematically for at least three years; therefore, missing data were not imputed in FY 2017. Number of print materials in thousands and per capita exclude records with missing data.

²Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data for were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements BKVOL, EBOOK, SUBSCRIP, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 19A. Number of public library print materials, e-books, and print serial subscriptions per capita in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of material and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Print materials ¹		E-books		Current print serial subscriptions
		Number (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ²	Number
Total ³	9,045	715,019	2.29	463,489	1.48	1,574,249
1,000,000 or more	35	103,646	1.74	8,185	0.14	156,729
500,000 to 999,999	55	74,953	1.89	13,285	0.34	153,378
250,000 to 499,999	112	68,283	1.77	15,314	0.40	148,346
100,000 to 249,999	366	98,393	1.75	25,366	0.45	194,519
50,000 to 99,999	578	86,716	2.20	40,004	1.01	165,302
25,000 to 49,999	989	89,855	2.68	64,856	1.93	205,693
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	92,266	3.39	103,208	3.77	260,447
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	45,466	4.38	67,562	6.43	181,376
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	25,959	5.86	48,157	10.71	52,372
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	20,820	8.88	49,638	20.77	41,863
Less than 1,000	935	8,661	16.95	27,914	52.19	14,224

¹These materials include books in print. The data element definition for print materials (BKVOL) changed in FY 2016. Missing data for changed data elements are not imputed until data have been collected systematically for at least three years; therefore, missing data were not imputed in FY 2017. Number of print materials in thousands and per capita exclude records with missing data.

²Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements BKVOL, EBOOK, SUBSCRIP, POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 20. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by size of print materials collection and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Size of print materials collection ¹									
		Less than 5,000	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 to 2,499,999	2,500,000 to 4,999,999	5,000,000 or more
		Percentage distribution									
Total ²	9,045	2.2	10.4	32.0	23.0	16.4	14.2	1.1	0.6	0.1	0.1
Alabama	218	4.6	10.6	42.2	21.6	17.0	2.8	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
Alaska	61	8.2	16.4	44.3	14.8	11.5	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Arizona	90	3.7	6.2	32.1	22.2	19.8	13.6	1.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
Arkansas	60	0.0	5.4	8.9	25.0	16.1	42.9	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
California	184	0.0	0.5	1.6	6.6	25.1	54.6	4.4	4.9	1.6	0.5
Colorado	113	3.5	10.6	34.5	15.0	17.7	15.0	2.7	0.9	0.0	0.0
Connecticut	181	0.0	1.1	20.5	23.3	33.5	21.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Delaware	21	0.0	0.0	47.6	33.3	9.5	4.8	4.8	0.0	0.0	0.0
District of Columbia	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0
Florida	81	0.0	0.0	1.4	15.1	15.1	45.2	12.3	9.6	1.4	0.0
Georgia	63	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.3	22.2	63.5	6.3	1.6	0.0	0.0
Hawaii	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
Idaho	102	1.0	11.9	39.6	26.7	10.9	9.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Illinois	622	0.8	8.7	34.2	24.4	17.4	14.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2
Indiana	236	0.4	1.7	26.0	28.1	21.7	19.6	1.7	0.9	0.0	0.0
Iowa	535	7.4	26.3	43.5	14.3	5.6	2.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kansas	319	14.5	23.9	36.8	14.5	6.9	2.8	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0
Kentucky	119	0.0	0.8	16.8	40.3	21.8	19.3	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0
Louisiana	67	0.0	1.5	0.0	16.4	38.8	37.3	4.5	1.5	0.0	0.0
Maine	228	2.7	20.9	44.4	22.2	8.0	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Maryland	24	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.3	20.8	41.7	16.7	12.5	0.0	0.0
Massachusetts	368	2.2	9.0	16.7	29.0	26.8	15.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.3
Michigan	397	0.0	1.5	32.7	31.4	19.4	14.0	0.8	0.0	0.3	0.0
Minnesota	137	0.0	9.6	41.5	20.0	14.8	10.4	3.0	0.0	0.7	0.0
Mississippi	52	1.9	0.0	15.4	21.2	30.8	30.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Missouri	148	0.0	3.4	29.1	33.1	18.2	12.8	1.4	1.4	0.7	0.0
Montana	82	0.0	18.3	45.1	28.0	2.4	6.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nebraska	235	6.6	29.2	44.2	12.8	4.9	1.3	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nevada	22	0.0	4.5	18.2	27.3	22.7	22.7	0.0	4.5	0.0	0.0
New Hampshire	222	0.9	16.4	45.3	26.6	8.4	2.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 20. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by size of print materials collection and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Size of print materials collection ¹									
		Less than 5,000	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 to 2,499,999	2,500,000 to 4,999,999	5,000,000 or more
		Percentage distribution									
New Jersey	286	0.0	0.8	11.7	29.9	34.1	20.8	1.9	0.8	0.0	0.0
New Mexico	87	4.6	12.6	42.5	24.1	4.6	10.3	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
New York	756	1.7	13.5	37.3	20.6	13.4	12.8	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3
North Carolina	81	0.0	0.0	1.2	8.6	23.5	59.3	6.2	1.2	0.0	0.0
North Dakota	74	4.1	15.1	49.3	19.2	6.8	5.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	251	0.0	0.4	7.6	24.3	31.1	33.1	1.2	1.6	0.8	0.0
Oklahoma	119	2.5	13.4	47.1	20.2	9.2	5.0	1.7	0.8	0.0	0.0
Oregon	131	3.8	7.6	29.0	29.8	16.0	13.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0
Pennsylvania	453	0.0	2.7	39.0	31.0	17.8	9.1	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0
Rhode Island	48	0.0	2.1	25.0	18.8	29.2	25.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	42	0.0	0.0	2.4	14.6	17.1	53.7	12.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
South Dakota	111	3.6	20.0	50.9	13.6	8.2	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	186	2.7	14.0	34.4	27.4	12.4	7.5	0.0	1.6	0.0	0.0
Texas	540	0.6	6.5	38.8	30.0	12.3	9.7	1.3	0.6	0.2	0.0
Utah	74	0.0	1.4	42.9	21.4	21.4	8.6	2.9	1.4	0.0	0.0
Vermont	162	4.9	34.3	40.6	14.0	5.6	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	92	0.0	1.1	3.3	17.4	25.0	46.7	5.4	1.1	0.0	0.0
Washington	62	1.6	14.8	16.4	16.4	18.0	19.7	9.8	1.6	1.6	0.0
West Virginia	97	2.1	7.2	37.1	22.7	19.6	11.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	381	0.3	12.3	40.2	23.4	14.7	8.7	0.3	0.3	0.0	0.0
Wyoming	23	0.0	0.0	0.0	26.1	30.4	43.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Outlying areas											
American Samoa	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guam	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹These materials include books in print. The data element definition for print materials (BKVOL) changed in FY 2016. Missing data for changed data elements are not imputed until data have been collected systematically for at least three years; therefore, missing data were not imputed in FY 2017.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data element BKVOL from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) was used to produce this table.

Table 20A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by size of print materials collection and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Size of print materials collection ¹									
		Less than 5,000	5,000 to 9,999	10,000 to 24,999	25,000 to 49,999	50,000 to 99,999	100,000 to 499,999	500,000 to 999,999	1,000,000 to 2,499,999	2,500,000 to 4,999,999	5,000,000 or more
Percentage distribution											
Total ²	9,045	2.2	10.4	32.0	23.0	16.4	14.2	1.1	0.6	0.1	0.1
1,000,000 or more	35	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	5.7	57.1	22.9	11.4
500,000 to 999,999	55	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	49.1	41.8	5.5	1.8
250,000 to 499,999	112	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	0.0	45.5	42.9	8.0	1.8	0.0
100,000 to 249,999	366	0.0	0.3	0.8	0.3	4.1	89.3	5.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
50,000 to 99,999	578	0.3	0.2	1.2	2.8	23.3	72.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0
25,000 to 49,999	989	0.1	0.4	1.7	15.8	46.5	35.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	0.1	0.9	11.7	43.1	37.7	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	0.0	2.8	38.9	46.8	11.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	0.6	9.7	62.7	24.9	2.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	3.0	23.3	66.0	7.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Less than 1,000	935	15.9	46.0	36.6	1.4	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹These materials include books in print. The data element definition for print materials (BKVOL) changed in FY 2016. Missing data for changed data elements are not imputed until data have been collected systematically for at least three years; therefore, missing data were not imputed in FY 2017.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements BKVOL, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 21. Number of public library audio and video materials per capita, by type of material, format, and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Audio				Video			
		Physical materials		Downloadable materials		Physical materials		Downloadable materials	
		Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹
Total ²	9,045	43,568	0.14	258,582	0.83	65,904	0.21	16,140	0.05
Alabama	218	435	0.09	1,590	0.34	674	0.15	113	0.02
Alaska	61	113	0.18	823	1.28	276	0.43	15	0.02
Arizona	90	592	0.08	4,535	0.65	1,049	0.15	285	0.04
Arkansas	60	257	0.10	1,488	0.56	526	0.20	75	0.03
California	184	3,329	0.08	17,262	0.44	5,317	0.13	723	0.02
Colorado	113	811	0.15	2,277	0.42	1,407	0.26	216	0.04
Connecticut	181	776	0.23	1,079	0.32	1,159	0.34	23	0.01
Delaware	21	114	0.12	122	0.13	254	0.27	18	0.02
District of Columbia	1	21	0.03	13	0.02	85	0.12	1	#
Florida	81	1,880	0.09	18,368	0.90	3,509	0.17	371	0.02
Georgia	63	534	0.05	300	0.03	1,022	0.10	123	0.01
Hawaii	1	114	0.08	27	0.02	170	0.12	0	0.00
Idaho	102	227	0.16	323	0.23	358	0.25	1	#
Illinois	622	2,836	0.24	7,855	0.67	3,582	0.31	492	0.04
Indiana	236	1,445	0.24	2,948	0.48	2,177	0.36	224	0.04
Iowa	535	658	0.21	6,748	2.20	1,116	0.36	23	0.01
Kansas	319	500	0.20	7,712	3.08	964	0.39	55	0.02
Kentucky	119	519	0.12	2,867	0.65	932	0.21	275	0.06
Louisiana	67	472	0.10	1,588	0.34	1,208	0.26	205	0.04
Maine	228	239	0.21	1,240	1.07	417	0.36	74	0.06
Maryland	24	918	0.15	1,150	0.19	1,080	0.18	127	0.02
Massachusetts	368	1,532	0.23	5,220	0.77	2,098	0.31	518	0.08
Michigan	397	1,946	0.20	4,830	0.49	2,669	0.27	493	0.05
Minnesota	137	841	0.15	901	0.16	1,094	0.20	4	#
Mississippi	52	201	0.07	95	0.03	377	0.13	32	0.01
Missouri	148	936	0.17	1,311	0.24	1,264	0.23	144	0.03
Montana	82	114	0.12	968	0.98	213	0.22	8	0.01
Nebraska	235	234	0.15	2,473	1.57	370	0.24	8	0.01
Nevada	22	301	0.10	803	0.27	591	0.20	62	0.02
New Hampshire	222	283	0.21	3,887	2.93	494	0.37	47	0.04

See notes at end of table.

Table 21. Number of public library audio and video materials per capita, by type of material, format, and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Audio				Video			
		Physical materials		Downloadable materials		Physical materials		Downloadable materials	
		Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹
New Jersey	286	1,573	0.18	4,214	0.49	2,303	0.27	1,017	0.12
New Mexico	87	207	0.14	415	0.28	359	0.24	59	0.04
New York	756	3,533	0.18	6,074	0.31	5,320	0.27	262	0.01
North Carolina	81	667	0.07	1,003	0.10	844	0.08	153	0.02
North Dakota	74	92	0.13	800	1.17	132	0.19	33	0.05
Ohio	251	3,368	0.29	33,758	2.93	5,487	0.48	3,882	0.34
Oklahoma	119	371	0.11	792	0.24	577	0.18	58	0.02
Oregon	131	637	0.18	4,349	1.22	949	0.27	106	0.03
Pennsylvania	453	2,115	0.17	46,996	3.78	2,037	0.16	3,296	0.27
Rhode Island	48	152	0.14	878	0.83	260	0.25	33	0.03
South Carolina	42	437	0.09	1,530	0.33	735	0.16	80	0.02
South Dakota	111	129	0.16	510	0.65	156	0.20	9	0.01
Tennessee	186	565	0.09	9,472	1.46	769	0.12	575	0.09
Texas	540	1,946	0.08	5,661	0.22	3,114	0.12	499	0.02
Utah	74	616	0.20	1,663	0.55	667	0.22	133	0.04
Vermont	162	126	0.22	113	0.20	210	0.36	#	#
Virginia	92	951	0.11	5,201	0.63	1,305	0.16	299	0.04
Washington	62	1,055	0.15	1,359	0.19	1,504	0.21	151	0.02
West Virginia	97	198	0.11	14,230	7.68	345	0.19	220	0.12
Wisconsin	381	1,492	0.26	18,498	3.20	2,156	0.37	503	0.09
Wyoming	23	159	0.27	263	0.45	221	0.38	17	0.03
Outlying areas									
American Samoa	1	1	0.01	0	0.00	#	0.01	0	0.00
Guam	1	#	#	#	#	#	#	0	0.00
Northern Marianas	1	#	0.01	0	0.00	3	0.05	0	0.00

Rounds to zero.

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error.

Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements AUDIO_PH, AUDIO_DL, VIDEO_PH, VIDEO_DL, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 21A. Number of public library audio and video materials per capita in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of material, format, and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Audio				Video			
		Physical materials		Downloadable materials		Physical materials		Downloadable materials	
		Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹	Number (In thous.)	Per capita ¹
Total ²	9,045	43,568	0.14	258,582	0.83	65,904	0.21	16,140	0.05
1,000,000 or more	35	5,021	0.08	17,009	0.29	7,438	0.13	482	0.01
500,000 to 999,999	55	4,738	0.12	9,307	0.23	6,832	0.17	825	0.02
250,000 to 499,999	112	4,975	0.13	5,292	0.14	7,095	0.18	570	0.01
100,000 to 249,999	366	6,708	0.12	26,833	0.48	10,312	0.18	2,125	0.04
50,000 to 99,999	578	5,693	0.14	31,782	0.80	8,410	0.21	1,886	0.05
25,000 to 49,999	989	6,108	0.18	48,532	1.44	8,615	0.26	3,262	0.10
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	6,009	0.22	56,240	2.05	8,352	0.30	3,674	0.13
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	2,365	0.23	21,668	2.06	4,084	0.39	2,198	0.21
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	1,094	0.24	17,049	3.79	2,267	0.50	679	0.15
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	659	0.28	16,230	6.79	1,772	0.74	369	0.15
Less than 1,000	935	198	0.37	8,640	16.16	727	1.36	73	0.14

¹Per capita population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements AUDIO_PH, AUDIO_DL, VIDEO_PH, VIDEO_DL, POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 22. Average and median number of public library audio and video materials, by type of material, format, and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Audio				Video			
		Physical materials		Downloadable materials		Physical materials		Downloadable materials	
		Average	Median	Average	Median	Average	Median	Average	Median
Total ¹	9,045	4,817	1,146	28,588	6,905	7,286	2,305	1,784	13
Alabama	218	1,994	570	7,294	5,067	3,094	1,043	518	15
Alaska	61	1,860	338	13,486	11,060	4,524	2,583	246	0
Arizona	90	6,578	1,177	50,386	1,205	11,656	3,202	3,167	0
Arkansas	60	4,279	2,171	24,804	730	8,769	3,819	1,253	0
California	184	18,092	7,349	93,816	3,862	28,899	10,633	3,930	0
Colorado	113	7,176	1,992	20,152	4,943	12,448	2,784	1,908	115
Connecticut	181	4,289	2,544	5,961	5,301	6,404	4,450	126	0
Delaware	21	5,441	1,769	5,790	5,790	12,114	4,570	862	862
District of Columbia	1	20,707	20,707	13,148	13,148	85,251	85,251	903	903
Florida	81	23,211	6,757	226,766	3,163	43,318	10,947	4,584	28
Georgia	63	8,470	3,995	4,755	4,954	16,218	8,900	1,949	13
Hawaii	1	114,476	114,476	26,605	26,605	169,522	169,522	0	0
Idaho	102	2,228	682	3,168	914	3,510	1,650	10	0
Illinois	622	4,559	1,042	12,629	5,453	5,759	2,177	791	1
Indiana	236	6,122	1,868	12,492	7,204	9,225	3,999	948	410
Iowa	535	1,230	314	12,612	15,607	2,086	1,065	43	50
Kansas	319	1,568	260	24,175	21,546	3,021	1,100	173	0
Kentucky	119	4,362	1,640	24,095	24,287	7,831	3,817	2,310	1,853
Louisiana	67	7,043	2,765	23,703	3,405	18,036	5,164	3,067	127
Maine	228	1,046	456	5,440	5,309	1,831	1,160	324	0
Maryland	24	38,243	16,490	47,912	29,346	45,020	26,741	5,296	1,668
Massachusetts	368	4,162	2,637	14,186	7,681	5,700	4,096	1,409	608
Michigan	397	4,902	1,607	12,166	2,643	6,723	2,405	1,241	0
Minnesota	137	6,142	1,355	6,579	3,423	7,987	2,680	26	0
Mississippi	52	3,870	1,229	1,833	2	7,252	2,376	616	0
Missouri	148	6,326	1,084	8,857	4,943	8,538	1,858	972	349
Montana	82	1,391	689	11,808	12,992	2,596	1,396	92	0
Nebraska	235	998	201	10,523	11,906	1,572	641	34	0
Nevada	22	13,673	2,967	36,489	367	26,885	4,930	2,837	0
New Hampshire	222	1,274	622	17,508	17,132	2,224	1,474	213	1

See notes at end of table.

Table 22. Average and median number of public library audio and video materials, by type of material, format, and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Audio				Video			
		Physical materials		Downloadable materials		Physical materials		Downloadable materials	
		Average	Median	Average	Median	Average	Median	Average	Median
New Jersey	286	5,502	3,346	14,734	6,905	8,053	4,660	3,555	0
New Mexico	87	2,379	721	4,773	230	4,132	1,523	677	0
New York	756	4,674	1,080	8,034	3,578	7,036	2,355	347	3
North Carolina	81	8,229	5,542	12,377	6,846	10,420	6,855	1,893	586
North Dakota	74	1,243	251	10,811	7,030	1,785	595	450	0
Ohio	251	13,417	4,458	134,496	58,874	21,861	7,813	15,466	3,264
Oklahoma	119	3,119	335	6,653	8,988	4,849	832	485	675
Oregon	131	4,860	1,621	33,200	23,280	7,246	2,785	806	0
Pennsylvania	453	4,670	1,217	103,744	7,186	4,496	2,127	7,277	2,343
Rhode Island	48	3,171	1,900	18,290	18,286	5,415	4,045	694	664
South Carolina	42	10,413	4,626	36,434	3,130	17,505	6,886	1,899	0
South Dakota	111	1,166	297	4,597	5,306	1,409	599	79	0
Tennessee	186	3,040	955	50,927	50,702	4,133	1,618	3,092	2,746
Texas	540	3,603	906	10,484	853	5,767	1,695	924	0
Utah	74	8,319	2,099	22,470	22,533	9,009	2,661	1,804	1,469
Vermont	162	777	431	697	0	1,299	944	1	0
Virginia	92	10,340	4,954	56,531	5,470	14,183	8,447	3,246	158
Washington	62	17,010	2,684	21,912	16,924	24,252	5,507	2,442	0
West Virginia	97	2,038	607	146,706	4,624	3,558	1,545	2,264	5
Wisconsin	381	3,916	1,516	48,552	47,660	5,660	3,258	1,320	1,058
Wyoming	23	6,896	5,579	11,416	8,960	9,628	9,579	743	0
Outlying areas									
American Samoa	1	895	895	0	0	337	337	0	0
Guam	1	125	125	340	340	6	6	0	0
Northern Marianas	1	272	272	0	0	2,778	2,778	0	0

¹Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements AUDIO_PH, AUDIO_DL, VIDEO_PH, VIDEO_DL from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 22A. Average and median number of public library audio and video materials in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by type of material, format, and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Audio				Video			
		Physical materials		Downloadable materials		Physical materials		Downloadable materials	
		Average	Median	Average	Median	Average	Median	Average	Median
Total ¹	9,045	4,817	1,146	28,588	6,905	7,286	2,305	1,784	13
1,000,000 or more	35	143,460	112,332	485,975	47,769	212,506	197,193	13,771	2,580
500,000 to 999,999	55	86,150	71,970	169,222	37,960	124,217	108,496	15,002	6,925
250,000 to 499,999	112	44,421	31,219	47,247	15,020	63,351	54,074	5,089	361
100,000 to 249,999	366	18,327	13,934	73,314	8,111	28,176	21,567	5,805	59
50,000 to 99,999	578	9,849	7,485	54,985	8,050	14,550	11,088	3,263	333
25,000 to 49,999	989	6,176	4,753	49,072	7,777	8,711	6,934	3,298	349
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	3,420	2,352	32,009	7,307	4,754	3,865	2,091	221
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	1,583	1,105	14,503	5,376	2,733	2,171	1,471	11
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	866	642	13,499	5,309	1,795	1,451	537	1
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	451	302	11,109	5,453	1,213	971	252	0
Less than 1,000	935	212	125	9,241	5,309	777	575	78	0

¹Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error.

Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements AUDIO_PH, AUDIO_DL, VIDEO_PH, VIDEO_DL, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 23. Total electronic collections in public libraries and percentage distribution of electronic collections, by source of electronic collections and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Total electronic collections				
		Total ¹	Local/Other ²	State ³	Local/Other ²	State ³
					Percentage distribution	
Total ¹	9,045	417,366	101,753	315,613	24.4	75.6
Alabama	218	14,374	1,076	13,298	7.5	92.5
Alaska	61	3,282	354	2,928	10.8	89.2
Arizona	90	3,616	646	2,970	17.9	82.1
Arkansas	60	3,489	369	3,120	10.6	89.4
California	184	4,149	4,143	6	99.9	0.1
Colorado	113	15,231	15,227	4	100.0	0.0
Connecticut	181	8,392	1,501	6,891	17.9	82.1
Delaware	21	174	48	126	27.6	72.4
District of Columbia	1	99	99	0	100.0	0.0
Florida	81	7,196	1,526	5,670	21.2	78.8
Georgia	63	4,125	282	3,843	6.8	93.2
Hawaii	1	109	0	109	0.0	100.0
Idaho	102	5,398	196	5,202	3.6	96.4
Illinois	622	15,156	7,070	8,086	46.6	53.4
Indiana	236	23,758	2,990	20,768	12.6	87.4
Iowa	535	8,363	1,046	7,317	12.5	87.5
Kansas	319	20,768	352	20,416	1.7	98.3
Kentucky	119	6,944	1,105	5,839	15.9	84.1
Louisiana	67	4,295	1,012	3,283	23.6	76.4
Maine	228	13,823	13,823	0	100.0	0.0
Maryland	24	965	581	384	60.2	39.8
Massachusetts	368	25,606	3,526	22,080	13.8	86.2
Michigan	397	2,095	1,916	179	91.5	8.5
Minnesota	137	7,689	976	6,713	12.7	87.3
Mississippi	52	2,672	176	2,496	6.6	93.4
Missouri	148	2,647	1,231	1,416	46.5	53.5
Montana	82	228	228	0	100.0	0.0
Nebraska	235	6,220	345	5,875	5.5	94.5
Nevada	22	1,284	250	1,034	19.5	80.5
New Hampshire	222	5,124	488	4,636	9.5	90.5

See notes at end of table.

Table 23. Total electronic collections in public libraries and percentage distribution of electronic collections, by source of electronic collections and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Total electronic collections				
		Total ¹	Local/Other ²	State ³	Local/Other ²	State ³
					Percentage distribution	
New Jersey	286	9,961	3,669	6,292	36.8	63.2
New Mexico	87	4,721	458	4,263	9.7	90.3
New York	756	26,013	13,917	12,096	53.5	46.5
North Carolina	81	7,646	532	7,114	7.0	93.0
North Dakota	74	2,081	1,563	518	75.1	24.9
Ohio	251	21,129	2,806	18,323	13.3	86.7
Oklahoma	119	4,202	514	3,688	12.2	87.8
Oregon	131	4,234	1,090	3,144	25.7	74.3
Pennsylvania	453	15,425	5,029	10,396	32.6	67.4
Rhode Island	48	2,041	169	1,872	8.3	91.7
South Carolina	42	2,463	369	2,094	15.0	85.0
South Dakota	111	6,468	252	6,216	3.9	96.1
Tennessee	186	14,800	478	14,322	3.2	96.8
Texas	540	35,817	2,577	33,240	7.2	92.8
Utah	74	4,522	457	4,065	10.1	89.9
Vermont	162	8,565	454	8,111	5.3	94.7
Virginia	92	4,065	937	3,128	23.1	76.9
Washington	62	2,262	898	1,364	39.7	60.3
West Virginia	97	1,711	353	1,358	20.6	79.4
Wisconsin	381	20,099	2,573	17,526	12.8	87.2
Wyoming	23	1,870	76	1,794	4.1	95.9
Outlying areas						
American Samoa	1	41	0	41	0.0	100.0
Guam	1	2	2	0	100.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	0	0	0	†	†

† Not applicable.

¹Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.²Other - cooperative agreements (or consortia) within state or region³State government or state libraryNOTE: Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements EC_LO_OT, EC_ST, ELECCOLL from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 23A. Total electronic collections in public libraries and percentage distribution of electronic collections in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by source of electronic collections and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Total electronic collections				
		Total ¹	Local/Other ²	State ³	Local/Other ²	State ³
					Percentage distribution	
Total ¹	9,045	417,366	101,753	315,613	24.4	75.6
1,000,000 or more	35	3,437	2,184	1,253	63.5	36.5
500,000 to 999,999	55	5,444	3,320	2,124	61.0	39.0
250,000 to 499,999	112	8,887	4,209	4,678	47.4	52.6
100,000 to 249,999	366	21,771	6,595	15,176	30.3	69.7
50,000 to 99,999	578	32,324	9,409	22,915	29.1	70.9
25,000 to 49,999	989	52,561	14,717	37,844	28.0	72.0
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	81,585	17,414	64,171	21.3	78.7
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	63,327	12,166	51,161	19.2	80.8
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	47,584	7,936	39,648	16.7	83.3
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	54,033	7,777	46,256	14.4	85.6
Less than 1,000	935	46,413	16,026	30,387	34.5	65.5

¹Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

²Other - cooperative agreements (or consortia) within state or region

³State government or state library

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements EC_LO_OT, EC_ST, ELECCOLL, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 24. Number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff in public libraries, by type of position; percentage of total FTE librarians and total FTE staff with ALA-MLS degrees; and number of public libraries with ALA-MLS librarians, by state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Paid FTE staff ¹				Percentage of total FTE librarians with ALA-MLS	Percentage of total FTE staff with ALA-MLS	Number of public libraries with ALA-MLS librarians
		Total	Librarians		Other			
			Total	ALA-MLS ²				
Total ³	9,045	142,130.67	49,575.49	33,620.40	92,555.18	67.82	23.65	4,818
Alabama	218	1,696.19	751.76	330.38	944.43	43.95	19.48	84
Alaska	61	299.58	104.81	56.90	194.77	54.29	18.99	19
Arizona	90	2,142.66	572.64	463.20	1,570.02	80.89	21.62	46
Arkansas	60	1,098.71	327.70	154.02	771.01	47.00	14.02	47
California	184	12,050.94	3,405.90	3,178.02	8,645.04	93.31	26.37	172
Colorado	113	3,252.12	977.08	700.04	2,275.04	71.65	21.53	65
Connecticut	181	2,200.95	1,056.66	727.58	1,144.29	68.86	33.06	152
Delaware	21	336.18	113.61	60.03	222.57	52.84	17.86	15
District of Columbia	1	508.00	142.00	142.00	366.00	100.00	27.95	1
Florida	81	6,340.03	1,968.91	1,709.13	4,371.12	86.81	26.96	79
Georgia	63	2,704.38	607.89	607.89	2,096.49	100.00	22.48	63
Hawaii	1	558.00	173.00	171.00	385.00	98.84	30.65	1
Idaho	102	828.19	225.65	106.47	602.54	47.18	12.86	28
Illinois	622	8,758.59	3,285.20	2,247.35	5,473.39	68.41	25.66	329
Indiana	236	4,461.75	1,508.06	1,003.50	2,953.69	66.54	22.49	160
Iowa	535	1,758.41	1,015.07	301.87	743.34	29.74	17.17	102
Kansas	319	1,739.39	728.94	284.47	1,010.45	39.03	16.35	76
Kentucky	119	2,355.03	1,267.80	372.23	1,087.23	29.36	15.81	68
Louisiana	67	2,729.03	1,216.01	465.59	1,513.02	38.29	17.06	51
Maine	228	689.92	360.92	158.27	329.00	43.85	22.94	79
Maryland	24	3,388.62	1,287.56	648.45	2,101.06	50.36	19.14	24
Massachusetts	368	3,843.60	1,906.35	1,309.62	1,937.25	68.70	34.07	294
Michigan	397	4,847.78	1,806.11	1,281.91	3,041.67	70.98	26.44	255
Minnesota	137	2,234.55	852.92	556.94	1,381.63	65.30	24.92	65
Mississippi	52	877.59	635.98	109.90	241.61	17.28	12.52	45
Missouri	148	3,152.53	823.86	315.85	2,328.67	38.34	10.02	52
Montana	82	368.17	170.82	59.25	197.35	34.69	16.09	11
Nebraska	235	797.52	392.61	120.82	404.91	30.77	15.15	46
Nevada	22	816.83	222.98	184.85	593.85	82.90	22.63	14
New Hampshire	222	844.68	493.35	246.08	351.33	49.88	29.13	107

See notes at end of table.

Table 24. Number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff in public libraries, by type of position; percentage of total FTE librarians and total FTE staff with ALA-MLS degrees; and number of public libraries with ALA-MLS librarians, by state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Paid FTE staff ¹				Percentage of total FTE librarians with ALA-MLS	Percentage of total FTE staff with ALA-MLS	Number of public libraries with ALA-MLS librarians
		Total	Librarians		Other			
			Total	Librarians with ALA-MLS ²				
New Jersey	286	4,545.50	1,387.82	1,337.32	3,157.68	96.36	29.42	240
New Mexico	87	676.07	274.35	125.58	401.72	45.77	18.57	26
New York	756	12,822.53	4,434.29	3,668.79	8,388.24	82.74	28.61	437
North Carolina	81	3,059.03	847.09	767.49	2,211.94	90.60	25.09	80
North Dakota	74	244.33	129.64	46.70	114.69	36.02	19.11	15
Ohio	251	9,110.92	2,713.12	1,977.23	6,397.80	72.88	21.70	198
Oklahoma	119	1,740.84	937.06	272.63	803.78	29.09	15.66	35
Oregon	131	1,896.87	548.04	454.45	1,348.83	82.92	23.96	82
Pennsylvania	453	4,669.93	1,481.60	1,177.25	3,188.33	79.46	25.21	291
Rhode Island	48	645.18	251.38	225.06	393.80	89.53	34.88	48
South Carolina	42	1,951.91	587.95	478.39	1,363.96	81.37	24.51	41
South Dakota	111	352.62	175.24	46.03	177.38	26.27	13.05	18
Tennessee	186	1,963.63	591.92	291.44	1,371.71	49.24	14.84	53
Texas	540	6,899.20	2,527.15	1,717.81	4,372.05	67.97	24.90	249
Utah	74	1,291.77	396.54	241.86	895.23	60.99	18.72	31
Vermont	162	360.06	217.69	74.76	142.37	34.34	20.76	53
Virginia	92	4,165.15	1,067.57	950.02	3,097.58	88.99	22.81	84
Washington	62	3,929.84	897.88	810.65	3,031.96	90.28	20.63	46
West Virginia	97	639.83	347.58	87.69	292.25	25.23	13.71	38
Wisconsin	381	3,060.51	1,202.62	739.24	1,857.89	61.47	24.15	188
Wyoming	23	425.03	156.81	56.40	268.22	35.97	13.27	15
Outlying areas								
American Samoa	1	10.00	1.00	1.00	9.00	100.00	10.00	1
Guam	1	21.00	0.00	0.00	21.00	0.00	0.00	0
Northern Marianas	1	18.00	6.00	2.00	12.00	33.33	11.11	1

¹Paid staff were reported in FTEs. To ensure comparable data, 40 hours was set as the measure of full-time employment (for example, 60 hours per week of part-time work by employees in a staff category divided by the 40-hour measure equals 1.50 FTEs). FTE data were reported to two decimal places but rounded to one decimal place in the table. Paid staff is one of four criteria used in the Public Libraries Survey to define a public library. Some states report public libraries that do not have paid staff but meet the definition of a public library under state law.

²ALA-MLS: A Master's degree from a graduate library education program accredited by the American Library Association (ALA). Librarians with an ALA-MLS are also included in total librarians. Nationally, 4,926 Master's degrees in library science were awarded by institutions of higher education in 2015-16 (Digest of Education Statistics, 2017, Table 323.10. U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office).

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTSTAFF, LIBRARIA, MASTER, OTHPAID from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 24A. Number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff in public libraries, by type of position; percentage of total librarians and total staff with ALA-MLS degrees, and number of public libraries with ALA-MLS librarians in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Paid FTE staff ^d				Percentage of total FTE librarians with ALA-MLS	Percentage of total FTE staff with ALA-MLS	Number of public libraries with ALA-MLS librarians
		Total	Librarians		Other			
			Total	ALA-MLS ²				
Total ³	9,045	142,130.67	49,575.49	33,620.40	92,555.18	67.82	23.65	4,818
1,000,000 or more	35	20,136.05	5,941.24	5,424.09	14,194.81	91.30	26.94	35
500,000 to 999,999	55	18,184.03	5,150.14	4,233.51	13,033.89	82.20	23.28	55
250,000 to 499,999	112	16,295.22	5,018.58	3,935.00	11,276.64	78.41	24.15	112
100,000 to 249,999	366	22,510.06	6,716.91	5,180.39	15,793.15	77.12	23.01	362
50,000 to 99,999	578	17,987.06	6,045.88	4,477.18	11,941.18	74.05	24.89	563
25,000 to 49,999	989	17,873.83	6,734.18	4,566.53	11,139.65	67.81	25.55	911
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	16,315.75	6,935.90	3,944.75	9,379.85	56.87	24.18	1,373
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	6,831.89	3,279.78	1,267.14	3,552.11	38.63	18.55	775
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	3,191.08	1,784.07	394.49	1,407.01	22.11	12.36	365
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	2,090.41	1,419.12	155.31	671.29	10.94	7.43	186
Less than 1,000	935	715.29	549.69	42.01	165.60	7.64	5.87	81

¹Paid staff were reported in FTEs. To ensure comparable data, 40 hours was set as the measure of full-time employment (for example, 60 hours per week of part-time work by employees in a staff category divided by the 40-hour measure equals 1.50 FTEs). FTE data were reported to two decimal places but rounded to one decimal place in the table. Paid staff is one of four criteria used in the Public Libraries Survey to define a public library. Some states report public libraries that do not have paid staff but meet the definition of a public library under state law.

²ALA-MLS: A Master's degree from a graduate library education program accredited by the American Library Association. Librarians with an ALA-MLS are also included in total librarians. Nationally, 4,926 Master's degrees in library science were awarded by institutions of higher education in 2015-16 (Digest of Education Statistics, 2017, Table 323.10. U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics. Washington, DC: Government Printing Office).

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTSTAFF, LIBRARIA, MASTER, OTHPAID, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 25. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Number of paid FTE staff ¹									
		0.0	0.01 to 0.99	1 to 1.99	2 to 4.99	5 to 9.99	10 to 24.99	25 to 49.99	50 to 99.99	100 to 249.99	250 or more
		Percentage distribution									
Total ²	9,045	0.2	16.1	15.9	23.2	16.6	15.9	6.7	2.9	1.5	0.9
Alabama	218	0.0	8.3	26.1	33.5	16.1	12.4	0.9	1.4	0.9	0.5
Alaska	61	0.0	37.7	18.0	18.0	18.0	4.9	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Arizona	90	0.0	2.2	18.9	32.2	20.0	11.1	4.4	6.7	2.2	2.2
Arkansas	60	0.0	1.7	6.7	20.0	28.3	18.3	23.3	0.0	0.0	1.7
California	184	0.0	1.1	0.5	4.9	13.6	28.8	23.4	14.7	7.6	5.4
Colorado	113	0.0	8.0	15.0	21.2	15.9	20.4	8.8	2.7	5.3	2.7
Connecticut	181	0.0	6.1	6.6	23.8	27.1	22.7	11.0	2.8	0.0	0.0
Delaware	21	0.0	0.0	0.0	28.6	42.9	19.0	4.8	0.0	4.8	0.0
District of Columbia	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Florida	81	0.0	2.5	3.7	6.2	11.1	23.5	19.8	12.3	12.3	8.6
Georgia	63	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.3	11.1	41.3	17.5	12.7	7.9	3.2
Hawaii	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
Idaho	102	0.0	19.6	24.5	23.5	14.7	9.8	4.9	2.0	1.0	0.0
Illinois	622	0.0	12.9	18.3	23.8	14.5	15.1	9.2	5.0	1.1	0.2
Indiana	236	0.0	4.2	12.7	21.6	17.4	25.8	11.0	4.7	1.7	0.8
Iowa	535	0.0	43.0	25.4	17.8	7.5	4.1	1.5	0.7	0.0	0.0
Kansas	319	0.0	42.0	18.8	21.9	8.8	5.3	1.3	0.6	1.3	0.0
Kentucky	119	0.0	1.7	0.8	8.4	34.5	37.0	11.8	2.5	2.5	0.8
Louisiana	67	0.0	0.0	1.5	6.0	20.9	32.8	16.4	10.4	10.4	1.5
Maine	228	0.0	42.5	18.9	19.7	12.7	5.3	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0
Maryland	24	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	8.3	20.8	12.5	25.0
Massachusetts	368	0.0	12.5	10.3	19.6	26.1	25.0	4.9	1.4	0.0	0.3
Michigan	397	0.0	7.1	15.6	28.7	22.2	15.9	6.3	3.0	1.0	0.3
Minnesota	137	0.0	10.2	27.0	25.5	13.9	12.4	4.4	2.9	2.9	0.7
Mississippi	52	0.0	0.0	1.9	21.2	30.8	30.8	5.8	9.6	0.0	0.0
Missouri	148	0.0	14.2	14.9	27.0	18.2	14.9	5.4	0.7	2.7	2.0
Montana	82	0.0	14.6	28.0	36.6	12.2	3.7	4.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Nebraska	235	0.0	51.9	20.0	15.7	6.8	4.3	0.4	0.0	0.9	0.0
Nevada	22	0.0	0.0	13.6	27.3	18.2	27.3	0.0	4.5	4.5	4.5
New Hampshire	222	0.9	24.3	22.5	33.3	9.5	8.6	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0

See notes at end of table.

Table 25. Percentage distribution of public libraries, by number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Number of paid FTE staff ¹									
		0.0 to 0.99	1.0 to 1.99	2.0 to 4.99	5.0 to 9.99	10.0 to 24.99	25.0 to 49.99	50.0 to 99.99	100.0 to 249.99	250.0 or more	
		Percentage distribution									
New Jersey	286	4.5	1.0	3.1	21.3	28.3	26.9	10.5	2.1	1.7	0.3
New Mexico	87	0.0	6.9	20.7	42.5	13.8	9.2	4.6	1.1	1.1	0.0
New York	756	0.0	16.3	18.4	21.0	14.7	16.0	9.9	2.5	0.8	0.4
North Carolina	81	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5	17.3	35.8	28.4	9.9	4.9	1.2
North Dakota	74	1.4	41.9	23.0	20.3	4.1	5.4	4.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Ohio	251	0.0	0.0	1.6	13.1	22.7	33.5	14.3	8.0	4.0	2.8
Oklahoma	119	0.0	16.8	25.2	31.1	14.3	6.7	1.7	1.7	0.8	1.7
Oregon	131	0.0	15.3	16.0	16.8	24.4	17.6	4.6	3.8	0.8	0.8
Pennsylvania	453	0.0	6.8	16.1	33.3	22.3	15.7	3.8	1.1	0.4	0.4
Rhode Island	48	0.0	2.1	4.2	27.1	18.8	37.5	8.3	2.1	0.0	0.0
South Carolina	42	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.8	23.8	33.3	11.9	14.3	9.5	2.4
South Dakota	111	0.0	42.3	27.9	17.1	5.4	5.4	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Tennessee	186	0.0	17.2	17.2	31.2	17.7	10.2	4.3	0.5	0.5	1.1
Texas	540	0.0	12.4	14.8	34.8	18.1	10.6	5.6	1.9	0.9	0.9
Utah	74	0.0	12.2	23.0	21.6	12.2	21.6	2.7	4.1	1.4	1.4
Vermont	162	1.9	41.4	24.7	19.8	9.9	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Virginia	92	0.0	1.1	0.0	9.8	15.2	35.9	18.5	8.7	8.7	2.2
Washington	62	0.0	19.4	4.8	14.5	11.3	22.6	1.6	9.7	8.1	8.1
West Virginia	97	0.0	9.3	24.7	34.0	16.5	12.4	1.0	2.1	0.0	0.0
Wisconsin	381	0.0	10.8	21.8	31.0	14.7	16.0	4.2	1.0	0.3	0.3
Wyoming	23	0.0	0.0	0.0	13.0	30.4	21.7	30.4	4.3	0.0	0.0
Outlying areas											
American Samoa	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Guam	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Northern Marianas	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹Paid staff were reported in FTEs. To ensure comparable data, 40 hours was set as the measure of full-time employment (for example, 60 hours per week of part-time work by employees in a staff category divided by the 40-hour measure equals 1.50 FTEs). FTE data were reported to two decimal places but rounded to one decimal place in the table. Paid staff is one of four criteria used in the Public Libraries Survey to define a public library. Some states report public libraries that do not have paid staff but meet the definition of a public library under state law.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data element TOTSTAFF from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) was used to produce this table.

Table 25A. Percentage distribution of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by number of paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Number of paid FTE staff ¹									
		0.0 to .99	.01 to 1.99	1.0 to 4.99	2 to 9.99	5 to 24.99	10 to 49.99	25 to 99.99	50 to 249.99	100 to 249.99	250 or more
		Percentage distribution									
Total ²	9,045	0.2	16.1	15.9	23.2	16.6	15.9	6.7	2.9	1.5	0.9
1,000,000 or more	35	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	14.3	85.7
500,000 to 999,999	55	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	32.7	63.6
250,000 to 499,999	112	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.9	1.8	4.5	30.4	50.0	12.5
100,000 to 249,999	366	0.0	0.3	0.3	1.1	0.5	10.9	36.9	35.5	14.2	0.3
50,000 to 99,999	578	0.0	0.2	0.5	1.2	5.5	38.8	40.0	12.5	1.4	0.0
25,000 to 49,999	989	0.0	0.3	0.5	3.7	20.3	55.1	17.3	2.7	0.0	0.0
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	0.2	0.7	2.0	20.6	41.9	31.1	3.4	0.1	0.0	0.0
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	0.3	3.3	10.8	51.9	29.0	4.4	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	0.2	11.3	33.2	48.4	5.9	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	0.3	35.8	44.3	18.1	1.2	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Less than 1,000	935	0.3	77.5	17.6	4.1	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹Paid staff were reported in FTEs. To ensure comparable data, 40 hours was set as the measure of full-time employment (for example, 60 hours per week of part-time work by employees in a staff category divided by the 40-hour measure equals 1.50 FTEs). FTE data were reported to two decimal places but rounded to one decimal place in the table. Paid staff is one of four criteria used in the Public Libraries Survey to define a public library. Some states report public libraries that do not have paid staff but meet the definition of a public library under state law.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition. NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. For item(s) with response rates below 100 percent, data for nonrespondents were imputed and are included in the table. Data were not imputed for the outlying areas. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTSTAFF, POPU_LSA from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 26. Number and square footage of public library outlets, by state: Fiscal year 2017

State	Number of public libraries	Number of stationary outlets ¹	Square footage		
			Total (In thous.)	Average ²	Per 1,000 population ³
Total ⁴	9,045	16,489	208,423	12,640	668.06
Alabama	218	289	2,801	9,691	611.66
Alaska	61	77	659	8,562	1,021.82
Arizona	90	219	2,964	13,534	425.93
Arkansas	60	229	1,843	8,049	697.85
California	184	1,124	16,819	14,963	425.71
Colorado	113	261	4,021	15,405	742.26
Connecticut	181	227	3,946	17,381	1,172.27
Delaware	21	32	563	17,582	590.93
District of Columbia	1	26	852	32,774	1,227.91
Florida	81	530	9,906	18,690	484.94
Georgia	63	396	5,298	13,380	504.22
Hawaii	1	50	697	13,945	488.09
Idaho	102	145	1,081	7,455	759.82
Illinois	622	784	12,670	16,160	1,081.53
Indiana	236	420	7,341	17,478	1,203.63
Iowa	535	545	4,002	7,343	1,307.18
Kansas	319	364	2,813	7,728	1,124.09
Kentucky	119	203	2,761	13,600	622.23
Louisiana	67	335	3,339	9,968	712.87
Maine	228	228	1,438	6,306	1,241.39
Maryland	24	189	3,534	18,701	596.14
Massachusetts	368	455	7,591	16,684	1,120.19
Michigan	397	643	7,813	12,151	793.52
Minnesota	137	356	4,101	11,519	801.82
Mississippi	52	236	1,837	7,783	618.48
Missouri	148	363	4,053	11,166	740.58
Montana	82	117	783	6,688	791.61
Nebraska	235	249	1,883	7,560	1,200.21
Nevada	22	84	1,288	15,334	436.28
New Hampshire	222	226	1,423	6,297	1,074.55

See notes at end of table.

Table 26. Number and square footage of public libraries, by state: Fiscal year 2017—Continued

State	Number of public libraries	Number of stationary outlets ¹	Square footage		Per 1,000 population ³
			Total (In thous.)	Average ²	
New Jersey	286	419	6,325	15,095	732.73
New Mexico	87	115	1,272	11,059	849.91
New York	756	1,067	14,310	13,412	738.48
North Carolina	81	389	4,683	12,040	461.16
North Dakota	74	81	531	6,558	781.08
Ohio	251	716	11,408	15,933	991.13
Oklahoma	119	214	2,087	9,753	645.68
Oregon	131	218	2,431	11,151	683.55
Pennsylvania	453	621	5,957	9,593	479.82
Rhode Island	48	71	1,025	14,443	969.39
South Carolina	42	190	2,594	13,653	557.59
South Dakota	111	141	775	5,495	984.30
Tennessee	186	284	3,423	12,052	527.80
Texas	540	862	12,350	14,327	483.20
Utah	74	126	1,858	14,747	625.66
Vermont	162	162	735	4,534	1,387.41
Virginia	92	356	4,856	13,641	583.88
Washington	62	348	3,599	10,343	499.86
West Virginia	97	172	1,328	7,719	716.46
Wisconsin	381	459	5,968	13,003	1,032.01
Wyoming	23	76	788	10,371	1,346.16
Outlying areas					
American Samoa	1	2	20	9,969	330.63
Guam	1	6	71	11,833	432.32
Northern Marianas	1	3	17	5,767	321.07

¹This is the number of stationary-outlets (C_OUT_TY = 'CE' or 'BR') where square feet is not missing.

²The average square footage is calculated by dividing the total square footage for stationary-outlets by the number of such outlets with non-missing data.

³Per 1,000 population data are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Square footage is collected only from central and branch outlets (not from bookmobiles and books-by-mail-only outlets). Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data element POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) and SQ_FEET, C_OUT_TY from the Public Library Outlet Data File (PLS_FY2017_Outlet_puout17a) were used to produce this table. The Public Library Outlet Data File (PLS_FY2017_Outlet_puout17a) can be merged onto the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) by FSCSKEY.

Table 26A. Number and square footage of public libraries in the 50 states and the District of Columbia, by population of legal service area: Fiscal year 2017

Population of legal service area	Number of public libraries	Number of stationary outlets ¹	Square footage		
			Total (In thous.)	Average ²	Per 1,000 population ³
Total ⁴	9,045	16,489	208,423	12,640	668.06
1,000,000 or more	35	1,361	26,770	19,669	450.37
500,000 to 999,999	55	1,071	23,190	21,652	585.43
250,000 to 499,999	112	1,182	20,787	17,586	541.74
100,000 to 249,999	366	2,019	33,128	16,408	588.72
50,000 to 99,999	578	1,567	27,029	17,249	683.50
25,000 to 49,999	989	1,754	26,389	15,045	786.35
10,000 to 24,999	1,757	2,223	26,068	11,727	951.82
5,000 to 9,999	1,494	1,634	11,911	7,290	1,141.88
2,500 to 4,999	1,263	1,294	6,325	4,888	1,416.86
1,000 to 2,499	1,461	1,468	4,869	3,317	2,048.18
Less than 1,000	935	916	1,956	2,135	3,738.79

¹This is the number of stationary-outlets (C_OUT_TY = 'CE' or 'BR') where square feet is not missing.

²The average square footage is calculated by dividing the total square footage for stationary-outlets by the number of such outlets with non-missing data.

³Per 1,000 population data are based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is

⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: Square footage is collected only from central and branch outlets (not from bookmobiles and books-by-mail-only outlets). Data were not reported by the following outlying areas: Puerto Rico and Virgin Islands. Missing data were not imputed for nonresponding outlying areas.

Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements POPU_LSA, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) and SQ_FEET, C_OUT_TY from the Public Library Outlet Data File (PLS_FY2017_Outlet_puout17a) were used to produce this table. The Public Library Outlet Data File (PLS_FY2017_Outlet_puout17a) can be merged onto the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) by FSCSKEY.

Table 27. Total and state operating revenue of public libraries per capita, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Total operating revenue			State operating revenue		
State	Ranking	Per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Per capita ¹
Total ²	†	\$42.34	Total ²	†	\$2.82
District of Columbia	1	83.61	Ohio	1	32.87
New York	2	73.62	Hawaii	2	23.86
Ohio	3	72.24	Maryland	3	9.50
Illinois	4	71.72	Rhode Island	4	8.42
Oregon	5	65.95	Nevada	5	8.32
Wyoming	6	65.59	West Virginia	6	5.36
Colorado	7	63.52	Pennsylvania	7	4.58
Washington	8	62.12	Delaware	8	4.14
Alaska	9	58.85	Indiana	9	3.65
Connecticut	10	58.50	New York	10	3.02
Indiana	11	58.07	Georgia	11	2.99
New Jersey	12	56.42	Mississippi	12	2.27
Louisiana	13	56.04	Illinois	13	2.18
Kansas	14	55.95	North Dakota	14	2.13
Maryland	15	50.23	South Carolina	15	1.97
Rhode Island	16	49.46	Arkansas	16	1.93
Missouri	17	47.84	Virginia	17	1.89
New Hampshire	18	47.43	Massachusetts	18	1.64
Massachusetts	19	46.87	Kansas	19	1.61
Michigan	20	44.68	North Carolina	20	1.46
Wisconsin	21	43.94	Michigan	21	1.45
Iowa	22	42.80	Minnesota	22	1.43
Kentucky	23	42.77	Kentucky	23	1.42
Vermont	24	42.49	Idaho	24	1.36
Minnesota	25	41.82	Alaska	25	1.23
Idaho	26	41.11	New Mexico	26	1.22
Maine	27	40.39	Florida	27	1.10
Oklahoma	28	39.42	Louisiana	28	1.03
California	29	39.40	Alabama	29	0.85
Nebraska	30	39.05	Iowa	30	0.81
Utah	31	37.74	Wisconsin	31	0.70
Virginia	32	35.54	Oklahoma	32	0.59
New Mexico	33	35.21	Montana	33	0.57
South Dakota	34	34.27	Utah	34	0.56
Nevada	35	32.91	New Jersey	35	0.48
Arkansas	36	31.74	California	36	0.41
South Carolina	37	31.12	Missouri	36	0.41
North Dakota	38	30.44	Nebraska	38	0.35
Pennsylvania	39	29.76	Colorado	39	0.33
Florida	40	29.62	Maine	40	0.31
Montana	41	29.29	Connecticut	41	0.29
Delaware	42	27.75	Arizona	42	0.20
Arizona	43	27.53	Oregon	43	0.19
Hawaii	44	26.67	Washington	44	0.06
North Carolina	45	23.26	Tennessee	45	0.05
Alabama	46	23.11	New Hampshire	46	0.01
West Virginia	47	22.57	District of Columbia	47	0.00
Texas	48	21.80	South Dakota	47	0.00
Tennessee	49	19.95	Texas	47	0.00
Georgia	50	19.12	Vermont	47	0.00
Mississippi	51	16.93	Wyoming	47	0.00

† Not applicable.

¹Total revenue includes federal, state, local, and other revenue. Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTINCM, STGVT, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld7a) were used to produce this table.

Table 28. Local and other operating revenue of public libraries per capita, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Local operating revenue			Other operating revenue		
State	Ranking	Per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Per capita ¹
Total ²	†	\$36.37	Total ²	†	\$2.99
District of Columbia	1	80.53	Maine	1	10.13
Illinois	2	65.93	New York	2	9.59
Wyoming	3	62.09	Connecticut	3	7.74
Oregon	4	61.77	Ohio	4	7.24
New York	5	60.64	Rhode Island	5	6.94
Washington	6	59.06	Vermont	6	6.78
Colorado	7	58.42	Pennsylvania	7	5.26
Alaska	8	55.00	Maryland	8	5.08
New Jersey	9	53.73	Kansas	9	4.73
Louisiana	10	53.30	Colorado	10	4.58
Indiana	11	51.83	Massachusetts	11	4.54
Connecticut	12	50.35	Wisconsin	12	4.24
Kansas	13	49.59	Minnesota	13	3.95
New Hampshire	14	44.10	Oregon	14	3.87
Missouri	15	43.82	Wyoming	15	3.51
Michigan	16	40.66	Illinois	16	3.39
Massachusetts	17	40.62	New Hampshire	17	3.32
Kentucky	18	39.63	Iowa	18	3.30
Wisconsin	19	38.92	Missouri	19	3.23
Iowa	20	38.67	Idaho	20	3.02
California	21	37.11	Washington	21	2.95
Nebraska	22	36.73	Arkansas	22	2.65
Idaho	23	36.70	Michigan	23	2.53
Minnesota	24	36.42	Oklahoma	24	2.52
Oklahoma	25	36.04	Indiana	25	2.44
Vermont	26	35.61	New Jersey	26	2.18
Utah	27	35.59	North Dakota	27	2.07
Maryland	28	35.01	Alabama	28	1.98
Rhode Island	29	33.61	Nebraska	29	1.93
South Dakota	30	32.67	New Mexico	30	1.85
Ohio	31	32.08	California	31	1.80
Virginia	32	32.03	District of Columbia	32	1.72
New Mexico	33	31.36	Kentucky	33	1.69
Maine	34	29.94	Mississippi	34	1.68
South Carolina	35	28.19	West Virginia	34	1.68
Florida	36	27.38	Hawaii	36	1.64
Montana	37	27.32	Delaware	37	1.53
Arkansas	38	27.16	Louisiana	38	1.50
North Dakota	39	26.18	Utah	38	1.50
Arizona	40	26.12	Alaska	40	1.46
Nevada	41	22.95	Virginia	41	1.41
Delaware	42	22.04	Montana	42	1.36
Texas	43	20.94	Nevada	43	1.24
North Carolina	44	20.63	South Dakota	44	1.20
Alabama	45	20.10	Tennessee	45	1.13
Pennsylvania	46	19.82	Florida	46	1.08
Tennessee	47	18.73	Georgia	47	1.07
West Virginia	48	15.30	North Carolina	48	1.02
Georgia	49	14.93	Arizona	49	0.94
Mississippi	50	12.75	South Carolina	50	0.92
Hawaii	51	0.00	Texas	51	0.80

† Not applicable.

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements LOCGVT, OTHINCM, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 29. Total operating expenditures per capita and staff salaries and benefits as a percent of all operating expenditures of public libraries, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Total operating expenditures ¹			Salaries and benefits		
State	Ranking	Per capita ²	State	Ranking	Percent of all expenditures
Total ³	†	\$39.59	Total ³	†	66.72
District of Columbia	1	82.90	Wyoming	1	74.65
New York	2	67.13	New Hampshire	2	74.14
Illinois	3	65.09	District of Columbia	3	73.92
Ohio	4	64.61	Connecticut	4	73.51
Connecticut	5	60.79	Rhode Island	5	73.02
Oregon	6	60.76	Maryland	6	72.81
Washington	7	59.98	New Jersey	7	72.80
Alaska	8	55.85	New York	8	72.53
Colorado	9	55.64	Georgia	9	71.77
Wyoming	10	54.82	Massachusetts	10	71.74
Kansas	11	53.87	Virginia	11	70.65
Indiana	12	52.88	Montana	12	70.40
New Jersey	13	52.47	Nevada	13	69.97
Rhode Island	14	48.47	Iowa	14	69.80
Maryland	15	48.38	Alabama	15	69.70
Massachusetts	16	47.44	Maine	15	69.70
New Hampshire	17	46.76	North Carolina	17	69.61
Louisiana	18	46.30	Delaware	18	69.51
Vermont	19	44.98	South Dakota	19	68.81
Missouri	20	43.26	Texas	19	68.81
Wisconsin	21	41.27	Vermont	19	68.81
Minnesota	22	40.89	Washington	22	68.60
Maine	23	40.75	Tennessee	23	68.59
Iowa	24	40.74	South Carolina	24	68.39
Michigan	25	40.00	Wisconsin	25	68.14
Idaho	26	38.15	Pennsylvania	26	67.79
Oklahoma	27	37.94	Mississippi	27	67.23
California	28	37.68	Nebraska	28	66.96
Nebraska	29	37.11	Hawaii	29	66.27
Utah	30	35.91	West Virginia	30	65.95
Virginia	31	34.91	New Mexico	31	65.71
Kentucky	32	34.60	Oregon	32	65.67
South Dakota	33	33.08	Alaska	33	65.57
New Mexico	34	32.41	Illinois	34	65.09
Nevada	35	29.76	North Dakota	35	65.04
Arkansas	36	29.39	Utah	36	64.31
South Carolina	37	29.16	Idaho	37	64.26
Pennsylvania	38	29.09	Kentucky	38	63.98
North Dakota	39	28.76	Ohio	39	63.92
Delaware	40	27.98	Minnesota	40	63.84
Montana	41	27.83	California	41	63.51
Florida	42	27.51	Oklahoma	42	63.30
Hawaii	43	26.56	Colorado	43	63.25
Arizona	44	25.93	Arkansas	44	62.28
North Carolina	45	22.28	Indiana	45	62.27
Alabama	46	21.69	Michigan	46	62.10
Texas	47	21.20	Louisiana	47	61.38
West Virginia	48	19.84	Arizona	48	61.30
Tennessee	49	19.07	Missouri	49	59.67
Georgia	50	18.82	Florida	50	59.51
Mississippi	51	16.55	Kansas	51	59.45

† Not applicable.

¹Total operating expenditures includes total staff expenditures, collection expenditures, and other operating expenditures.²Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTOPEXP, STAFFEXP, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 30. Total collection expenditures and other operating expenditures of public libraries per capita, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Total collection expenditures ¹			Other operating expenditures ²		
State	Ranking	Per capita ³	State	Ranking	Per capita ³
Total ⁴	†	\$4.39	Total ⁴	†	\$8.78
Ohio	1	8.83	Kansas	1	16.01
Colorado	2	7.68	District of Columbia	2	15.76
Washington	3	7.56	Illinois	3	15.67
Indiana	4	7.31	Alaska	4	15.52
Illinois	5	7.06	Oregon	5	14.72
Missouri	6	6.61	Ohio	6	14.48
Oregon	7	6.14	New York	7	12.88
Maryland	8	5.94	Colorado	8	12.76
District of Columbia	9	5.86	Indiana	9	12.64
Kansas	10	5.83	Louisiana	10	12.50
Massachusetts	11	5.69	Washington	11	11.28
New York	12	5.56	Missouri	12	10.83
Connecticut	13	5.55	Connecticut	13	10.56
Louisiana	14	5.38	Michigan	14	10.50
Oklahoma	15	5.25	Minnesota	15	10.36
New Mexico	16	5.19	California	16	10.35
Iowa	17	5.11	Vermont	17	9.74
Nebraska	18	4.97	Wyoming	18	9.68
Utah	18	4.97	Rhode Island	19	9.65
Kentucky	20	4.68	New Jersey	20	9.63
Michigan	21	4.66	Idaho	21	9.29
New Jersey	22	4.64	Wisconsin	22	8.88
New Hampshire	23	4.59	Maine	23	8.72
Minnesota	24	4.43	Oklahoma	24	8.68
Idaho	25	4.34	Florida	25	7.89
Vermont	26	4.29	Utah	26	7.85
Wisconsin	27	4.26	Kentucky	27	7.78
South Dakota	28	4.23	Massachusetts	28	7.72
Wyoming	29	4.22	New Hampshire	29	7.50
South Carolina	30	4.14	Arkansas	30	7.41
Arizona	31	4.11	Nebraska	31	7.29
Nevada	32	4.09	Maryland	32	7.21
North Dakota	33	3.98	Iowa	33	7.20
Virginia	34	3.74	Pennsylvania	34	6.52
Alaska	35	3.71	Virginia	35	6.51
Arkansas	36	3.67	Hawaii	36	6.24
Maine	37	3.63	South Dakota	37	6.09
Rhode Island	38	3.43	North Dakota	38	6.08
California	39	3.40	Delaware	39	5.99
Florida	40	3.25	Arizona	40	5.93
Montana	41	2.90	New Mexico	41	5.92
West Virginia	42	2.86	Montana	42	5.34
Pennsylvania	43	2.85	South Carolina	43	5.08
Hawaii	44	2.72	Nevada	44	4.84
Texas	45	2.69	Alabama	45	4.32
North Carolina	46	2.56	North Carolina	46	4.22
Delaware	47	2.54	Mississippi	47	3.98
Alabama	48	2.25	Texas	48	3.92
Tennessee	49	2.21	West Virginia	49	3.90
Georgia	50	1.77	Tennessee	50	3.78
Mississippi	51	1.45	Georgia	51	3.54

† Not applicable.

¹Total collection expenditures includes expenditures for print, electronic, and other materials.²Other operating expenditures not included in staff or collections.³Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTEXPCO, OTHOPEXP, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 31. Number of library visits, registered users, and reference transactions of public libraries per capita, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Library visits			Registered users			Reference transactions		
State	Ranking	Per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Per capita ¹
Total ²	†	4.21	Total ²	†	0.55	Total ²	†	0.77
Ohio	1	6.25	New Mexico	1	0.74	Ohio	1	1.54
Vermont	2	6.20	Ohio	2	0.73	Maryland	2	1.39
Massachusetts	3	5.97	Minnesota	3	0.70	New York	3	1.37
Connecticut	4	5.94	Nebraska	4	0.69	District of Columbia	4	1.17
Colorado	5	5.87	Colorado	5	0.67	Florida	5	1.07
Maine	6	5.76	Kansas	5	0.67	Arkansas	6	1.01
Wyoming	7	5.75	Iowa	7	0.66	Kentucky	7	0.99
Oregon	8	5.70	Hawaii	8	0.64	Louisiana	7	0.99
Illinois	9	5.65	Arkansas	9	0.63	Connecticut	9	0.92
Idaho	10	5.64	District of Columbia	10	0.62	Alabama	10	0.89
Iowa	11	5.61	Idaho	10	0.62	Illinois	11	0.88
Kansas	12	5.49	Oklahoma	10	0.62	Idaho	12	0.85
Rhode Island	13	5.36	Wyoming	10	0.62	Michigan	12	0.85
Wisconsin	14	5.34	Kentucky	14	0.61	Utah	14	0.84
New Hampshire	15	5.28	Maryland	14	0.61	Vermont	15	0.83
Washington	15	5.28	Mississippi	16	0.60	Virginia	16	0.82
Indiana	17	5.22	New Hampshire	16	0.60	Wyoming	16	0.82
Alaska	18	5.21	Missouri	18	0.59	Kansas	18	0.79
District of Columbia	19	5.18	Oregon	18	0.59	New Jersey	19	0.75
New York	20	5.16	Virginia	18	0.59	Arizona	20	0.74
Utah	21	5.10	California	21	0.58	North Dakota	20	0.74
Nebraska	22	4.92	Utah	21	0.58	Massachusetts	22	0.71
New Jersey	23	4.83	Alabama	23	0.57	Georgia	23	0.70
Missouri	24	4.77	Florida	23	0.57	North Carolina	24	0.69
South Dakota	25	4.70	Maine	23	0.57	Wisconsin	24	0.69
New Mexico	26	4.69	Wisconsin	23	0.57	Colorado	26	0.68
Michigan	27	4.68	Alaska	27	0.56	Maine	27	0.64
Maryland	28	4.40	North Carolina	27	0.56	Indiana	28	0.63
Delaware	29	4.33	Texas	27	0.56	Minnesota	28	0.63
Montana	30	4.26	Washington	27	0.56	New Mexico	28	0.63
Minnesota	31	4.22	South Carolina	31	0.55	New Hampshire	31	0.60
Oklahoma	32	4.17	New York	32	0.54	Pennsylvania	32	0.59
Virginia	33	4.16	Vermont	32	0.54	Oklahoma	33	0.58
Kentucky	34	4.04	Indiana	34	0.53	Rhode Island	34	0.56
Arkansas	35	3.92	Louisiana	34	0.53	Alaska	35	0.55
California	36	3.82	West Virginia	36	0.51	Iowa	35	0.55
Louisiana	37	3.67	Tennessee	37	0.50	South Carolina	35	0.55
Arizona	38	3.53	Massachusetts	38	0.49	Missouri	38	0.53
Pennsylvania	39	3.40	Michigan	39	0.48	Montana	38	0.53
Nevada	40	3.28	New Jersey	39	0.48	Nebraska	38	0.53
Florida	41	3.27	South Dakota	41	0.47	Oregon	38	0.53
North Carolina	42	3.21	Arizona	42	0.46	Tennessee	38	0.53
Alabama	43	3.15	Montana	43	0.44	Texas	38	0.53
North Dakota	43	3.15	Nevada	43	0.44	Washington	38	0.53
South Carolina	45	3.13	Connecticut	45	0.43	Nevada	45	0.49
Tennessee	46	2.99	Illinois	45	0.43	California	46	0.48
Hawaii	47	2.89	Pennsylvania	45	0.43	Delaware	46	0.48
Mississippi	47	2.89	Rhode Island	48	0.42	Mississippi	46	0.48
West Virginia	49	2.82	Delaware	49	0.41	South Dakota	49	0.42
Texas	50	2.75	Georgia	49	0.41	Hawaii	50	0.38
Georgia	51	2.74	North Dakota	51	0.40	West Virginia	51	0.33

† Not applicable.

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements VISITS, REGBOR, REFERENC, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 32. Total circulation and children's materials circulation of public libraries per capita, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Total circulation ¹			Children's materials circulation		
State	Ranking	Per capita ²	State	Ranking	Per capita ²
Total ³	†	6.94	Total ³	†	2.45
Oregon	1	15.19	Utah	1	5.02
Ohio	2	14.85	Idaho	2	4.61
Washington	3	11.72	Ohio	3	4.56
Indiana	4	11.61	Colorado	4	3.92
Colorado	5	11.46	Maryland	5	3.89
Utah	6	11.36	Kansas	6	3.83
Idaho	7	10.97	Washington	7	3.70
Kansas	8	9.80	Nebraska	8	3.68
Wisconsin	9	9.63	Illinois	9	3.58
Maryland	10	9.51	Minnesota	10	3.53
Missouri	11	9.50	Wisconsin	10	3.53
Illinois	12	9.27	Indiana	12	3.49
Minnesota	13	8.87	Oregon	13	3.43
Iowa	14	8.25	Wyoming	14	3.15
Massachusetts	15	8.07	Missouri	15	3.13
Wyoming	16	8.01	South Dakota	16	3.08
Virginia	17	7.93	Virginia	17	3.00
Nebraska	18	7.91	Vermont	18	2.99
Michigan	19	7.90	Massachusetts	19	2.96
New Hampshire	20	7.88	Iowa	20	2.95
Connecticut	21	7.62	New Hampshire	21	2.72
South Dakota	22	7.58	Connecticut	22	2.71
Vermont	23	7.41	Maine	23	2.68
Oklahoma	24	7.32	Michigan	24	2.54
Maine	25	7.31	New Jersey	25	2.35
Alaska	26	7.26	Alaska	26	2.31
Kentucky	27	6.66	District of Columbia	27	2.19
Arizona	28	6.59	California	28	2.16
New York	29	6.57	North Carolina	29	2.13
Nevada	30	6.24	New York	30	2.12
New Mexico	31	6.23	Kentucky	31	2.09
District of Columbia	32	6.19	Oklahoma	32	2.07
Montana	33	6.04	Nevada	33	2.05
New Jersey	34	5.98	Montana	34	2.02
Delaware	35	5.83	North Dakota	35	1.96
Rhode Island	36	5.72	South Carolina	36	1.87
Arkansas	37	5.29	Delaware	37	1.86
California	38	5.27	Texas	38	1.84
North Dakota	39	5.25	Pennsylvania	39	1.79
South Carolina	40	5.14	Arizona	40	1.78
Pennsylvania	41	4.99	New Mexico	40	1.78
Florida	42	4.89	Rhode Island	42	1.75
North Carolina	43	4.85	Hawaii	43	1.65
Texas	44	4.59	Florida	44	1.56
Louisiana	45	4.58	Georgia	45	1.52
Alabama	46	4.31	Arkansas	46	1.48
Tennessee	47	4.16	Alabama	47	1.46
Hawaii	48	4.13	Tennessee	48	1.45
West Virginia	49	3.51	West Virginia	49	1.10
Georgia	50	3.37	Louisiana	50	1.01
Mississippi	51	2.42	Mississippi	51	0.78

† Not applicable.

¹The data element definition for total circulation (TOTCIR) changed in FY 2016. Missing data for changed data elements are not imputed until data have been collected systematically for at least three years; therefore, missing data were not imputed in FY 2017.

²Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTCIR, KIDCIRCL, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 33. Number of public-access Internet computers per 5,000 population and per stationary outlet, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Public-access Internet computers					
State	Ranking	Per 5,000 population ¹	State	Ranking	Per stationary outlet
Total ²	†	4.80	Total ²	†	18.13
Vermont	1	9.44	District of Columbia	1	38.46
Nebraska	2	9.23	Arizona	2	33.32
Iowa	3	8.24	Delaware	3	32.69
Maine	4	7.93	Florida	4	31.54
Wyoming	5	7.80	Maryland	5	27.32
Kansas	6	7.31	Texas	6	25.16
District of Columbia	7	7.20	Kentucky	7	24.61
South Dakota	8	7.10	Colorado	8	24.57
Alaska	9	7.01	Georgia	9	24.07
Rhode Island	10	7.00	South Carolina	10	22.03
Idaho	11	6.94	Virginia	11	21.55
Indiana	12	6.88	California	12	20.90
Illinois	13	6.76	Rhode Island	13	20.85
Montana	14	6.55	Illinois	14	20.20
Connecticut	15	6.33	Washington	15	20.10
Ohio	16	6.21	Ohio	16	19.98
Michigan	17	6.20	Tennessee	17	19.89
Louisiana	18	6.06	Indiana	18	19.74
Colorado	19	5.88	New York	19	19.66
New Mexico	20	5.84	New Jersey	20	19.62
New Hampshire	21	5.75	North Carolina	21	19.57
Kentucky	22	5.63	Michigan	22	18.98
North Dakota	23	5.59	Connecticut	23	18.73
Delaware	24	5.49	Utah	24	17.81
Alabama	25	5.46	Alabama	25	17.40
Wisconsin	25	5.46	Louisiana	26	16.95
New York	27	5.41	Nevada	27	16.37
Arkansas	28	5.32	Minnesota	28	16.03
Arizona	29	5.29	New Mexico	29	15.20
Minnesota	30	5.16	Oklahoma	30	15.00
Oklahoma	31	4.97	Massachusetts	31	14.35
Massachusetts	32	4.86	Oregon	32	13.84
Washington	32	4.86	Wisconsin	33	13.75
New Jersey	34	4.85	Missouri	34	13.47
Mississippi	35	4.69	Idaho	35	13.44
Virginia	36	4.65	Pennsylvania	36	13.09
South Carolina	37	4.59	Wyoming	37	12.01
Georgia	38	4.54	Arkansas	38	11.96
Missouri	39	4.47	Mississippi	39	11.79
Maryland	40	4.38	Alaska	40	11.74
Tennessee	41	4.36	Nebraska	41	11.41
Texas	42	4.25	Hawaii	42	11.28
Oregon	43	4.24	Montana	43	11.07
Florida	44	4.11	Kansas	44	10.05
North Carolina	45	3.75	North Dakota	45	9.44
Utah	46	3.73	Iowa	46	9.05
West Virginia	46	3.73	West Virginia	47	8.04
Pennsylvania	48	3.27	South Dakota	48	7.93
California	49	2.97	Maine	49	7.92
Nevada	50	2.33	New Hampshire	50	6.73
Hawaii	51	1.97	Vermont	51	6.66

† Not applicable.

¹Per 5,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements GPTERMS, POPU_UND, CENTLIB, BRANLIB from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 34. Number of public-access Internet computer user sessions per capita and per computer, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Public-access Internet computer user sessions					
State	Ranking	Per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Per computer
Total ²	†	0.83	Total ²	†	859.27
District of Columbia	1	1.31	Nevada	1	1,931.85
Ohio	1	1.31	Hawaii	2	1,454.31
South Dakota	3	1.28	Georgia	3	1,278.13
Colorado	4	1.19	California	4	1,158.84
Montana	5	1.17	Utah	5	1,092.48
New Mexico	5	1.17	Maryland	6	1,080.59
Georgia	7	1.16	Washington	7	1,068.65
Connecticut	8	1.15	Ohio	8	1,057.75
Nebraska	9	1.14	Oklahoma	9	1,055.11
Wyoming	10	1.13	Oregon	10	1,041.86
Idaho	11	1.12	Colorado	11	1,012.11
Louisiana	12	1.05	New Mexico	12	1,001.84
Oklahoma	12	1.05	Missouri	13	1,000.22
Washington	14	1.04	New Jersey	14	965.14
Kansas	15	1.02	Connecticut	15	911.76
Illinois	16	0.99	District of Columbia	16	905.95
Indiana	16	0.99	South Dakota	17	904.64
Vermont	18	0.96	Virginia	18	890.94
Kentucky	19	0.95	Montana	19	890.85
Maryland	19	0.95	Massachusetts	20	875.82
Alaska	21	0.94	Louisiana	21	870.36
New Jersey	21	0.94	New York	22	843.97
Rhode Island	23	0.92	Kentucky	23	843.77
Iowa	24	0.91	South Carolina	24	820.88
New York	24	0.91	Idaho	25	804.12
Michigan	26	0.90	Tennessee	26	793.63
Nevada	26	0.90	Minnesota	27	789.71
Missouri	28	0.89	Mississippi	28	785.75
Oregon	29	0.88	North Carolina	29	780.28
Massachusetts	30	0.85	Wisconsin	30	763.02
Virginia	31	0.83	Arizona	31	757.38
Wisconsin	31	0.83	Pennsylvania	32	747.21
Minnesota	33	0.82	Florida	33	745.25
Utah	33	0.82	Alabama	34	739.12
Alabama	35	0.81	Illinois	35	733.74
Arizona	36	0.80	Michigan	36	724.36
Maine	37	0.79	Wyoming	37	723.50
South Carolina	38	0.75	Indiana	38	719.40
Mississippi	39	0.74	Kansas	39	698.22
North Dakota	40	0.72	Alaska	40	668.05
California	41	0.69	Rhode Island	41	656.95
Tennessee	41	0.69	North Dakota	42	647.61
Florida	43	0.61	Texas	43	633.52
Delaware	44	0.60	Nebraska	44	615.06
Arkansas	45	0.58	West Virginia	45	591.42
North Carolina	45	0.58	Iowa	46	553.10
Hawaii	47	0.57	Delaware	47	544.42
New Hampshire	48	0.54	Arkansas	48	543.20
Texas	48	0.54	Vermont	49	511.02
Pennsylvania	50	0.49	Maine	50	497.66
West Virginia	51	0.44	New Hampshire	51	466.82

† Not applicable.

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements GPTERMS, PITUSR, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 35. Number of print materials and e-books of public libraries per capita, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Print materials ¹			E-books		
State	Ranking	Per capita ²	State	Ranking	Per capita ²
Total ³	†	2.29	Total ³	†	1.48
Maine	1	5.14	Kansas	1	13.14
Vermont	2	4.80	Wisconsin	2	10.88
Massachusetts	3	4.39	Ohio	3	7.07
New Hampshire	4	4.29	Iowa	4	4.75
Connecticut	5	3.98	New Hampshire	5	3.59
Wyoming	6	3.84	Tennessee	6	3.27
Iowa	7	3.83	Kentucky	7	2.92
New York	8	3.52	Nebraska	8	2.82
South Dakota	8	3.52	Massachusetts	9	2.72
Indiana	10	3.51	Rhode Island	10	2.45
Kansas	10	3.51	Pennsylvania	11	2.13
Nebraska	12	3.49	West Virginia	12	2.05
Ohio	13	3.44	Oregon	13	1.99
Illinois	14	3.41	Illinois	14	1.86
Rhode Island	15	3.27	Maine	15	1.80
Alaska	16	3.23	Alaska	16	1.64
North Dakota	17	3.20	South Dakota	17	1.58
Wisconsin	18	3.13	New York	18	1.47
New Jersey	19	3.03	Montana	19	1.45
Idaho	20	2.97	Indiana	20	1.42
Missouri	21	2.87	North Dakota	21	1.29
Michigan	22	2.85	Virginia	22	1.18
New Mexico	23	2.73	Oklahoma	23	1.07
West Virginia	24	2.67	Alabama	24	0.96
Montana	25	2.53	Minnesota	25	0.95
Louisiana	26	2.51	Michigan	26	0.85
Oregon	26	2.51	Wyoming	27	0.82
Minnesota	28	2.50	Missouri	28	0.75
Arkansas	29	2.31	New Jersey	29	0.72
Utah	30	2.15	Louisiana	30	0.68
Hawaii	31	2.05	Arizona	31	0.63
Kentucky	32	2.01	North Carolina	31	0.63
Oklahoma	33	1.99	Connecticut	33	0.60
Virginia	34	1.96	Utah	34	0.55
Pennsylvania	35	1.95	Arkansas	35	0.54
Alabama	36	1.90	Washington	36	0.53
South Carolina	37	1.87	Colorado	37	0.52
Mississippi	38	1.85	Delaware	37	0.52
Maryland	39	1.81	New Mexico	39	0.46
Washington	40	1.76	Texas	40	0.40
Colorado	41	1.75	Vermont	41	0.39
Tennessee	42	1.74	South Carolina	42	0.37
California	43	1.57	Idaho	43	0.36
Georgia	44	1.54	California	44	0.34
North Carolina	45	1.53	Maryland	45	0.26
Delaware	46	1.51	Florida	46	0.25
District of Columbia	46	1.51	Nevada	47	0.22
Texas	48	1.50	Mississippi	48	0.21
Florida	49	1.38	Georgia	49	0.07
Nevada	50	1.33	Hawaii	50	0.06
Arizona	51	1.10	District of Columbia	51	0.04

† Not applicable.

¹These materials include books in print. The data element definition for print materials (BKVOL) changed in FY 2016. Missing data for changed data elements are not imputed until data have been collected systematically for at least three years; therefore, missing data were not imputed in FY 2017. Print materials per capita excludes records with missing data.

²Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

³Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements BKVOL, EBOOK, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 36. Number of audio physical and downloadable materials of public libraries per capita, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Audio physical materials			Audio downloadable materials		
State	Ranking	Per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Per capita ¹
Total ²	†	0.14	Total ²	†	0.83
Ohio	1	0.29	West Virginia	1	7.68
Wyoming	2	0.27	Pennsylvania	2	3.78
Wisconsin	3	0.26	Wisconsin	3	3.20
Illinois	4	0.24	Kansas	4	3.08
Indiana	4	0.24	New Hampshire	5	2.93
Connecticut	6	0.23	Ohio	5	2.93
Massachusetts	6	0.23	Iowa	7	2.20
Vermont	8	0.22	Nebraska	8	1.57
Iowa	9	0.21	Tennessee	9	1.46
Maine	9	0.21	Alaska	10	1.28
New Hampshire	9	0.21	Oregon	11	1.22
Kansas	12	0.20	North Dakota	12	1.17
Michigan	12	0.20	Maine	13	1.07
Utah	12	0.20	Montana	14	0.98
Alaska	15	0.18	Florida	15	0.90
New Jersey	15	0.18	Rhode Island	16	0.83
New York	15	0.18	Massachusetts	17	0.77
Oregon	15	0.18	Illinois	18	0.67
Missouri	19	0.17	Arizona	19	0.65
Pennsylvania	19	0.17	Kentucky	19	0.65
Idaho	21	0.16	South Dakota	19	0.65
South Dakota	21	0.16	Virginia	22	0.63
Colorado	23	0.15	Arkansas	23	0.56
Maryland	23	0.15	Utah	24	0.55
Minnesota	23	0.15	Michigan	25	0.49
Nebraska	23	0.15	New Jersey	25	0.49
Washington	23	0.15	Indiana	27	0.48
New Mexico	28	0.14	Wyoming	28	0.45
Rhode Island	28	0.14	California	29	0.44
North Dakota	30	0.13	Colorado	30	0.42
Delaware	31	0.12	Alabama	31	0.34
Kentucky	31	0.12	Louisiana	31	0.34
Montana	31	0.12	South Carolina	33	0.33
Oklahoma	34	0.11	Connecticut	34	0.32
Virginia	34	0.11	New York	35	0.31
West Virginia	34	0.11	New Mexico	36	0.28
Arkansas	37	0.10	Nevada	37	0.27
Louisiana	37	0.10	Missouri	38	0.24
Nevada	37	0.10	Oklahoma	38	0.24
Alabama	40	0.09	Idaho	40	0.23
Florida	40	0.09	Texas	41	0.22
South Carolina	40	0.09	Vermont	42	0.20
Tennessee	40	0.09	Maryland	43	0.19
Arizona	44	0.08	Washington	43	0.19
California	44	0.08	Minnesota	45	0.16
Hawaii	44	0.08	Delaware	46	0.13
Texas	44	0.08	North Carolina	47	0.10
Mississippi	48	0.07	Georgia	48	0.03
North Carolina	48	0.07	Mississippi	48	0.03
Georgia	50	0.05	District of Columbia	50	0.02
District of Columbia	51	0.03	Hawaii	50	0.02

† Not applicable.

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.

²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.

NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements AUDIO_PH, AUDIO_DL, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 37. Number of video physical and downloadable materials of public libraries per capita, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Video physical materials			Video downloadable materials		
State	Ranking	Per capita ¹	State	Ranking	Per capita ¹
Total ²	†	0.21	Total ²	†	0.05
Ohio	1	0.48	Ohio	1	0.34
Alaska	2	0.43	Pennsylvania	2	0.27
Kansas	3	0.39	New Jersey	3	0.12
Wyoming	4	0.38	West Virginia	3	0.12
New Hampshire	5	0.37	Tennessee	5	0.09
Wisconsin	5	0.37	Wisconsin	5	0.09
Indiana	7	0.36	Massachusetts	7	0.08
Iowa	7	0.36	Kentucky	8	0.06
Maine	7	0.36	Maine	8	0.06
Vermont	7	0.36	Michigan	10	0.05
Connecticut	11	0.34	North Dakota	10	0.05
Illinois	12	0.31	Arizona	12	0.04
Massachusetts	12	0.31	Colorado	12	0.04
Delaware	14	0.27	Illinois	12	0.04
Michigan	14	0.27	Indiana	12	0.04
New Jersey	14	0.27	Louisiana	12	0.04
New York	14	0.27	New Hampshire	12	0.04
Oregon	14	0.27	New Mexico	12	0.04
Colorado	19	0.26	Utah	12	0.04
Louisiana	19	0.26	Virginia	12	0.04
Idaho	21	0.25	Arkansas	21	0.03
Rhode Island	21	0.25	Missouri	21	0.03
Nebraska	23	0.24	Oregon	21	0.03
New Mexico	23	0.24	Rhode Island	21	0.03
Missouri	25	0.23	Wyoming	21	0.03
Montana	26	0.22	Alabama	26	0.02
Utah	26	0.22	Alaska	26	0.02
Kentucky	28	0.21	California	26	0.02
Washington	28	0.21	Delaware	26	0.02
Arkansas	30	0.20	Florida	26	0.02
Minnesota	30	0.20	Kansas	26	0.02
Nevada	30	0.20	Maryland	26	0.02
South Dakota	30	0.20	Nevada	26	0.02
North Dakota	34	0.19	North Carolina	26	0.02
West Virginia	34	0.19	Oklahoma	26	0.02
Maryland	36	0.18	South Carolina	26	0.02
Oklahoma	36	0.18	Texas	26	0.02
Florida	38	0.17	Washington	26	0.02
Pennsylvania	39	0.16	Connecticut	39	0.01
South Carolina	39	0.16	Georgia	39	0.01
Virginia	39	0.16	Iowa	39	0.01
Alabama	42	0.15	Mississippi	39	0.01
Arizona	42	0.15	Montana	39	0.01
California	44	0.13	Nebraska	39	0.01
Mississippi	44	0.13	New York	39	0.01
District of Columbia	46	0.12	South Dakota	39	0.01
Hawaii	46	0.12	District of Columbia	47	0.00
Tennessee	46	0.12	Hawaii	47	0.00
Texas	46	0.12	Idaho	47	0.00
Georgia	50	0.10	Minnesota	47	0.00
North Carolina	51	0.08	Vermont	47	0.00

† Not applicable.

¹Per capita is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements VIDEO_PH, VIDEO_DL, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 38. Total programs offered and total program attendance per 1,000 population, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Total programs offered			Total program attendance		
State	Ranking	Per 1,000 population ¹	State	Ranking	Per 1,000 population ¹
Total ²	†	17.30	Total ²	†	378.69
Vermont	1	50.13	Vermont	1	759.71
New Hampshire	2	41.06	Idaho	2	679.13
Maine	3	40.41	Wyoming	3	642.91
New York	4	33.07	Utah	4	642.04
Connecticut	5	31.72	Iowa	5	632.10
Iowa	6	30.68	Connecticut	6	626.34
Wyoming	7	30.42	New Hampshire	7	619.65
Rhode Island	8	28.56	Maine	8	606.32
Idaho	9	27.02	Ohio	9	592.52
Kansas	10	25.91	Kentucky	10	579.20
Ohio	11	25.52	New York	11	573.94
Indiana	12	24.19	Indiana	12	563.08
New Jersey	13	23.64	Nebraska	13	546.33
Massachusetts	14	23.57	Kansas	14	540.90
Kentucky	15	23.16	Colorado	15	522.94
Colorado	16	22.78	District of Columbia	16	520.60
Nebraska	17	22.41	Oregon	17	483.06
South Dakota	18	20.99	Rhode Island	18	476.14
Oregon	19	20.37	Missouri	19	467.30
Delaware	20	20.27	Wisconsin	20	465.06
Illinois	21	20.01	Illinois	21	444.95
Alaska	22	19.87	Massachusetts	22	444.54
Wisconsin	22	19.87	Louisiana	23	436.60
Louisiana	24	19.68	Arkansas	24	429.88
Pennsylvania	25	19.63	New Jersey	25	417.54
Missouri	26	19.59	Alaska	26	403.30
Montana	26	19.59	South Dakota	27	403.02
District of Columbia	28	18.30	Maryland	28	402.91
Arkansas	29	17.45	Oklahoma	29	389.77
New Mexico	30	16.17	Pennsylvania	30	384.38
Michigan	31	15.92	Michigan	31	368.96
West Virginia	32	14.93	Delaware	32	363.94
Maryland	33	14.91	Montana	33	358.58
Virginia	34	14.50	Virginia	34	345.32
North Carolina	35	14.47	Washington	35	334.87
Washington	36	14.35	North Dakota	36	332.86
Oklahoma	37	13.99	New Mexico	37	328.85
North Dakota	38	13.94	North Carolina	38	299.31
Utah	39	13.86	Minnesota	39	296.78
South Carolina	40	13.08	South Carolina	40	276.08
Minnesota	41	12.62	Alabama	41	275.31
Arizona	42	12.22	Texas	42	272.84
Florida	43	12.10	Georgia	43	272.01
Texas	44	11.64	West Virginia	44	260.94
Tennessee	45	11.34	California	45	259.44
Nevada	46	11.25	Florida	46	250.46
Alabama	47	11.10	Tennessee	47	247.08
California	48	10.24	Arizona	48	245.25
Georgia	49	9.33	Mississippi	49	238.02
Mississippi	50	9.26	Nevada	50	228.83
Hawaii	51	7.83	Hawaii	51	202.82

† Not applicable.

¹Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTPRO, TOTATTEN, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 39. Number of children's programs offered and children's program attendance per 1,000 population, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Children's programs offered			Children's program attendance		
State	Ranking	Per 1,000 population ¹	State	Ranking	Per 1,000 population ¹
Total ²	†	9.49	Total ²	†	252.98
Vermont	1	28.53	Idaho	1	510.12
New Hampshire	2	22.53	Vermont	2	494.62
Maine	3	21.76	Wyoming	3	490.80
Wyoming	4	20.94	Iowa	4	484.39
Iowa	5	19.62	Ohio	5	436.72
Idaho	6	17.61	Nebraska	6	427.35
Connecticut	7	16.79	Kansas	7	394.48
Kansas	8	16.68	New Hampshire	8	393.63
Ohio	9	16.23	District of Columbia	9	390.26
South Dakota	10	14.96	Connecticut	10	383.84
Nebraska	11	14.63	Oregon	11	381.15
Colorado	12	14.39	Colorado	12	374.60
Oregon	13	13.99	Indiana	13	362.69
New York	14	13.94	Maine	14	352.42
Indiana	15	13.83	Missouri	15	340.10
Rhode Island	16	12.85	Wisconsin	16	336.91
Alaska	17	12.78	South Dakota	17	318.31
Massachusetts	18	12.36	Utah	18	306.84
Wisconsin	19	11.90	Illinois	19	306.36
Kentucky	20	11.88	Maryland	20	301.97
Illinois	21	11.81	New York	21	297.33
Pennsylvania	22	11.62	Massachusetts	22	295.41
New Jersey	23	11.44	Alaska	23	292.80
Montana	24	11.41	Kentucky	24	287.88
District of Columbia	25	11.29	Pennsylvania	25	266.76
Missouri	26	10.81	Oklahoma	26	265.78
Louisiana	27	10.26	Arkansas	27	254.01
Arkansas	28	9.91	New Jersey	28	248.61
New Mexico	29	9.69	Louisiana	29	248.42
West Virginia	30	9.51	North Dakota	30	247.17
Maryland	31	9.39	Washington	31	245.37
North Carolina	31	9.39	Michigan	32	238.99
North Dakota	33	9.16	North Carolina	33	237.15
Washington	34	9.09	Virginia	34	232.27
Utah	35	8.63	New Mexico	35	230.71
Delaware	36	8.41	Montana	36	229.17
Virginia	37	8.34	Minnesota	37	222.13
Michigan	38	8.26	Rhode Island	38	218.86
Minnesota	39	7.75	Delaware	39	211.68
Oklahoma	40	7.17	California	40	194.60
Arizona	41	6.32	Texas	41	193.95
California	42	6.13	West Virginia	42	193.70
Texas	43	6.12	South Carolina	43	186.76
South Carolina	44	6.10	Georgia	44	180.01
Hawaii	45	5.65	Alabama	45	174.65
Tennessee	46	5.55	Tennessee	46	170.67
Alabama	47	5.43	Arizona	47	164.06
Florida	48	5.31	Mississippi	48	151.02
Nevada	49	5.27	Hawaii	49	150.79
Mississippi	50	4.93	Florida	50	147.37
Georgia	51	4.70	Nevada	51	135.77

† Not applicable.

¹Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements KIDPRO, KIDATTEN, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 40. Number of young adults' programs offered and young adults' program attendance per 1,000 population, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Young adults' programs offered			Young adults' program attendance		
State	Ranking	Per 1,000 population ¹	State	Ranking	Per 1,000 population ¹
Total ²	†	1.69	Total ²	†	26.12
New York	1	3.47	Louisiana	1	50.18
Vermont	2	3.35	New York	2	46.50
Wyoming	3	3.30	Ohio	3	46.16
Maine	4	3.18	Kansas	4	43.14
Kansas	5	3.13	Arkansas	5	42.71
Rhode Island	6	3.06	Wyoming	6	42.38
Louisiana	7	2.88	Maine	7	38.51
Arkansas	8	2.76	Indiana	8	37.72
Iowa	9	2.65	Vermont	9	37.45
Connecticut	10	2.61	Iowa	10	37.09
Ohio	11	2.55	Kentucky	11	36.87
New Hampshire	12	2.48	Idaho	12	36.86
Idaho	13	2.40	Maryland	13	35.59
New Mexico	14	2.39	Delaware	14	33.95
Nebraska	15	2.36	Nebraska	15	33.66
Indiana	16	2.34	Rhode Island	16	33.33
Alaska	17	2.25	Oklahoma	17	31.61
Massachusetts	18	2.24	Connecticut	18	31.58
New Jersey	19	2.21	Illinois	19	31.19
Illinois	20	2.09	Alaska	20	31.12
South Dakota	20	2.09	South Dakota	21	30.52
Delaware	22	2.08	Hawaii	22	30.27
Montana	23	2.07	North Dakota	23	29.85
Oregon	24	2.06	Utah	24	29.27
Nevada	25	2.03	Colorado	25	28.95
Kentucky	26	1.99	Oregon	26	28.39
Colorado	27	1.98	New Jersey	27	28.35
Oklahoma	28	1.92	Washington	28	27.77
Tennessee	29	1.87	Massachusetts	29	26.34
Pennsylvania	30	1.75	South Carolina	30	25.98
North Dakota	31	1.70	New Hampshire	31	25.52
Utah	32	1.55	Alabama	32	25.17
West Virginia	33	1.54	Missouri	33	25.09
Wisconsin	34	1.53	Tennessee	34	24.15
Michigan	35	1.45	Michigan	35	23.42
Alabama	36	1.44	Pennsylvania	36	23.33
Maryland	37	1.41	Wisconsin	37	23.32
Arizona	38	1.36	Virginia	38	22.05
Missouri	39	1.35	New Mexico	39	21.97
Minnesota	40	1.31	Georgia	40	21.88
Washington	41	1.27	Montana	41	20.07
North Carolina	42	1.18	Arizona	42	19.99
Texas	43	1.11	West Virginia	43	19.53
Virginia	43	1.11	Nevada	44	19.19
Florida	45	1.07	Texas	45	18.08
South Carolina	46	1.05	Florida	46	17.51
Hawaii	47	1.04	Minnesota	47	17.29
California	48	1.03	California	48	15.41
District of Columbia	49	1.00	North Carolina	49	15.04
Georgia	50	0.78	Mississippi	50	13.30
Mississippi	51	0.74	District of Columbia	51	12.85

† Not applicable.

¹Per 1,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.²Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements YAPRO, YAATTEN, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

Table 41. Number of total paid full-time-equivalent (FTE) staff and paid FTE librarians of public libraries per 25,000 population and percentage of total FTE librarians with ALA-MLS degrees, by state ranking: Fiscal year 2017

Total paid FTE staff ¹			Paid FTE librarians			Percentage of total FTE librarians with ALA-MLS ²		
State	Ranking	Per 25,000 population ³	State	Ranking	Per 25,000 population ³	State	Ranking	Percentage
Total ⁴	†	11.36	Total ⁴	†	3.96	Total ⁴	†	67.82
Ohio	1	19.79	Vermont	1	9.41	District of Columbia	1	100.00
Illinois	2	18.69	New Hampshire	2	9.28	Georgia	1	100.00
District of Columbia	3	18.30	Iowa	3	8.27	Hawaii	3	98.84
Indiana	4	18.29	Connecticut	4	7.83	New Jersey	4	96.36
Wyoming	5	18.15	Maine	5	7.79	California	5	93.31
Kansas	6	17.38	Kansas	6	7.28	North Carolina	6	90.60
New York	7	16.54	Oklahoma	7	7.25	Washington	7	90.28
Connecticut	8	16.32	Kentucky	8	7.14	Rhode Island	8	89.53
New Hampshire	9	15.89	Massachusetts	9	7.03	Virginia	9	88.99
Vermont	10	15.56	Illinois	10	7.01	Florida	10	86.81
Rhode Island	11	15.25	Wyoming	11	6.70	Oregon	11	82.92
Colorado	12	14.92	Louisiana	12	6.49	Nevada	12	82.90
Maine	13	14.89	Nebraska	13	6.25	New York	13	82.74
Louisiana	14	14.56	Indiana	14	6.18	South Carolina	14	81.37
Idaho	15	14.54	Rhode Island	15	5.94	Arizona	15	80.89
Missouri	16	14.40	Ohio	16	5.89	Pennsylvania	16	79.46
Iowa	17	14.32	New York	17	5.72	Ohio	17	72.88
Maryland	18	14.29	South Dakota	18	5.57	Colorado	18	71.65
Massachusetts	19	14.17	Maryland	19	5.43	Michigan	19	70.98
Washington	20	13.64	Mississippi	20	5.35	Connecticut	20	68.86
Oklahoma	21	13.46	Wisconsin	21	5.20	Massachusetts	21	68.70
Oregon	22	13.34	District of Columbia	22	5.12	Illinois	22	68.41
Kentucky	23	13.27	North Dakota	23	4.73	Texas	23	67.97
Wisconsin	24	13.23	West Virginia	24	4.69	Indiana	24	66.54
New Jersey	25	13.12	Michigan	25	4.59	Minnesota	25	65.30
Nebraska	26	12.69	New Mexico	26	4.58	Wisconsin	26	61.47
Virginia	27	12.52	Colorado	27	4.48	Utah	27	60.99
Michigan	28	12.31	Montana	28	4.32	Alaska	28	54.29
Alaska	29	11.61	Alabama	29	4.06	Delaware	29	52.84
New Mexico	30	11.30	Alaska	29	4.06	Maryland	30	50.36
South Dakota	31	11.20	New Jersey	31	4.01	New Hampshire	31	49.88
Utah	32	10.75	Idaho	32	3.96	Tennessee	32	49.24
South Carolina	33	10.49	Minnesota	33	3.86	Idaho	33	47.18
Arkansas	34	10.39	Oregon	34	3.85	Arkansas	34	47.00
Minnesota	35	10.10	Missouri	35	3.76	New Mexico	35	45.77
Hawaii	36	9.77	Utah	36	3.30	Alabama	36	43.95
Pennsylvania	37	9.39	Virginia	37	3.21	Maine	37	43.85
Montana	38	9.31	South Carolina	38	3.16	Kansas	38	39.03
Alabama	39	9.17	Washington	39	3.12	Missouri	39	38.34
North Dakota	40	8.92	Arkansas	40	3.10	Louisiana	40	38.29
Delaware	41	8.83	Hawaii	41	3.03	North Dakota	41	36.02
West Virginia	42	8.63	Delaware	42	2.98	Wyoming	42	35.97
Florida	43	7.75	Pennsylvania	42	2.98	Montana	43	34.69
Arizona	44	7.69	Texas	44	2.47	Vermont	44	34.34
California	45	7.63	Florida	45	2.41	Nebraska	45	30.77
Tennessee	46	7.57	Tennessee	46	2.28	Iowa	46	29.74
North Carolina	47	7.53	California	47	2.16	Kentucky	47	29.36
Mississippi	48	7.39	North Carolina	48	2.09	Oklahoma	48	29.09
Nevada	49	6.92	Arizona	49	2.06	South Dakota	49	26.27
Texas	50	6.75	Nevada	50	1.89	West Virginia	50	25.23
Georgia	51	6.43	Georgia	51	1.45	Mississippi	51	17.28

† Not applicable.

¹Paid staff were reported in FTEs. To ensure comparable data, 40 hours was set as the measure of full-time employment (for example, 60 hours per week of part-time work by employees in a staff category divided by the 40-hour measure equals 1.50 FTEs). FTE data were reported to two decimal places but rounded to one decimal place in the table.²ALA-MLS: A Master's degree from a graduate library education program accredited by the American Library Association (ALA). Librarians with an ALA-MLS are also included in total librarians.³Per 25,000 population is based on the total unduplicated population of legal service areas. The determination of the unduplicated figure is the responsibility of the state library agency and should be based on the most recent state population figures for jurisdictions in the state.⁴Total includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia but excludes outlying areas, libraries that closed or temporarily closed in FY 2017, and libraries that do not meet the FSCS Public Library Definition.NOTE: The District of Columbia, although not a state, is included in the state rankings. Special care should be used in comparing its data to state data. Caution should be used in making comparisons with the state of Hawaii, as Hawaii reports only one public library for the entire state. Although the data in this table come from a census of all public libraries and are not subject to sampling error, the census results may contain nonsampling error. Additional information on nonsampling error, response rates, and definitions may be found in *Data File Documentation Public Libraries Survey: Fiscal Year 2017*.

SOURCE: IMLS, Public Libraries Survey, FY 2017. Data elements TOTSTAFF, LIBRARIA, MASTER, POPU_UND from the Public Library System Data File (PLS_FY2017_AE_pupld17a) were used to produce this table.

